

SECOND YEAR HIGHER SECONDARY EXAMINATIONS SAMLE QUESTION PAPER
Economics

Reg. No.:
Name:

Marks : 80
Time : 2 ½ hrs.
Cool of Time: 15 Mint.

General instructions to Candidates

- There is a 'Cool Off Time' of 15 minutes in addition to the writing time
- Use the 'Cool Off Time ' to get familiar with questions and to plan your answers
- Read questions carefully before answering
- Read the instructions carefully
- Calculations, figures and graphs should be shown in the answer sheet it self
- Malayalam version wherever necessary
- Electronic device except non-programmable calculators are not allowed in the Examination Hall

വിദ്യാർത്ഥികൾക്കുള്ള പൊതു നിർദ്ദേശങ്ങൾ

- എഴുതുന്ന സമയത്തിന് പുറമെ 15 മിനിറ്റിന്റെ കൂൾ ഓഫ് സമയം ഉണ്ട്
- ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ പരിചയപ്പെടാനും നിങ്ങളുടെ ഉത്തരങ്ങൾ ആസൂത്രണം ചെയ്യാനും കൂൾ ഓഫ് സമയം ഉപയോഗിക്കുക
- ഉത്തരം നൽകുന്നതിന് മുൻപ് ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ ശ്രദ്ധാപൂർവ്വം വായിക്കുക
- നിർദ്ദേശങ്ങൾ ശ്രദ്ധാപൂർവ്വം വായിക്കുക
- കണക്കുകൾ ഗ്രാഫുകൾ എന്നിവ ഉത്തരക്കടലാസിൽ തന്നെ കാണിക്കണം
- ചോദ്യങ്ങളുടെ മലയാളം പതിപ്പും നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ട്
- ആവശ്യമുള്ളൊരുത്തല്ലാം സമവാക്യങ്ങൾ നൽകുക
- പ്രോഗ്രാമബിൾ അല്ലാത്ത കാൽക്കുലേറ്ററുകൾ ഒഴികെയുള്ള ഇലട്രോണിക് ഉപകരണങ്ങൾ പരീക്ഷാ ഹാളിൽ അനുവദനീയമല്ല

I. Answer any 8 Questions from 1 to 10 Each Carry 1 Score

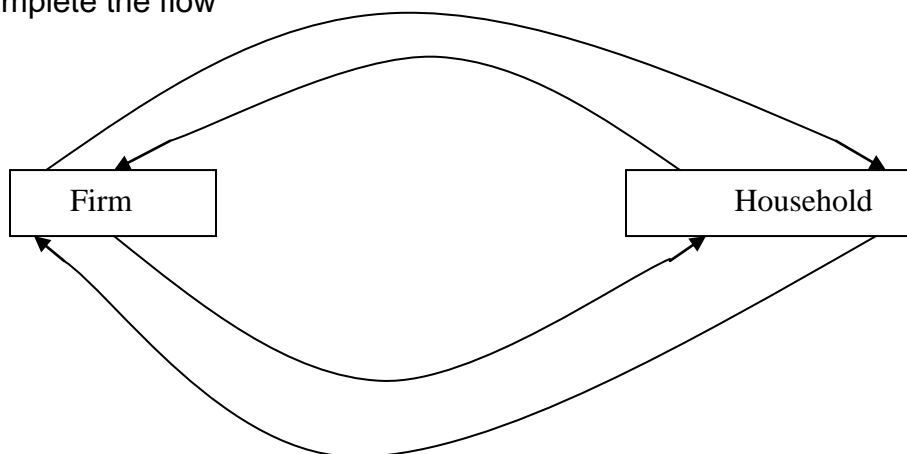
(8X1=8)

1. Father of modern Macro Economics
a) J. B. Say b) Adam Smith c) J.M Keynes d) Alfred Marshall
2. Wealth of Nation was written by
a) J M Keynes b) Ricardo c) Adam Smith d) Marshall
3. The desire of people to hold money
a) Liquidity b) Hypowered money c) Multiplier d) Demand for money
4. General theory of employment, Interest and Money published in the year
a) 1921 b) 1963 c) 1936 d) 1930
5. It is the next best alternative that has been forgone
a) Opportunity cost b) Cost of transportation c) Cost of substitution d) Cost of Energy
6. The power of a commodity to satisfy human wants is called
a) MU b) Utility c) Cardinal Utility d) Ordinary ...
7. TP is maximum when MP become
a) Zero b) Maximum c) Negative d) Positive
8. is the situation in which demand is higher than supply
a) Excess demand b) Equilibrium c) Excess supply d) Effective demand
9. $1 - MPC =$
a) MPS b) APC c) MPS d) Multi pin
10. Is the annual financial statement of the Government
a) Budget b) BOP c) BOT d) Current Account

II. Answer any 4 Questions from 11 to 15 Each Carry 2 Score

(4X2 =8)

11. What are the four sector of the Economy
12. Write the condition of profit maximization under perfect completion
13. Distinguish between stock and flow
14. Nominal GDP = ₹ 5000/- .Real GDP=₹ 4000 calculate GDP deflator
15. Complete the flow



III. Answer any 4 Questions from 16 to 20 Each Carry 3 Score (4X3 =12)

- 16. Explain emergence of Macro Economics
- 17. The price of petrol increases from ₹ 50 to ₹ 60 and demand decreases from 120 liters to 100 liters calculate price elasticity
- 18. $M_1 = cu + DD$
 $M_2 = M_1 + \text{Post Office saving deposit}$
 $M_3 = \dots\dots\dots$
 $M_4 = \dots\dots\dots$
Define broad money and narrow money
- 19. Explain the features of perfect competitor
- 20. Explain the objectives of Government budget

IV. Answer any 4 Questions from 21 to 25 Each Carry 4 Score (4X 4=16)

- 21. What are the factors determining the demand of a commodity
- 22. How exchange rate is determined under flexible exchange rate system
- 23. Compute the TR, MR and AR in the following table. Market price of each unit of the good is ₹ 10

Quantity Sold	TR	MR	AR
0			
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			

- 24. Can we consider DGP as an index of welfare ? substantiate
- 25. Diagrammatically explain determination of income and output in a two sector model

V. Answer any 4 Questions from 26 to 30 Each Carry 5 Score (4X 5=20)

- 26. Write the difference between price ceiling and price floor with the help of diagram
- 27. Explain the law of variable proportion

- 28. Revenue receipt to - 245105
- Capital receipts - 165204
- Revenue expenditure - 340452
- Capital expenditure - 69827
- Total expenditure - 410309

Calculate fiscal and primary deficit explain the terms briefly

29. What are the instruments used by RBI to control money supply in an economy

30. Explain 3 types of linkages in an Open Account

VI. Answer any 2 Questions from 31 to 33 Each Carry 8 Score (2X 8=16)

31. Explain methods of measuring National Income

32. What are the features of indifference curve? Explain consumer equilibrium with the help of a diagram

33. Complete the following table

Product	TC	TFC	TVC	AFC	AVC	SAC	SMC
0	20						
1	26						
2	31						
3	35						
4	38						
5	40						
6	41						
7	43						
8	46						
9	50						
10	55						
11	61						

