Ans	swer any 9 questions from 1 to	TU. Each	carries 1 score. (9 × 1 opulation growth, population rises i
Acc	fording to Malthusian Theor	ry of r	opulation growth i i
(a)	Arithmetic progression	(b)	Geometric progression
(c)	Homogenous progression	(d)	None of these
(-)			
The	family in which mother has the	authority	and dominance is known as
(a)	Patrilineal	(b)	
(c)	Matriarchal	(d)	Matrilocal
~ /			
Nan	ne the Anthropologist who point	ed out the	social importance of market.
(a)	Karl Marx	(b)	Adam Smith
(c)	M.N. Srinivas	(d)	Alfred Gell
	refers to the way in wl	hich indiv	iduals may become cut off from the fu
invo	lvement in the wider society.		
(a)	Untouchability	(b)	Exploitation
(c)	Social exclusion	(d)	Social stratification
11/L:	ch Articles of Indian Constitutio	on protect	the rights of minorities ?
(a)	Article 29 & 30	(b)	Article 30 & 31
(a) (c)	Article 27 & 28	(d)	Article 25 & 26
(0)	Allen 21 a 20	(*)	k chere in land the second
The	concept 'Westernisation' was ir	ntroduced	by
(a)	M.N. Srinvas	(b)	D.P. Mukherji
(c)	A.R. Desai	(d)	G.S. Ghurye
u/bi	ch among the following is a Bas	ic value o	f Indian democracy ?
(a)	Law	(b)	Custom
122510	Social Justice	(d)	Tradition
(c)	COMB: Pasties	(-/	
Iden	tify the item which is not a feat	ure of dom	ninant caste.
(a)	Numerical strength	(b)	Economic power
(c)	Religious power	(d)	Political influence
38		2	
12			

).	The mixing of the global culture with	ith local culture is known as		
	(a) Glocalisation	(b)	Digital divide	

- (c) Homogenous culture (d) Corporate culture
- 10. Who started the newspaper Sambad Kaumudi ?
 - (a) Sree Narayana Guru (b) Raja Rammohan Roy
 - (c) E.V. Ramaswami Naickar (d) Gandhiji

Answer all questions from 11 to 15. Each carries 2 scores.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- 11. Define Social map and give one example.
- 12. Name any two port cities that emerged during the colonial period in India.
- 13. What is meant by Outsourcing ?
- 14. What is Social movement?
- 15. Write any two dimensions of untouchability.

Answer any 3 questions from 16 to 19. Each carries 4 scores. $(3 \times 4 = 12)$

- 16. What is the difference between Common sense knowledge and Sociological imagination ?
- 17. Differentiate between commoditisation and consumption.
- 18. Explain the following :
 - (a) Industrialisation
 - (b) Deindustrialisation
- 19. List out the features of organised sector.

Answer any 3 questions from 20 to 23. Each carries 5 scores. $(3 \times 5 = 15)$

- 20. Analyse the reasons for the declining sex ratio in Indian society.
- 21. Explain the powers and responsibilities of Panchayats.
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- 22. Why globalisation is a threat to the indigenous craft, literary traditions and knowledge systems ?
- 23. Match the following :

Α	B	
Jharkhand Movement	Adidharma Movement	
Dalit Movement	Mc Carthy & Zald	
Chipko Movement	SNDP Movement	
Resource Mobilisation Theory	Unquiet Woods	
Redemptive Social Movement	Birsa Munda	

	Ans	swer any 3 questions from 24 to 27. Each carries 6 scores.	$(3 \times 6 = 18)$
24.	(a)	Write any two features of Marketisation.	(2)
	(b)	Analyse the impact of liberalisation and marketisation in Indian econo	my. (4)
25.	Crit	ically evaluate the struggles for women's equality and rights in India.	
26.	(a)	What is Sansrkitisation ?	(2)
	(b)	Explain the main criticisms levelled against Sanskritisation.	(4)
27.	Exp	lain the impact of globalisation on Indian print media.	
	Ans	wer any 2 questions from 28 to 30. Each carries 8 scores.	$(2 \times 8 = 16)$
28.	(a)	What is Tribal communities ?	(2)
	(b)	Classify and explain the tribal communities on the basis of peri	
		acquired traits.	(6)
29.	61		
29.	(a)	Define Green revolution.	(2)
	(b)	Evaluate the Social consequences of Green revolution in Indian society	/. (6)
		Sec. 1	and the second second
30.	(a)	Define and explain the features of Civil society.	(5)
	(b)	Explain the importance of Right to Information Act 2005.	
			(3)
		and the second se	