## QUESTION -1

Write down the following second degree polynomials as the product of two first degree polynomials .
a) $x^{2}$
b) $x^{2}-9$
c) $x^{2}-\frac{1}{25}$
d) $4 x^{2}-9$
e) $x^{2}+x$
f) $x^{2}-4 x$

## QUESTION -2

Given that $p(x)=x^{2}-9 x+14$
a) Find $p(1)$.
b) Write a first degree factor of $p(x)-p(1)$.
c) Write $p(x)-p(1)$ as the product of two first degree polynomials .
d) What are the solutions of the equation $p(x)-p(1)=0 \quad$ ?

## QUESTION - 3

If $x^{2}-9 x+18=(x-a)(x-b)$
a) What is the value of $a+b$ ?
b) What is the value of $a b$ ?
c) What are the solutions of the equation $x^{2}-9 x+18=0$ ?
d) Write $x^{2}-9 x+18$ as the product of two first degree polynomials ?

If $x^{2}-2 x-15=(x-a)(x-b)$
a) What is the value of $a+b$ ?
b) What is the value of $a b$ ?
c) What are the solutions of the equation $x^{2}-2 x-15=0$ ?
d) Write $x^{2}-2 x-15$ as the product of two first degree polynomials ?

## QUESTION - 5

Given that $p(x)=x^{2}-9 x+14$
a) Find $p(2)$.
b) Write $\boldsymbol{p}(\boldsymbol{x})$ as the product of two first degree polynomials .
c) What are the solutions of the equation $\quad p(x)=0 \quad$ ?

## QUESTION - 6

Given that $p(x)=3 x^{2}-5 x+4$
a) Find $p(1)$.
b) Write a first degree factor of $p(x)-p(1)$.
c) Write $p(x)-p(1)$ as the product of two first degree polynomials.
d) What are the solutions of the equation $p(x)-p(1)=0 \quad$ ?

## QUESTION - 7

Given that $\quad p(x)=5 x^{2}-3 x-2$
a) Find $p(1)$.
b) Write $\boldsymbol{p}(\boldsymbol{x})$ as the product of two first degree polynomials .
c) What are the solutions of the equation $\quad p(x)=0 \quad$ ?

## QUESTION - 8

If $x$ is a natural number
a) What number is to be added to $x^{2}+8 x$ to get a perfect square ?
b) If $x^{2}+k x+49$ is a perfect square, which number is $k \quad$ ?
c) If $x^{2}+m x+n$ is a perfect square, prove that $m^{2}=4 n$.
d) Write a second degree polynomial which is a perfect square and having a factor $x+3$.

## QUESTION -9

Given that $p(x)=x^{2}-k x+12 \cdot x-3$ is a factor of $p(x)$.
a) Which of the following is $p(3)$ ?

$$
\left[\begin{array}{llllllll}
{[13} & 0 & 1 & 13
\end{array}\right.
$$

b) find the value of $\boldsymbol{k}$.
c) Write $\boldsymbol{p}(\boldsymbol{x})$ as the product of two first degree polynomials .
d) What are the solutions of the equation $\quad p(x)=0 \quad$ ?

## QUESTION - 10

Given that $p(x)=x^{2}-7 x+10$.
a) Find $p(2)$ and $p(5)$.
b) Write $\quad \boldsymbol{p}(x)$ as the product of two first degree polynomials .
c) Write a second degree polynomial $q(x)$ with $q(1)=0$ and $q(4)=0$.
d) Write a second degree polynomial $f(x)$ with $f(3)=0$ and $f(-2)=0$.

## QUESTION - 11

Given that $p(x)=x^{2}+m x+n \cdot x-1$ is a factor of $p(x)$.
a) Which of the following is $p(1)$ ?

$$
[-1,0,1,2]
$$

b) Prove that $m+n=-1$.
c) If $x-1$ is a factor of $x^{2}+k x+5$.What is the value of $k$ ?
d) If $x-1$ is a factor of $x^{2}-7 x+u$. What is the value of $u \quad ?$

## QUESTION - 12

Given that $\quad p(x)=e x^{2}+f x+g . \quad x-1$ is a factor of $p(x)$.
a) Which of the following is $p(1)$ ?

$$
[-1,0,1,2]
$$

b) Prove that $e+f+g=0$.
c) If $x-1$ is a factor of $3 x^{2}+m x+2$, What is the value of $m$ ?
d) If $x-1$ is a factor of $n x^{2}+8 x-13$, What is the value of $n \quad ?$

## QUESTION - 13

Complete the table .

| Solutions of the second degree equation <br> $p(x)=0$ | Write $p(x)$ as the product of two first degree <br> polynomials . |
| ---: | :--- |
| $1 \quad, \quad 2$ |  |
| 3 | ,$\quad 5$ |
| -2 | , 6 |
| -4 | -7 |
| 0 | , 1 |
| 0 | ,-9 |

