## First Mid term Test

## Std : XI <br> Subject : Chemistry <br> PART - I

Marks : $\mathbf{2 5}$
Time : 1 hrs

## Choose the best answer :

1) The equivalent mass of a trivalent metal element is $9 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{eq}^{-1}$, the molar mass of its anhydrous oxide is $\qquad$
a) 102 g
b) 27 g
c) 270 g
d) 78 g
2) Total number of electrons present in 1.7 g of ammonia is
a) $6.022 \times 10^{23}$
b) $6.022 \times 10^{22} / 1.7$
c) $6.022 \times 10^{24} 1.7$
d) $6.022 \times 10^{23 /}$
1.7
3) The equivalent mass of potassium permanganate in alkaline medium is
a) 31.6
b) 52.7
c) 79
d) none of these
4) The oxidation state of C in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{~F}_{2}$ is
a) +1
b) -1
c) -2
d) 0
5) Which of the following reaction represents reduction, according to classical concept?
a) $4 \mathrm{Fe}+3 \mathrm{O}_{2} \longrightarrow 2 \mathrm{Fe}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$
b) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}+\mathrm{Cl}_{2} \longrightarrow 2 \mathrm{Hcl}+\mathrm{S}$
c) $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+}$ $\qquad$ d) $\mathrm{CuO}+\mathrm{C} \longrightarrow \mathrm{Cu}+\mathrm{CO}$

## PART - II

## Answer any 3 questions :

6) What is the empirical formula of
i) Fructose ( $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}$ )
ii) Caffeine ( $\mathrm{C}_{8} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ )
7) What do you understand by the term mole?
8) What are limiting reagents ?
9) Calculate the gram equ valent mass of $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$.

## PART - III

## Answer any 3 questions: Q.NO. 13 is compulsory

10) A compound on analysis gave the following percentage composition
$\mathrm{C}=54.55 \% \mathrm{H}=9.09 \% \mathrm{O}=36.36$ \% Determine the empirical formula of the compound.
11) Distinguish b/w oxidation and reduction
12) The balanced equation for a reaction is given below

$$
2 x+3 y \longrightarrow 4 I+m
$$

When 8 moles of $x$ reacts with 15 moles of $y$, then
i) which is the limiting reagent?
ii) ca culate the amount of products formed?
13) Balance the following equation using oxidation number method.
$\mathrm{As}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{3}+\mathrm{HNO}_{3}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \longrightarrow \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{AsO}_{4}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}+\mathrm{NO}$

> PART - IV

## Answer Any 1 of the following:

14) a) Balance the following equation by ion electron method.
$\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}+\mathrm{FeSO}_{4}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4} \longrightarrow \mathrm{MnSO}_{4}+\mathrm{Fe}_{2}\left(\mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)_{3}+\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
(or)
b) A compound on analysis gave $\mathrm{Na}=14.31 \% \mathrm{~S}=9.97 \% \mathrm{H}=6.22 \%$ and $\mathrm{O}=69.5 \%$. Calculate the molecular formula of the compound if all the hydrogen in the compound is present in combination with oxygen as water of crystallization. ( Molecular mass is 322 ).
15) a) In a reaction $x+y+z_{2} \longrightarrow x y z_{2}$, identify the limiting reagent if any, in the following reaction mixtures.
a) 200 atoms of $x+200$ atoms of $y+50$ molecules of $z_{2}$
b) 1 mole of $x+1$ mole of $y+3$ mole of $z_{2}$
c) 50 atoms of $x+25$ atoms of $y+50$ molecules of $z_{2}$
d) 2.5 mole of $x+5$ mole of $y+5$ mole of $z_{2}$
(or)
(b) Balance the following equations by oxidation number method.

$$
\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4} \longrightarrow \mathrm{~K}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}+\mathrm{MnSO}_{4}+\mathrm{CO}_{2}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}
$$

