



**KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA KHAMMAM**  
**FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT –I**

**SOCIAL SCIENCE**

**(2016-17)**

**CLASS:VI(A,B&C)**

**TIME: 1.30 Hours**

**MARKS: 40**

**General Instructions:**

1. The question paper has 15 questions in all.
2. Marks are indicated against each question.
3. Questions from Sl.No. 1 to 6 is MCQ. Each question carries *one mark*.
4. Questions from Sl.No. 7 to 11 are *THREE mark* questions. Answers of these questions should not exceed 80 words each.
5. Questions from Sl.No. 12 to 14 are *FIVE mark* questions. Answers of these questions should not exceed 120 words each.
6. Question No. 15 is a *Map* question of FOUR marks. After completion attach the map inside your answer book.

**I.MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS.**

1.Which is the third nearest planet to the sun . ( ) 1m

- a) Venus
- b)Earth
- c)Mercury

2.Ladakh is a desert in the state of ( ) 1m

- a)Kerala
- b)Rajasthan
- c) Jammu & Kashmir

3.The pole star indicates the direction to the ( ) 1m

- a)North
- b)East
- c)South

4. Early people painted on the \_\_\_ of caves. ( ) 1m

a) Walls

b) Floor

c) roof

5. The planet known as the “Earth’s Twin” is ( ) 1m

a) Jupiter

b) Saturn

c) Venus

6. Grasslands developed around\_ years ago. ( ) 1m

a) 15,000

b) 12,000

c) 10,000

**II. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.**

7. Name all the planets according to their distance from the sun. 3m

8. Why do you think ordinary men and women did not generally keep records of what they did ? 3m

9. What tools would you use today for cutting fruit ? What would they be made of ? 3m

10. Which of celebrations are shared by members of different regional and religious Communities? 3m

11. What is meant by solar system ? 3m

**III. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING BRIEFLY.**

12. Why did the hunter-gatherers travel from place to place ? 5m

13. How does a planet differ from a star? 5m

14. What were the subjects on which books were written in the past? which of these would you like to read? 5m

**IV. MAP POINTING . (Locate places on the India outline map.)** 4m

a) Burzahom    b) Bhimbetka    c) Hunsgi    d) Kurnool caves.