



Class No. : .....

Name : .....

**FIRST YEAR HIGHER SECONDARY SECOND TERMINAL  
EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2022  
Part – III  
POLITICAL SCIENCE  
Maximum : 80 Scores**

Time : 2½ Hours  
Cool-off Time : 15 Minutes

**General Instructions to Candidates :**

- There is a 'Cool off time' of 15 minutes in addition to the writing time.
- Use the 'cool off time' to get familiar with questions and to plan your answers.
- Read questions carefully before answering.
- Read the instructions carefully.
- Malayalam version of the questions is also provided.
- Calculations, figures and graphs should be shown in the answer sheet itself.

**വിദ്യാർത്ഥികൾക്കുള്ള പൊതുനിർദ്ദേശങ്ങൾ :**

- നിർദ്ദിഷ്ട സമയത്തിന് പുറമെ 15 മിനിറ്റ് 'കൂൾ ഓഫ് ടൈം' ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കും.
- 'കൂൾ ഓഫ് ടൈം' ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ പരിചയപ്പെടാനും ഉത്തരങ്ങൾ ആസൂത്രണം ചെയ്യാനും ഉപയോഗിക്കുക.
- ഉത്തരങ്ങൾ എഴുതുന്നതിന് മുമ്പ് ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ ശ്രദ്ധാപൂർവ്വം വായിക്കണം.
- നിർദ്ദേശങ്ങൾ ശ്രദ്ധാപൂർവ്വം വായിക്കുക.
- ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ മലയാളത്തിലും നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ട്.
- കണക്ക് കൂട്ടലുകൾ, ചിത്രങ്ങൾ, ഗ്രാഫുകൾ എന്നിവ ഉത്തരപേപ്പറിൽ തന്നെ ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കണം.



Score

**PART – A**

**From questions 1 to 14 answer for 16 scores.**

**(16)**

**1. Who was the President of Constituent Assembly ?**

**(1)**

**2. Directive Principles of State Policy is borrowed from which country ?**

**(1)**

**3. The basic laws of a State is known as**

**(1)**

**4. Identify any two freedoms under Article 19.**

**(2×1=2)**

**5. Who conduct the election of local self government ?**

**(1)**

**6. Which election method is following in the Rajya Sabha election ?**

**(1)**

**7. Who is the Ex-officio Chairman of Lok Sabha ?**

**(1)**

**8. Find the related facts and list out in the below column :**

a) The maximum number of members are 550.

b) The term of the office is 6 years.

c) The lower house of the Parliament.

d) The upper house of the Parliament.

**(4)**

| Lok Sabha | Rajya Sabha |
|-----------|-------------|
|           |             |



Score

9. Who is the guardian and protector of Indian Constitution ? (1)

10. Categorise the following in to the table as Union list, State list and Concurrent list.  
Agriculture, Banking, Education, War and Peace, Police, Forest. (6×½=3)

| Union List | State List | Concurrent List |
|------------|------------|-----------------|
|            |            |                 |

11. Indian federalism is known as (1)

12. Which is the lengthiest Amendment of the Indian Constitution ? (1)

- a) 24<sup>th</sup> Amendment
- b) 42<sup>nd</sup> Amendment
- c) 44<sup>th</sup> Amendment

13. Which Article deals with amendment procedure of Indian Constitution ? (1)



**Score**

**14. Identify the State which is related to the Article 371(A). (1)**

- a) Uttarakhand
- b) Nagaland
- c) Uttar Pradesh

**PART – B**

**Answer any four questions from 15 to 19. Each carries 3 scores. (4×3=12)**

- 15. What are the reasons to adopt first past the post system in India ?
- 16. Examine the discretionary powers of President of India.
- 17. What do you mean by Judicial Activism ?
- 18. Describe the role of Grama Sabha in the Panchayath Raj Institution.
- 19. What are the three methods to amend the Indian Constitution ?

**PART – C**

**Answer any four questions from 20 to 24. Each carries 4 scores. (4×4=16)**

- 20. Explain the factors determine the “Authority” of the Constitution.
- 21. List out the major “writs” issued by Supreme Court to protect Fundamental Rights.



**Score**

- 22. What are the major suggestions to improve the electoral system in India ?**
- 23. Identify the different types of “executives” and analyse them.**
- 24. Evaluate the jurisdiction of Supreme Court in India.**

**PART – D**

**Answer any four questions from 25 to 29. Each carries 5 scores.**

**(4×5=20)**

- 25. Briefly describe the functions performed by a Constitution.**
- 26. “Free and fair election is the primary function of Election Commission”. In the above statement analyse the functions of Election Commission.**
- 27. Analyse the five major changes brought about by the 73<sup>rd</sup> Amendment in Panchayath Raj Institution.**
- 28. The Constitution can be amended through different methods. Explain these methods with suitable examples.**
- 29. Analyse the political philosophy of Indian Constitution.**



Score

**PART – E**

**Answer any two questions from 30 to 32. Each carries 8 scores.**

**(2×8=16)**

**30. Prepare an essay on “Fundamental Rights” guaranteed by the Indian Constitution.**

**31. Explain the law making procedure of Indian Parliament.**

**32. Evaluate and explain the federal features of Indian Constitution.**

