## AGRICULTURAL SCIENCE

Class: 12

Marks 90

<u>Part – I</u>

I Choose the correct answer

Question .No.	Selection	Answer	Marks
1.	c)	Quality Seed	1
2.	c)	Borax	1
3.	d)	5 X 4	1
4.	b)	Ρ	1
5.	a)	Isotema	1
6.	a)	Dairy farming	1
7.	b)	Emasculation	1
8.	c)	19 <sup>th</sup> Century	1
9.	d)	<u>3 years</u>	1
10.	d)	Arboratum	1
11.	c)	Green	1
12.	c)	Poor qulity of water	1
13.	a)	Sensor	1
14.	b)	Peppering	1
15.	d)	Top Dressing	1

## <u>Part – II</u>

## II Answer any Ten : Question No.28 Compulsory

No           16.         Seed rate formula: No.of crops/ha X No. of seeds /hill X Test weight (gm) X 100 1000 X 1000 X Germination (%)           17.         Important oil seed crop of India Edible oil Seed has 48 – 50% oil, 25- 28 % protein, vitamins, minerals and anti oxidants Used in preparation of soap, cosmetics, lubricating oil Groundnut oil cake is used as fertilizer, dairy and cattle feed.           18.         Sterilized coir pith 300kg Neem oil cake 5kg Azospyrillum 10 kg Phosphobacteria 10kg are required to prepare media 1.2kg media is enough for one protray           19.         Exclusion Eradication Nemunization           20.         Integrated farming is a scientific methodology that combines the crop production and its allied sectors in appropriate manner           21.         1. Nuclear Seed 3. Foundation Seed 4. Certified Seed (Any 3)           22.         Organic farming is production of crops and livestock without use	Marks
No.of crops/ha X No. of seeds /hill X Test weight (gm) X 100         1000 X 1000 X Germination (%)         17.       Important oil seed crop of India         Edible oil       Seed has 48 – 50% oil, 25- 28 % protein, vitamins, minerals and anti oxidants         Used in preparation of soap, cosmetics, lubricating oil       Groundnut oil cake is used as fertilizer, dairy and cattle feed.         Groundnut shell is used in preparation of cardboard sheet also used as fuel       Sterilized coir pith 300kg         18.       Sterilized coir pith 300kg         Phosphobacteria 10kg are required to prepare media         1.2kg media is enough for one protray         19.       Exclusion         Protection         Immunization         20.       Integrated farming is a scientific methodology that combines the crop production and its allied sectors in appropriate manner         21       1. Nuclear Seed         2. Breeder Seed       3. Foundation Seed         4. Certified Seed       (Any 3)	
1000 X 1000 X Germination (%)         17.       Important oil seed crop of India         Edible oil       Seed has 48 – 50% oil, 25- 28 % protein, vitamins, minerals and anti oxidants         Used in preparation of soap, cosmetics, lubricating oil       Groundnut oil cake is used as fertilizer, dairy and cattle feed.         Groundnut shell is used in preparation of cardboard sheet also used as fuel       Groundnut shell is used in preparation of cardboard sheet also used as fuel         18.       Sterilized coir pith 300kg         Neem oil cake 5kg       Azospyrillum 10 kg         Phosphobacteria 10kg are required to prepare media         1.2kg media is enough for one protray         19.       Exclusion         Eradication         Protection         Immunization         20.       Integrated farming is a scientific methodology that combines the crop production and its allied sectors in appropriate manner         21       1. Nuclear Seed         2. Breeder Seed       3. Foundation Seed         4. Certified Seed       (Any 3)	
<ul> <li>17. Important oil seed crop of India <ul> <li>Edible oil</li> <li>Seed has 48 – 50% oil, 25- 28 % protein, vitamins, minerals and anti oxidants</li> <li>Used in preparation of soap, cosmetics, lubricating oil</li> <li>Groundnut oil cake is used as fertilizer, dairy and cattle feed.</li> <li>Groundnut shell is used in preparation of cardboard sheet also used as fuel</li> </ul> </li> <li>18. Sterilized coir pith 300kg <ul> <li>Neem oil cake 5kg</li> <li>Azospyrillum 10 kg</li> <li>Phosphobacteria 10kg are required to prepare media</li> <li>1.2kg media is enough for one protray</li> </ul> </li> <li>19. Exclusion <ul> <li>Eradication</li> <li>Protection</li> <li>Immunization</li> </ul> </li> <li>20. Integrated farming is a scientific methodology that combines the crop production and its allied sectors in appropriate manner</li> <li>21 1. Nuclear Seed</li> <li>Seed Seed</li> <li>Foundation Seed</li> <li>Certified Seed (Any 3)</li> </ul>	3
<ul> <li>Edible oil</li> <li>Seed has 48 – 50% oil, 25- 28 % protein, vitamins, minerals and anti oxidants</li> <li>Used in preparation of soap, cosmetics, lubricating oil</li> <li>Groundnut oil cake is used as fertilizer, dairy and cattle feed.</li> <li>Groundnut shell is used in preparation of cardboard sheet also used as fuel</li> <li>18.</li> <li>Sterilized coir pith 300kg</li> <li>Neem oil cake 5kg</li> <li>Azospyrillum 10 kg</li> <li>Phosphobacteria 10kg are required to prepare media</li> <li>1.2kg media is enough for one protray</li> <li>Exclusion</li> <li>Eradication</li> <li>Protection</li> <li>Immunization</li> </ul> 20. Integrated farming is a scientific methodology that combines the crop production and its allied sectors in appropriate manner 21 1. Nuclear Seed <ul> <li>Breeder Seed</li> <li>Foundation Seed</li> <li>Certified Seed</li> <li>(Any 3)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Seed has 48 – 50% oil, 25- 28 % protein, vitamins, minerals and anti oxidants</li> <li>Used in preparation of soap, cosmetics, lubricating oil</li> <li>Groundnut oil cake is used as fertilizer, dairy and cattle feed.</li> <li>Groundnut shell is used in preparation of cardboard sheet also used as fuel</li> <li>18.</li> <li>Sterilized coir pith 300kg</li> <li>Neem oil cake 5kg</li> <li>Azospyrillum 10 kg</li> <li>Phosphobacteria 10kg are required to prepare media</li> <li>1.2kg media is enough for one protray</li> <li>Exclusion</li> <li>Eradication</li> <li>Protection</li> <li>Immunization</li> </ul> 20. Integrated farming is a scientific methodology that combines the crop production and its allied sectors in appropriate manner 21 <ol> <li>Nuclear Seed</li> <li>Foundation Seed</li> <li>Certified Seed</li> <li>(Any 3)</li> </ol>	
<ul> <li>and anti oxidants <ul> <li>Used in preparation of soap, cosmetics, lubricating oil</li> <li>Groundnut oil cake is used as fertilizer, dairy and cattle feed.</li> <li>Groundnut shell is used in preparation of cardboard sheet also used as fuel</li> </ul> </li> <li>18. Sterilized coir pith 300kg <ul> <li>Neem oil cake 5kg</li> <li>Azospyrillum 10 kg</li> <li>Phosphobacteria 10kg are required to prepare media</li> <li>1.2kg media is enough for one protray</li> </ul> </li> <li>19. Exclusion <ul> <li>Eradication</li> <li>Protection</li> <li>Immunization</li> </ul> </li> <li>20. Integrated farming is a scientific methodology that combines the crop production and its allied sectors in appropriate manner</li> <li>21 1. Nuclear Seed</li> <li>Seeder Seed</li> <li>Foundation Seed</li> <li>Certified Seed (Any 3)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Groundnut oil cake is used as fertilizer, dairy and cattle feed.</li> <li>Groundnut shell is used in preparation of cardboard sheet also used as fuel</li> <li>Sterilized coir pith 300kg         <ul> <li>Neem oil cake 5kg</li> <li>Azospyrillum 10 kg</li> <li>Phosphobacteria 10kg are required to prepare media</li> <li>1.2kg media is enough for one protray</li> </ul> </li> <li>Exclusion         <ul> <li>Eradication</li> <li>Protection</li> <li>Immunization</li> </ul> </li> <li>Integrated farming is a scientific methodology that combines the crop production and its allied sectors in appropriate manner</li> <li>Streeder Seed</li> <li>Foundation Seed</li> <li>Certified Seed (Any 3)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>feed.</li> <li>Groundnut shell is used in preparation of cardboard sheet also used as fuel</li> <li>18.</li> <li>Sterilized coir pith 300kg <ul> <li>Neem oil cake 5kg</li> <li>Azospyrillum 10 kg</li> <li>Phosphobacteria 10kg are required to prepare media</li> <li>1.2kg media is enough for one protray</li> </ul> </li> <li>19.</li> <li>Exclusion <ul> <li>Eradication</li> <li>Protection</li> <li>Immunization</li> </ul> </li> <li>20. Integrated farming is a scientific methodology that combines the crop production and its allied sectors in appropriate manner</li> <li>21</li> <li>1. Nuclear Seed</li> <li>2. Breeder Seed</li> <li>3. Foundation Seed</li> <li>4. Certified Seed (Any 3)</li> </ul>	3
<ul> <li>Groundnut shell is used in preparation of cardboard sheet also used as fuel</li> <li>18.</li> <li>Sterilized coir pith 300kg <ul> <li>Neem oil cake 5kg</li> <li>Azospyrillum 10 kg</li> <li>Phosphobacteria 10kg are required to prepare media</li> <li>1.2kg media is enough for one protray</li> </ul> </li> <li>19.</li> <li>Exclusion <ul> <li>Eradication</li> <li>Protection</li> <li>Immunization</li> </ul> </li> <li>20. Integrated farming is a scientific methodology that combines the crop production and its allied sectors in appropriate manner</li> <li>21 <ul> <li>Nuclear Seed</li> <li>Foundation Seed</li> <li>Certified Seed (Any 3)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
also used as fuel18.• Sterilized coir pith 300kg • Neem oil cake 5kg • Azospyrillum 10 kg • Phosphobacteria 10kg are required to prepare media • 1.2kg media is enough for one protray19.• Exclusion • Eradication • Protection • Immunization20.Integrated farming is a scientific methodology that combines the crop production and its allied sectors in appropriate manner211. Nuclear Seed 3. Foundation Seed 4. Certified Seed	
<ul> <li>18.</li> <li>Sterilized coir pith 300kg <ul> <li>Neem oil cake 5kg</li> <li>Azospyrillum 10 kg</li> <li>Phosphobacteria 10kg are required to prepare media</li> <li>1.2kg media is enough for one protray</li> </ul> </li> <li>19.</li> <li>Exclusion <ul> <li>Eradication</li> <li>Protection</li> <li>Immunization</li> </ul> </li> <li>20. Integrated farming is a scientific methodology that combines the crop production and its allied sectors in appropriate manner</li> <li>21 1. Nuclear Seed</li> <li>2. Breeder Seed</li> <li>3. Foundation Seed</li> <li>4. Certified Seed (Any 3)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Neem oil cake 5kg</li> <li>Azospyrillum 10 kg</li> <li>Phosphobacteria 10kg are required to prepare media</li> <li>1.2kg media is enough for one protray</li> </ul> 19. Exclusion <ul> <li>Eradication</li> <li>Protection</li> <li>Immunization</li> </ul> 20. Integrated farming is a scientific methodology that combines the crop production and its allied sectors in appropriate manner 21 1. Nuclear Seed <ul> <li>Breeder Seed</li> <li>Foundation Seed</li> <li>Certified Seed (Any 3)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Azospyrillum 10 kg</li> <li>Phosphobacteria 10kg are required to prepare media</li> <li>1.2kg media is enough for one protray</li> </ul> 19. Exclusion <ul> <li>Eradication</li> <li>Protection</li> <li>Immunization</li> </ul> 20. Integrated farming is a scientific methodology that combines the crop production and its allied sectors in appropriate manner 21 1. Nuclear Seed <ul> <li>2. Breeder Seed</li> <li>3. Foundation Seed</li> <li>4. Certified Seed (Any 3)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Phosphobacteria 10kg are required to prepare media         <ul> <li>1.2kg media is enough for one protray</li> </ul> </li> <li>Exclusion         <ul> <li>Exclusion</li> <li>Eradication</li> <li>Protection</li> <li>Immunization</li> </ul> </li> <li>20. Integrated farming is a scientific methodology that combines the crop production and its allied sectors in appropriate manner</li> <li>21 1. Nuclear Seed</li> <li>Breeder Seed</li> <li>Foundation Seed</li> <li>4. Certified Seed (Any 3)</li> </ul>	3
<ul> <li>1.2kg media is enough for one protray</li> <li>19.</li> <li>Exclusion         <ul> <li>Eradication</li> <li>Protection</li> <li>Immunization</li> </ul> </li> <li>20. Integrated farming is a scientific methodology that combines the crop production and its allied sectors in appropriate manner</li> <li>21 1. Nuclear Seed</li> <li>2. Breeder Seed</li> <li>3. Foundation Seed</li> <li>4. Certified Seed (Any 3)</li> </ul>	3
<ul> <li>19. Exclusion <ul> <li>Eradication</li> <li>Protection</li> <li>Immunization</li> </ul> </li> <li>20. Integrated farming is a scientific methodology that combines the crop production and its allied sectors in appropriate manner</li> <li>21 1. Nuclear Seed</li> <li>2. Breeder Seed</li> <li>3. Foundation Seed</li> <li>4. Certified Seed (Any 3)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Eradication         <ul> <li>Eradication</li> <li>Protection</li> <li>Immunization</li> </ul> </li> <li>20. Integrated farming is a scientific methodology that combines the crop production and its allied sectors in appropriate manner</li> <li>21 1. Nuclear Seed</li> <li>2. Breeder Seed</li> <li>3. Foundation Seed</li> <li>4. Certified Seed (Any 3)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Protection         <ul> <li>Immunization</li> </ul> </li> <li>20. Integrated farming is a scientific methodology that combines the crop production and its allied sectors in appropriate manner</li> <li>21 1. Nuclear Seed         <ul> <li>2. Breeder Seed</li> <li>3. Foundation Seed</li> <li>4. Certified Seed (Any 3)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Immunization</li> <li>Integrated farming is a scientific methodology that combines the crop production and its allied sectors in appropriate manner</li> <li>Nuclear Seed</li> <li>Breeder Seed</li> <li>Foundation Seed</li> <li>Certified Seed (Any 3)</li> </ul>	3
<ul> <li>20. Integrated farming is a scientific methodology that combines the crop production and its allied sectors in appropriate manner</li> <li>21 1. Nuclear Seed</li> <li>2. Breeder Seed</li> <li>3. Foundation Seed</li> <li>4. Certified Seed (Any 3)</li> </ul>	
crop production and its allied sectors in appropriate manner 21 1. Nuclear Seed 2. Breeder Seed 3. Foundation Seed 4. Certified Seed (Any 3)	
21       1. Nuclear Seed         2. Breeder Seed         3. Foundation Seed         4. Certified Seed       (Any 3)	3
<ul> <li>2. Breeder Seed</li> <li>3. Foundation Seed</li> <li>4. Certified Seed (Any 3)</li> </ul>	
3. Foundation Seed4. Certified Seed(Any 3)	
4. Certified Seed (Any 3)	3
22. Signific farming is production of crops and investoric without use	
of the synthetic chemicals and inorganic fertilizers	3

23.	Seedling : A seedling is a young sporophyte especially one that develops from an embryo or seed. Seedlings emerge from seed that germinates Nursery :	3	
	Is a place where seedings, cuttings and grafts are raised with care before transplanting		
24.	Pests of Silkworm :		
	Ants, crows, kites, rats feed upon silkworms.		
	Diseases of Silkworm :		
	Pebrine (Protozoan disease)	3	
	Flacherie (Bacterial disease)		
	Grasserie (Viral disease)		
	Muscardine (Fungal disease)		
25.	Adulteration :		
	Addition of another substance or removal of a valuable from the	3	
	food, affecting the natural quality of food item		
26.	<ul> <li>Greenish or yellowish diarrhoea</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Keep their neck between the two legs</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Due to high fever, not able to consume feed</li> </ul>	3	
	Vaccination with F strain, Lasota strain		
07	Burn the dead ones		
27.	Art and Science of gathering information about objects or areas from a distance whithout having physical contact with objects or area being investigated	3	
28.	<ul> <li>Azospyrillum</li> <li>Rhizobium</li> <li>Azolla</li> <li>Blue green algae (BGA)</li> <li>Azatobactor</li> <li>Pseudomonas</li> <li>Bacillus</li> <li>Vesicular arbuscular mycorrhiza (VAM) (Any 3)</li> </ul>	3	

	Part – III	
	Answer any Five : Question No.35 Compulsory	
	5 X 5 = 25	
29.	<ul> <li>Seed treatment : <ul> <li>Mixing some material to improve the quality of seed</li> <li>Insecticide Fungicide, Biofertilizer are used for seed treatments.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Advantages : <ul> <li>Protection from soil and seed borne pest and diseases</li> <li>Increase germination and vigour</li> <li>Improve storage shelf life</li> <li>To fix atmospheric nitrogen in the roots of pulse crop</li> <li>To reduce fertilizer cost</li> <li>For drought resistance</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	5
30.	<ul> <li>Gypsum application :         <ul> <li>400kg of gypsum can be applied at 40-70 days after sowing and earthing up can be done</li> </ul> </li> <li>Advantages :         <ul> <li>Soil loosening</li> <li>Easy penetration of peg</li> <li>Deficiency of calcium and sulphur can be overcomed</li> <li>Increase in oil content and seed size</li> <li>Nematode disease is controlled</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	5
31	<ul> <li>Stomach Poison :         <ul> <li>Toxicant is applied on the parts of plant, when ingested, acts in the digestive system of the insect and kills</li> <li>Control insects with sucking and biting habit</li> </ul> </li> <li>Eg. Quinolphos Lambda cyclothrin</li> <li>Fumigant :         <ul> <li>Respiratory poison which act in gaseous phase</li> <li>Enters trachea and cause death of insects</li> <li>Eg: Aluminium phosphide</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	5

32.	Model plan for wetland:	
52.	<ul> <li>Suitable crops – paddy, Banana Sugarcane, Turmeric, Pulses and Oil seeds</li> <li>Suitable allied industry sectors – Dairy farming, fisheries, pouttry mushroom, cultivation</li> </ul>	
	1.Maize (June – July) Paddy (September – October) Sesame ( February – March)0.45 ha	5
	Sunflower (June – July)2.Paddy (September – October)Greengram (February – March)0.50 ha	
	3.Fishery (400 numbers) Poultry (Over fish pond - 20 no.)0.04 ha4.Mushroom cultivation0.01 ha	
22		
33.	<ul> <li>Roguing :</li> <li>Process to be followed from sowing to storage</li> <li>Removal of variety mixed with other variety of same crop or other crop varieties, undesirable characteristics and weeds</li> <li>Field inspection should be done 3 – 4 times before flowering, after flowing and before harvesting</li> <li>Pest and disease infected crops are also removed</li> <li>To maintain genetic purity</li> <li>Undesirable characterised seeds are removed from harvest to storage</li> </ul>	5
34.	<ul> <li>Uses of honey</li> <li>Contains sugar, minerals, organic acids, amino acids and protein</li> <li>Easy to digest food and gives instant energy</li> <li>Stimulate appetite and promotes physical growth</li> <li>Heals intestrial related problem</li> <li>Strengthens heart and muscles</li> <li>Beauty to skin</li> </ul>	5

35.	<ul> <li>Turning of brown colour</li> <li>Pods should be plucked days</li> <li>Seeds can be separated reddish yellow</li> <li>Dried for 10 – 15 days of stones ; pack in gunny by Yield - Seeds 200 – 25 Tuber 300 kg</li> </ul>	ter 160 – 180 days of sowing and wrinkling is the harvest index d and dried in shade for 10 – 15 d when the colour of pod changes to on the floor ; remove soil and bag 50 kg / ha/year	5
		Part – IV	
	Answer the following		
		2 X 10 = 20	
36 (a)	Button shedding in coconut		
	Causes for button shedding	Reclamation method	
	PH of soil	Addition of lime for acid soil; Gypsum for alkali soil	
	Lack of drainage	Drain excess water so that roots can be aerated well	
	Water scarcity or severe drought	Drought management techniques	
	Genetic causes	Select seed materials from high yielding mother palm	
	Nutrient deficiency	Application of recommended dosage of nutrients. Application of 2kg MOP with 200gm Borax to correct the barran nuts	10
	Lack of pollination	Setting up of beehives @ 15 / ha	
	Harmone deficiency	Spraying 2,4-D sodium salt 30 ppm or NAA 20ppm on inflorescence	
	Pest and disease	Follow proper plant protection methods	

Juilly	ation practices for Jasmine
l	Botanical Name : Jasminum Sambac
I	Family : Oleacea
(	Origin : India
<u>Econo</u>	omical Importance
• l	Jsed for making garlands, adorning hairs of women
•	n ceremonial and religious functions
•	Production of perfumery oil
•	Reduce stress
•	mprove mood
	Cultivated in more area in Tamilnadu
• (	Gives employment opportunity throughout the year
Soil:	
	rained loamy (or) red loamy soil
<u>Clima</u>	
Warm	summer, mild winter, moderate rainfall and sunny days.
<b>Variet</b>	ies:
Single	Mogra, double mogra, Iruvatchi, Ramanathapuram local
and A	ka Aradhana etc.,
Field	Preparation :
	Deep ploughing – 1.25m spacing – 30 x30 x30cm pits
	10 kg farmyard manure per pit
Plantir	ng :
June -	- November, 6400 cuttings/ha
Water	management
Immed	liately after planting, once in a week
<u>Fertliz</u>	er management:
- 1	Fym @ 10kg/pit is applied before planting
- 1	NPK @ 60:120: 120 gm/plant/year is applied in equal splits
(	during Nov and June –July along with 10 kg FYM/plant
	<u>mutrients:</u>
	spray of Znso4 0.25%, Mg So4o.50% + FeSo4 o.50% - at
•	intervel until the chlorotic symptoms disappear
Prunin	5
	ushes are pruned at 50cm height from the ground level
•	last week of November
Harve	
	Flowering commences in March – October
	Jnopened, matured flower buds are plucked during early
	norning
	Opened flowers harvested for scent extraction
<u>Yield</u>	
8-9 tor	nnes/ ha

Natural control
Natural control  1. Heat  2. Relative humidity  3 Wind Speed  4. Rain  5. Natural enemies  6 Land reform

37	Intercultural Operations	
(b)	Cultivation practices performed after seeding or transplanting	
	Thinning: Keeping one healthy seedling and removal of extra seedings after 5-7 days	
	Gap filling: Is done to fill the gaps by sowing seeds or transplanting seedlings	
	Earthing up: Farming technique that involves mounding soil around the base of the plant	
	<u>Weeding:</u> Removal of irrelevant crops	
	Stirring up: Pracitce to digging up the soil for proper aeration	
	Removal of other variety plants to maintain genetic purity	
	To induce side branches (cotton, tobacco)	10
	Detrashing: Removal of dried trashes to control pest and disease	
	Propping: Operation of tying leaves together in sugarcane to avoid lodging	
	Desuckering: Removal of side shoots to maintain nutrient use efficiency (Banana, Tobacco, chrysanthemum)	
	<b><u>Pruning:</u></b> To get proper aeration and sunlight – Increase yield – Removal of pest and disease infected plants (Jasmine, Rose, Sapota)	
	<u>Propping in Banana:</u> Use of bamboo and Casurina – To avoid lodging	
	Plant protection method – Top dressing – spraying growth regulators - rubbing flowers face to face gently in sunflower etc , are also intercultural operations.	