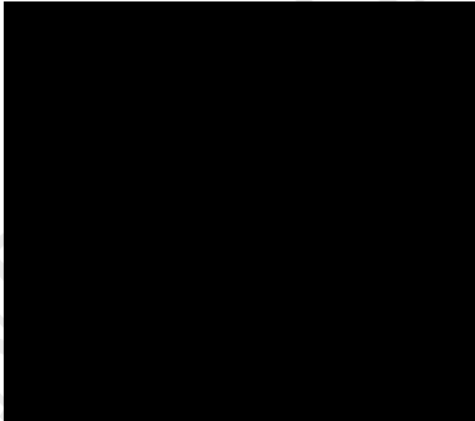
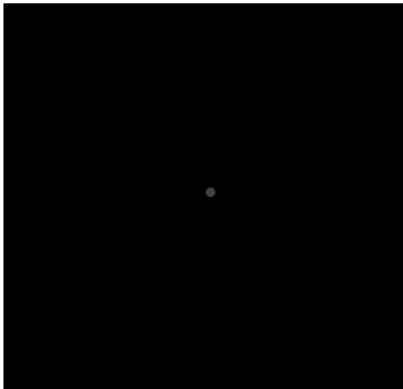


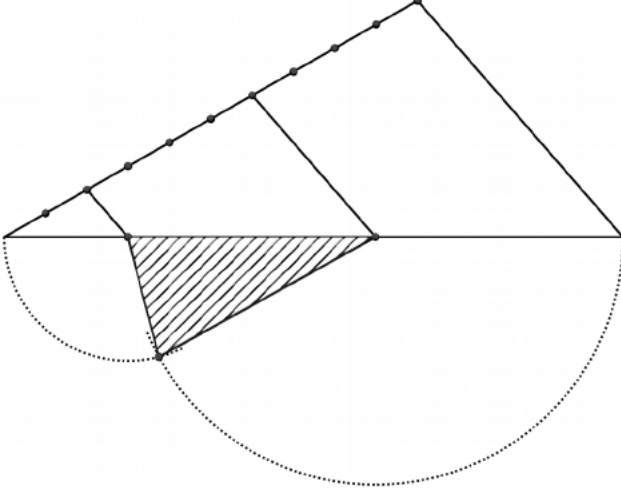
ANNUAL EXAMINATION, MARCH 2022 - 2023

STD 9 - MATHEMATICS – ANSWER KEY

E903

Qn no.	Key	Score	
Answer any 3 questions from 1 to 4			
1	$\text{Mean} = \frac{40 + 10 + 38 + 25 + 18 + 45 + 17 + 33 + 32}{10}$ $= \frac{280}{10} = 28$	1 1	2
2	Volume = $50 \times 20 = 1000 \text{ cubic.cm}$	2	2
3	$\frac{3}{10}$, $\frac{33}{100}$	2	2
4	a) $AC = \sqrt{1^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{5} \text{ cm}$ b) Perimeter = $1 + 2 + \sqrt{5} = 3 + \sqrt{5} \text{ cm}$	1 1	2
Answer any 4 questions from 5 to 10			
5		2 1	3
6	a) $PS = QR = \frac{18}{2} = 9 \text{ cm}$ $PQ = SR = \frac{14}{2} = 7 \text{ cm}$ b) Parallelogram	1 1 1	3
7	a) $a(x) = x(x+2) = x^2 + 2x$ b) $a(5) = 5^2 + 2 \times 5 = 35$	2 1	3

8	a) 3 , -3 b) $x = 5$, $x = -5$	1 2	3
9	a) $200 : 300 = 2 : 3$ b) Ratio of the number of students and the quantity of rice in the first school = $200 : 30 = 20 : 3$ Ratio of the number of students and the quantity of rice in the second school = $300 : 45 = 20 : 3$ Since these ratios are equal , the number of students and quantity of rice are in proportion .	1 1 1	3
10	a) 28 , 29 , 30 , 31 , 32 or any other b) 5 , 15 , 25 , 35 , 45 , 55 or any other	1 2	3
Answer any 8 questions from 11 to 21			
11	Cost of a table is taken as x and the cost of a chair is y , $x + 4y = 7400$ $2x + 6y = 13600$ $x = 5000$, $y = 600$	1 1 2	4
12	a) Area of the triangle LQM = 48 sq.cm b) $\frac{1}{2} \times 16 \times h = 48$ $h = \frac{48 \times 2}{16} = 6 \text{ cm}$ Distance between the chords AB and CD = $6 + 6 = 12 \text{ cm}$	1 1 1 1	4
13		4	4

14		4	4
15	<p>a) Perimeter = $2 \times \pi \times 20 = 40\pi \text{ cm}$</p> <p>Distance covered by the wheel in 10 rotations = $10 \times 40\pi$</p> <p style="text-align: right;">$= 400\pi \text{ cm}$</p> <p>b) Distance covered by the wheel in 10 rotations = $10 \times 80\pi$</p> <p style="text-align: right;">$= 800\pi \text{ cm}$</p>	1 1 2	4
16	<p>a) Area of the circular disc = $\pi \times 10^2 = 100\pi \text{ sq. cm}$</p> <p>b) Area of each sector = $\frac{1}{4} \times 100\pi = 25\pi \text{ sq. cm}$</p>	2 2	4
17	<p>a) $x = 2 + 2 = 4$, $x = 2 - 2 = 0$</p> <p>b) $x = \frac{2 + 6}{2} = \frac{8}{2} = 4$</p>	2 2	4
18	<p>a) Surface area = $6 \times \text{area of a square}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$= 6 \times 10^2 = 600 \text{ sq. cm}$</p> <p>b) Volume = Base area \times height</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$= 10^2 \times 10 = 1000 \text{ cubic. cm}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$= 1 \text{ litre}$</p>	2 2	4
19	<p>a) Area of one lateral face = $\frac{90}{3} = 30 \text{ sq. cm}$</p> <p>b) Lateral surface area = $4 \times 30 = 120 \text{ sq. cm}$</p> <p>{ If the lateral faces are joined we get the above answer and if the</p>	1 1 2	4

	<p>the base faces are joined , Lateral surface area = 6×30</p> <p style="text-align: right;">$= 180 \text{ sq. cm}$ }</p> <p>c) Lateral surface area = $6 \times 30 = 180 \text{ sq. cm}$</p>		
20	<p>a) Volume = Base area \times height = $\pi \times 4^2 \times 10$</p> <p style="text-align: right;">$= 160\pi \text{ cubic. cm}$</p> <p>b) New volume = $\pi \times 2^2 \times 20 = 80\pi \text{ cubic. cm}$</p> <p>Second volume is half the volume of the first volume .</p>	2 1 1	4
21	<p>a) Diagonal = $10\sqrt{2} \text{ cm}$</p> <p>b) Diagonal = $x\sqrt{2} \text{ cm}$</p> <p>c) Diagonal of a square is proportional to its side .</p> <p>Constant of proportionality = $\frac{\text{Diagonal}}{\text{side}} = \frac{x\sqrt{2}}{x} = \sqrt{2}$</p>	1 1 1 1	4

Answer any 6 questions from 22 to 29

22	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Daily wages</th> <th>Number of workers</th> <th>Mid value of the class</th> <th>Total wages</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>450 – 550</td> <td style="text-align: center;">7</td> <td style="text-align: center;">$\frac{450 + 550}{2} = 500$</td> <td style="text-align: center;">$7 \times 500 = 3500$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>550 – 650</td> <td style="text-align: center;">8</td> <td style="text-align: center;">$\frac{550 + 650}{2} = 600$</td> <td style="text-align: center;">$8 \times 600 = 4800$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>650 – 750</td> <td style="text-align: center;">10</td> <td style="text-align: center;">$\frac{650 + 750}{2} = 700$</td> <td style="text-align: center;">$10 \times 700 = 7000$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>750 – 850</td> <td style="text-align: center;">10</td> <td style="text-align: center;">$\frac{750 + 850}{2} = 800$</td> <td style="text-align: center;">$10 \times 800 = 8000$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>850 – 950</td> <td style="text-align: center;">9</td> <td style="text-align: center;">$\frac{850 + 950}{2} = 900$</td> <td style="text-align: center;">$9 \times 900 = 8100$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>950 – 1050</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6</td> <td style="text-align: center;">$\frac{950 + 1050}{2} = 1000$</td> <td style="text-align: center;">$6 \times 1000 = 6000$</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">ആകെ</td> <td style="text-align: center;">50</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">37400</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;">Mean = $\frac{37400}{50} = 748 \text{ Rs}$</p>	Daily wages	Number of workers	Mid value of the class	Total wages	450 – 550	7	$\frac{450 + 550}{2} = 500$	$7 \times 500 = 3500$	550 – 650	8	$\frac{550 + 650}{2} = 600$	$8 \times 600 = 4800$	650 – 750	10	$\frac{650 + 750}{2} = 700$	$10 \times 700 = 7000$	750 – 850	10	$\frac{750 + 850}{2} = 800$	$10 \times 800 = 8000$	850 – 950	9	$\frac{850 + 950}{2} = 900$	$9 \times 900 = 8100$	950 – 1050	6	$\frac{950 + 1050}{2} = 1000$	$6 \times 1000 = 6000$	ആകെ	50		37400	3 2	5
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23	<p>a) $AQ : AS : AC = 1 : 2 : 3$</p> <p>b) $PQ : RS : BC = 1 : 2 : 3$</p> <p>c) $BC = 3 \times 8 = 24 \text{ cm}$</p> <p>d) The sides of the triangle ABC is three times the sides of the triangle APQ .</p> <p>Constant of proportionality = 3</p>	1 1 1 1	5
24	<p>a) Total area of the four sectors = $\pi \times 2^2 = 4\pi \text{ sq.cm}$</p> <p>{ OR</p> <p>Total area of the four sectors = $4 \times \frac{90}{360} \times \pi \times 2^2 = 4\pi \text{ sq.cm}$ }</p> <p>b) Area of the remaining part of the rectangle</p> <p>= Area of the rectangle – Total area of the four sectors</p> <p>= $24 - 4\pi \text{ sq.cm}$</p>	3 2	5
25	<p>a) Central angle of the piece = $360^\circ \times \frac{3}{4} = 270^\circ$</p> <p>b) Arc length of the piece = $\frac{3}{4} \times 2\pi \times 4 = 6\pi \text{ cm}$</p> <p>Radius of the small bangle = $\frac{6\pi}{2\pi} = 3 \text{ cm}$</p> <p>c) Arc length of the remaining part of the bangle</p> <p>= Perimeter of the bangle – Arc length of the piece</p> <p>= $8\pi - 6\pi = 2\pi \text{ cm}$</p> <p>Radius of the bangle = $\frac{2\pi}{2\pi} = 1 \text{ cm}$</p>	1 1 1 1	5
26	<p>a) $QR = \sqrt{3^2 + 3^2} = \sqrt{18} = 3\sqrt{2} \text{ cm}$</p> <p>b) The number representing S = $3\sqrt{2}$</p> <p>The number representing T = $-3\sqrt{2}$</p>	1 1 1	

	<p>c) Distance between the points S and T = $-3\sqrt{2} - 3\sqrt{2}$ $= -6\sqrt{2} = 6\sqrt{2}$</p> <p>Midpoint of S and T = $\frac{-3\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{2}}{2} = 0$</p>	1 1	5
27	<p>a) Perimeter = $2\pi \times 50 = 100\pi \text{ cm}$</p> <p>b) Radius = $\frac{300\pi}{2\pi} = 150 \text{ cm}$</p> <p>c) Perimeter = $2\pi x$</p> <p>d) The perimeter and the radius are in proportion .</p> <p>Constant of proportionality = $\frac{2\pi r}{r} = 2\pi$</p>	1 1 1 1 1	5
28	<p>a) Curved surface area of a pillar = Base perimeter \times height $= 2\pi \times \frac{15}{100} \times 5 = \frac{150\pi}{100} \text{ sq.m}$</p> <p>Total curved surface area of the pillars = $10 \times \frac{150\pi}{100} = 15\pi \text{ sq.m}$</p> <p>Total cost = $15\pi \times 80 = 15 \times 3.14 \times 80 = 3768 \text{ Rs.}$</p>	2 1 2	5
29	<p>a) Total number of edges = 18</p> <p>b) Total number of faces = 12</p> <p>c) Total number of edges = $3 \times n$ Total number of vertices = $2 \times n$</p> <p>d) 2</p>	1 1 1 1 1	5