

Instruction to Candidates:

- 1) Section - A is compulsory.
- 2) Attempt any Nine questions from Section - B.

Section - A

Q1) (15 x 2 = 30)

- a) What is meant by mutually exclusive investment proposals?
- b) Mention two objectives of capital expenditure decisions.
- c) Explain two objectives of project estimation.

- d) Define discount rate.
- e) Why cost of capital is important?
- f) How accounting rate of return is calculated?

- g) Mention two limitations of pay back period.
- h) Accept or reject criteria under NPV method.
- i) When multiple internal rate of return occurs?

- j) How independent investment proposal is evaluated under risky situations?
- k) Mention two objectives of sensitivity analysis.
- l) What is capital asset pricing model?

- m) Differentiate operating and financial lease.
- n) Mention two steps in project abandonment analysis.
- o) Define the concept of alternative investment.

Section - B

(9 x 5 = 45)

- Q2) Why investment decisions are so important?
- Q3) What are the main objectives of capital budgeting decisions?
- Q4) Is cost of equity free of cost capital? Do you agree with this statement?
- Q5) Compare and contrast IRR method and NPV method of evaluating investment proposals.
- Q6) Why capital rationing is done? Discuss critical factors while doing capital rationing.
- Q7) Discuss the problems of identification and estimating new projects.
- Q8) Enumerate the various techniques used for incorporating risk factor in capital budgeting decisions.
- Q9) Explain in detail certainty equivalent coefficient.
- Q10) Under what circumstances might the decision tree technique in capital budgeting analysis is useful.
- Q11) Distinguish between leveraged lease and sale and lease back lease.
- Q12) What are the advantages and disadvantages of the arbitrage pricing theory over the capital asset pricing model?
- Q13) What is meant by project abandonment analysis? Discuss behavioral issues in project abandonment analysis.