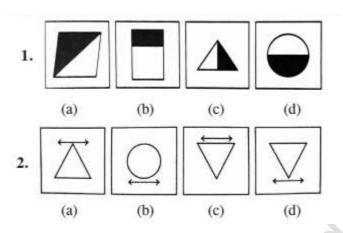
# Jawahar Navodaya Vidyalaya Class-VI Entrance Exam Question paper-2024) Phase-III Exam Date: 20/1/2024

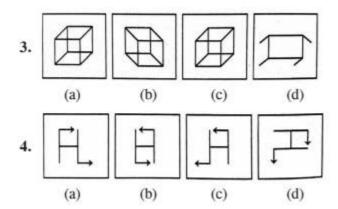
#### Section A

# **Reasoning Ability**

#### Part I

Directions: In Question Nos. 1 to 4, four figures (a), (b), (c) and (d) have been given in each question. Of these four figures, three figures are similar in some way and one figure is different. Select the figure which Is different.





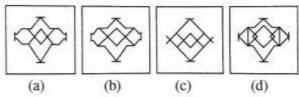
#### Part II

Directions: (Q. Nos. 5-8): A question figure Is given on the left side and four answer figures marked (a), (b), (c) and (d) arc given on the right side. Select the answer figure which is exactly the same as that of the question figure.

# 5. Question Figure



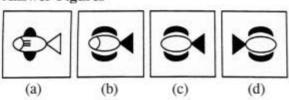
#### Answer Figures



#### 6. Question Figure



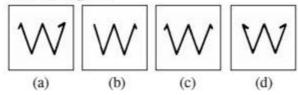
#### **Answer Figures**



# 7. Question Figure



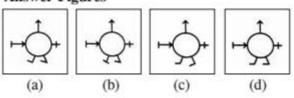
#### Answer Figures



#### 8. Question Figure



# **Answer Figures**

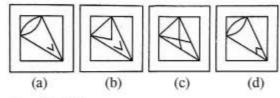


Directions: (Q. Nos. 9-12): There is a question figure on the left side, one part of which is missing. Observe the answer figures (a), (b), (c) and (d) on the right side and find out the answer figure which, without changing the direction, in the missing part of the question figure in order to complete the pattern in the question figure.

#### 9. Question Figure



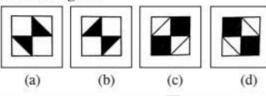
Answer Figures



10. Question Figure



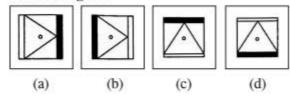
**Answer Figures** 



#### 11. Question Figure



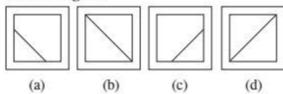
Answer Figures



#### 12. Question Figure



#### **Answer Figures**



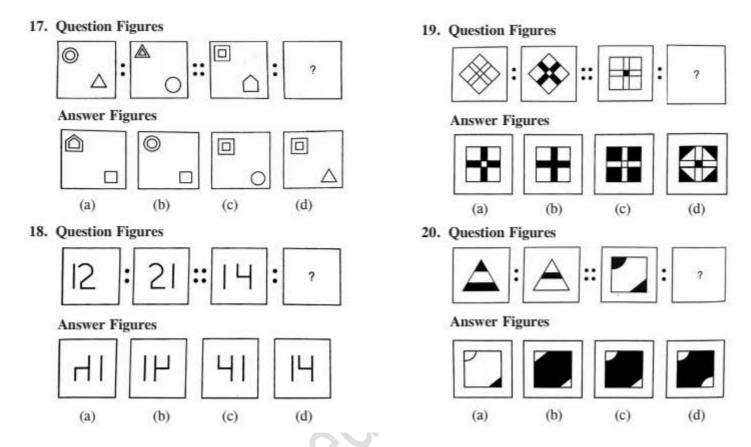
#### Part IV

Directions: (Q. Nos. 13-16): There are three question figure on the left and the space for the fourth figure is left blank. The question figure are in a series. Find out one figure from among the answer figures given on the right side each occupies the blank space for the fourth figure on the left side and completes the series.

#### Answer Figures 13. Question Figures (a) (b) (c) (d) **Answer Figures** 15. Question Figures (b) (c) (d) (a) 14. Question Figures Answer Figures (b) (a) (c) (d) Let s. 16. Question Figures Answer Figures ? (b) (a) (c) (d)

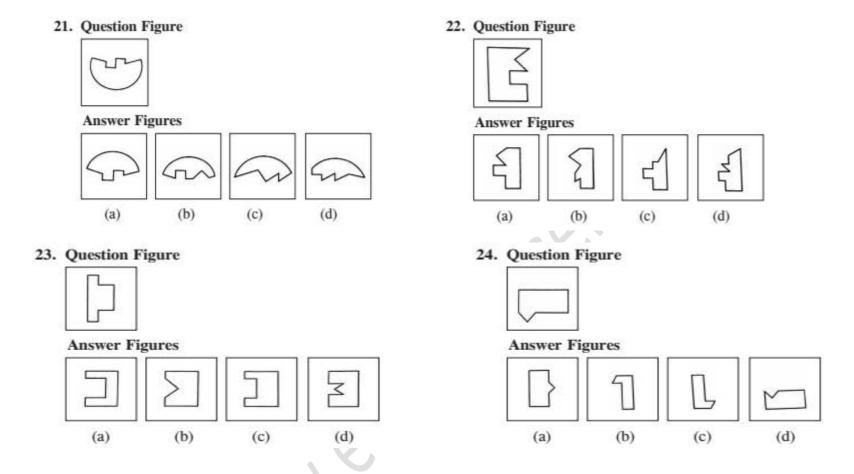
#### Part V

Directions: (Q. Nos. 17-20): There are two sets of two question figure each. The second set has an interrogation mark (Rs.). There exists a relationship between the first two question figure. Similar relationship should exist between the third and the fourth question figure. Select one of the answer figures which replaces the mark of interrogation.



Part VI

Directions: (Q. Nos. 21-24): One part of the geometrical figure (Triangle. Square, Circle) is on the left side as question figure and the other one is among the answer figures (a), (b), (c) and (d) on the right side. Find the Figure on the right side that completes the geometrical figure.



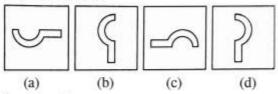
Part VII

Directions: (Q. Nos. 25-28): There Is a question figure on the left side and four answer figures marked (a), (b), (c) and (d) are given on the right side. Select the answer figures which Is exactly the mirror image of the question figure when the mirror is held at XY.

#### 25. Question Figure



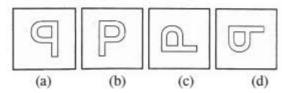
#### **Answer Figures**



#### 26. Question Figure



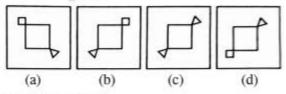
#### **Answer Figures**



#### 27. Question Figure



# **Answer Figures**



# 28. Question Figure



#### Answer Figures









Directions: (Q. Nos. 29-32): A piece of paper Is folded and punched as the question figure on the left side, and four answer figures marked (a), (b), (c) and (d) are given on the right side. Select the answer figures which indicate how the paper will appear when opened (unfolded).

# 29. Question Figures Answer Figures Answer Figures 30. Question Figures **Answer Figures** 32. Question Figures X (c) **Answer Figures** 31. Question Figures

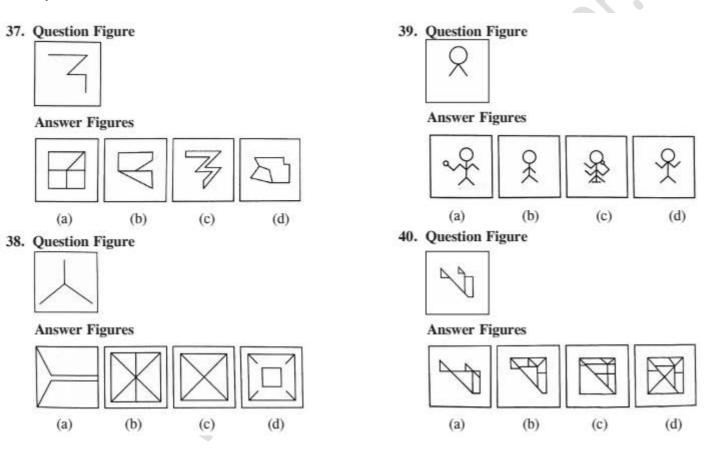
#### Part IX

Directions: (Q. Nos. 33-36): A question figure is given on the left side and four answer figures marked (a), (b), (c) and (d) are given on the right side. Select the answer figures which can be formed from the cut-out pieces given in the question figure.

# 33. Question Figure 35. Question Figure **Answer Figures** Answer Figures (a) (b) (c) (d) (b) (c) (d) 36. Question Figure 34. Question Figure **Answer Figures** Answer Figures (b) (d) (a) (c) (b) (d) (a) (c)

#### Part X

Directions: (Q. Nos. 37-40): A question figure Is given on the left side and four answer figures marked (a), (b), (c) and (d) are given on the right side. Select the answer figures in which the question figure is hidden/embedded.



### **Section II**

#### **Arithmetic Test**

Directions: (Q. Nos. 41-60): For every question, four probable answers as (a), (b), (c) and (d) are given. Only one of these is correct. Choose the correct answer.

41. Conversion of  $31\frac{7}{16}$  into decimal is

- (a) 314.375
- (b) 3.14375
- (c) 31.4375
- (d) 31.475

42. The profit earned in selling an article for Rs 2540 is equal to the loss incurred in selling at Rs 1550. The cost price of the article is:

- (a) Rs. 2095 (b) Rs. 2195
- (c) Rs. 2010 (d) Rs. 2020

**43.** If  $\frac{a}{b}$  is a fraction, where a = b-3 and  $a = \frac{10}{b} - \frac{a}{b} = \frac{10}{7}$ , then  $\frac{a}{b}$  is



(b) 
$$\frac{2}{5}$$

(c) 
$$\frac{4}{7}$$

(d) 
$$\frac{5}{8}$$

44. If each side of a square is decreased to one-third of itself, then the area of the square will be decreased to

- (a) One-seventh (b) One-third
- (c) One-eighth (d) One-ninth

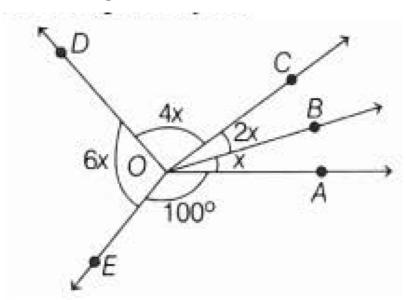
45. The area of a rectangular plot is 616 sqm. and its breadth is 22 m. The cost of fencing the plot at the rate of Rs. 7.50 per metre is

- (a) Rs. 1500 (b) Rs. 375
- (c) Rs. 4620 (d) Rs. 750

46. 46. A machine can print 12 pages in a minute. How long will the machine take to print 5760 pages?

- (a) 7 h (b) 8h
- (c) 8.5 h (d) 9 h

47. In the figure, the measures of  $\angle$ AOB,  $\angle$ BOC,  $\angle$ COD and  $\angle$ DOE respectively are

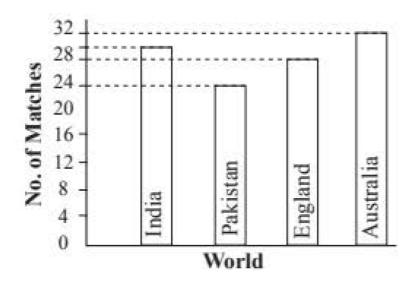


- (a)  $20^{\circ}$ ,  $40^{\circ}$ .  $80^{\circ}$ ,  $120^{\circ} = 260$
- (b)  $30^{\circ}$ ,  $30^{\circ}$ ,  $70^{\circ}$ ,  $130^{\circ} = 260$
- (c)  $40^{\circ}$ ,  $30^{\circ}$ ,  $120^{\circ}$ ,  $70^{\circ} = 260$
- (d)  $50^{\circ}$ ,  $20^{\circ}$ ,  $80^{\circ}$ ,  $110^{\circ} = 260$

48. If the sum of two angles is an obtuse angle, then which of the following is not possible?

- (a) One right angle and one acute angle
- (b) One obtuse angle and one acute angle

(c)	Two acute angles	
(d)	Two right angles	
49. The sum of the digits of a number subtracted from the number. The resultant number is always divisible by		
(a) 2		
(b) 7		
(c) 5		
(d) 9		
50. Sumit weighs 107 kg and Sanjay weighs 82 kg. The difference of their weight, if the weight of each is rounded off to the nearest tens is		
(a) 3	0 kg (b) 100 kg	
(c) 40	0 kg (d) 20 kg	
51. The given bar graph shows the number of matches played by cricket teams of different countries in a year. How many more matches were played by Australia than Pakistan?		



- (a) 8 (c) 4
- (b) 2 (d) 6

# 52. A fraction remains the same or equivalent. If.

- (a) The same number is added to the numerator and the denominator
- (b) The same number is subtracted from the numerator and the denominator
- (c) The numerator and the denominator are multiplied by the same number other than zero
- (d) It is multiplied by its reciprocal

53. The number of packets of sweets weighing  $\frac{2}{3}$  kg each that can be made from 30 kg of sweets is

- (a) 20
- (b) 30
- (c) 40
- (d) 45

54. If 4392 ÷ 3.66 = 1200, then 439.2 ÷ 36.6 =

- (a) 12
- (b) 0.12
- (c) 1.02
- (d) 1.2

55. If we write all the numbers from 1 to 100. the number of times the digit 9 occurs is

- (a) 19 (b) 20
- (c) 21 (d) 23

56. The perimeter of a square Is equal to the perimeter of a rectangle of length 17m and breadth 11m. The area of square (in m<sup>2</sup>) Is

- (a) 196
- (b) 14
- (c) 187
- (d) 121

57. The product of the greatest 3-digit number and the least number of 3-digits\* which can be formed using digits 9\* 6 and 0 is

- (a) 66240 (b) 999000
- (c) 584640(d) 869760

58. 30009 is same as

- (a) 30 ten thousands and 9 tens
- (b) 30 thousands and 9 hundreds
- (c) 3 ten thousands and 9 ones
- (d) 3 ten thousands and 9 tens

**59.**  $5\frac{3}{8} \times 8\frac{1}{8} - 3\frac{1}{8} \times 5\frac{5}{8}$  gives approximately

- (a) 25 (b) 26
- (c) 27
- (d) 30

60. The cost price of a book is 100. A shopkeeper sells 3 such books for 275. What is his profit or loss?

(a) Profit of Rs. 175 (b) Profit of Rs. 25

(c) Loss of Rs.175 (d) Loss of Rs.25

**Section III** 

Language Test – English

PASSAGE 1

To achieve glory and success, one should have a strong will. Hard work and continuous efforts help a person achieve many things. Every person is different and unique. He possesses special hidden qualities. These abilities need to be utilized to achieve fame and success in life. One should realise one's capacities and use them properly. Determination or perseverance is the key to success. One must possess the power of tolerance, courage and above all, determination to achieve one's aim.

61. One should have a strong will to achieve -----

(a) strength (b) power (c) success (d) failure

- 62. ——is the key to success.
- (a) Determination
- (b) Unplanned work
- (c) Stubbornness
- (d) Weak mindedness
- 63. One should use ——properly to achieve fame.
- (a) one's failure (b) one's capacities (c) one's feelings
- (d) one's weaknesses

- 64. 'Special' Is the opposite of
- (a) ordinary (b) favourite (c) specific (d) fond of
- 65. 'Hidden' means
- (a) seen (c) achieved (b) unseen (d) uncovered

India has produced many great scientists and Jagadish Chandra Bose was one of them. He dedicated his life to Botany and was honoured not only in India but abroad also. He was born on 30th November. 1858 at Mymensingh. He belonged to a simple family and his parents were always ready to help the poor and the needy. His interest in plants started at a very young age. He spent a lot of his time with farmers in the fields. From his childhood, he loved to experiment and understand the laws of nature.

- 66. Jagadish Chandra Bose was a great -----
- (a) doctor (b) farmer (c) scientist (d) teacher
- 67. Jagadish Chandra Bose's date of birth is-----
- (a) 30th December, 1858 (b) 30th November, 1868 (c) 30th November, 1858 (d) 30th November, 1848
- 68. His interest in —— started at young age
- (a) animals (b) literature (c) medicine (d) botany
- 69. 'Dedicated' means
- (a) loved (b) started (c) devoted (d) honoured
- 70. The word used in the paragraph for 'outside India' is

(a) Mymensingh (b) Bangladesh (c) outside (d) abroad

#### **PASSAGE-3**

Helen Keller, an American author, was totally blind, but she still read many more books than most people who could see. She even wrote books. She was deaf, but she enjoyed music far more than most of the people who could hear. For nine long years, she could not speak, but later she delivered lectures at many places in the United States. Not only this, she even made movies on her life and also acted in her movies. All this was possible because of Helen Keller determination to overcome all her disabilities.

- 71. Helen Keller could not see because she was ----.
- (a) deaf (b) dumb (c) hungry (d) blind
- 72. She was deaf, but enjoyed —— very much.
- (a) art (b) science (c) music (d) dance

73. An author	Is a person, who
(a) rules (b) m	akes movies (c) acts in movies (d) writes books
74. Helen mad	e some movies about ———
(a) the lives of	Americans (b) blind people (c) her own life (d) human behaviour
75. The word ເ	used in the paragraph for 'firmness of purpose' is ———
(a) delivered	(b) overcome (c) determination (d) wrote

# Passage 4

Honesty means a truthfulness. It means being free from all kinds of evil motives. Honesty means being fair and sincere, not only in our dealings with others but also being honest with ourselves. When a person is fair and sincere in his character and behaviour, we say that he is an honest person. An honest

person is respected by all. He has a good position in society, Honesty is a noble virtue that always pays. No one should ignore truthfulness.

- 76. Honesty means ——
- (a) badness (b) sadness (c) truthfulness (d) fruitfulness
- 77. Honesty means being free from all kinds of —— motives.
- (a) evil (b) good (c) positive (d) great
- 78. An honest person is always by all.
- (a) hated (b) ignored (c) respected (d) insulted
- 79. 'Honest' is the opposite of
- (a) fake (b) dishonest (c) frank (d) open
- 80. 'Sincere' Is a/an
- (a) verb (b) adjective (c) noun (d) adverb

```
WWW.educationserver.com
```