## SECOND YEAR HIGHER SECONDARY 2nd TERMINAL EXAMINATION DECEMBER-2023 SOCIOLOGY ANSWER KEY( Unofficial )

One Mark Questions.					
1.	Purity and Pollution				
2	Virtual market ( Additional text )				
3	2005				
4	Jawaharlal Nehru				
5	Jahanara Sha Nawas (Source NCERT previous text part:2, lesson 2, page 21)				
6	Jyotiba Phule				
7	Representative or Indirect Democracy				
8	Dominant Caste				
9	Frederick Winslow Taylor				
10	Dis investment				
Two Mark Questions.					
11	Number of dependents compared with the total population aged 15 to 64				
12	The flow of ideas, capital, goods and people beyond the borders of nations is Globalization. ( any suitable)				
13	Relatively Small.				
	2. Disadvantaged group				
	3. Strong sense of group solidarity, a feeling of togetherness and belonging. ( Any two )				
14	Destruction of traditional and cottage industry during colonial period.  Dhaka and Masulipatnam				
15	Equality in terms of economic, political and social rights and opportunities				
16	Low income, Shortage of raw materials , exploitation of agents etc - Any two				
	Three Mark Questions				
17	Common sense Knowledge Sociological imagination (two points from each)  • Naturalistic and individualistic explanation. Concept				

	No Scientific evidence	Relates personal troubles and Public issues	
	<ul> <li>Unreflective</li> </ul>	Understands social world	
	In conclusion commonsense knowledge relies on everyday observations and cultural beliefs, while sociological imagination encourages a more critical and holistic understanding of social phenomena by considering broader social forces and structures. Sociological imagination helps individuals to develop a deeper awareness of social issues and foster a more informed and empathetic perspective.  ( Text & Addi Text )		
18	•	ich individuals may become cut off from full involvement	
	in the wider society. b) Maru Marakkal and Kallumala agitati	ons (Text & Addi Text)	
19	It is the process by which a 'low' caste or tribe or other group takes over the customs, ritual, beliefs, ideology and style of life of a high caste.  1. It is exaggerating social mobility.		
	2. The scope of 'lower castes' to move	up the social ladder.	
20	An Economic system		
	Profit Oriented		
	Private ownership of the production		
	Production is for the market (S)	ource NCERT previous text part:2, lesson 1, page 5 & 6)	
	Five M	ark Questions.	
21	- Industrialization refers to the emergence of	machine production, based on the use of inanimate	
	power resources like steam or electricity.		
	<ul> <li>Urbanization is a population shift from rural Industrialization and Urbanization are com</li> </ul>	to urban areas. plimentary. When industrialization expands urbanization	
	increases. E.g Jamshedpur and many other	present industrial locations were earlier villages	
	Give more explanations		
22	Nyaya panchayat. It was constituted in some states. They possess the authority to hear some petty, civil and criminal cases. They have no right to punish but to impose a fine. Van Panchayath. Formed in Uttarakhand women to protect trees and forest. Women played a key role. They planted saplings and guarded the trees Add more points		
23	Organized sector	Unorganized sector	
	Ten or more people are employed	Employing below 10 people.	
	Registered with the government.	Not registered.	
	Employees get proper salaries or wages,	No job security.	
	pension and other benefits.	No pension and other benefits.	
24	MN Srinivas Domi	nant caste	

	Land reforms act	Abolition of Zamindari System	
	Footloose labors	Jan Bermon	
	Green revolution	Use of HYV seeds	
	Contract farming	MUltinational companies	
	<u> </u>		
25	Attend social issues a	and influence the nation.	
	Present the needs of people before the State.		
	Observe the activities of Govt.		
	Visual media is an important part of it.		
	The issues taken up are dive	rse Add examples	
26	Modernization is the transformation from a traditional, rural, agrarian society to a secular, urban, industrial society.  Modernisation not only leads to rational thinking but sometimes rethinking about tradition.  Social media platforms have become popular avenues for advertising and promoting festivals, particularly among urban professionals. The digital age has introduced online participation in religious practices, such as virtual puja and receiving prasadam. implementation of a virtual queue system in Sabarimala exemplifies how modernisation has influenced traditional practices related to festivals.  Add more points  ( (Text & Addi Text )		
27	<ol> <li>Green Revolution</li> <li>Increase in the use of agricultural labor.</li> <li>Rise of a class of 'free' wage laborers'.</li> <li>Loosening of traditional bonds or hereditary relationships between farmers</li> <li>A shift from payment in kind (grain) to payment in cash</li></ol>		
28	<ul> <li>Retail market was des</li> <li>Disinvestment</li> <li>Outsourcing and Continuous</li> <li>job security lost.</li> </ul>		
		Eight Mark Questions.	
29	a) Describe tribal issues     b) Measures- Govt, Orga		
30	a) Meaning of panchaya     b) Powers and responsit		
31	Brief report on regionalism in India and about other hints		

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