CCE-II-RR/PR/NSR/NSPR(B)/999/8028



ಜೂನ್ 2024 ರ ಪರೀಕೆ - 2 JUNE 2024 EXAMINATION - 2

ಒಟ್ಟು ಮುದ್ರಿತ ಪುಟಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : 12]

Total No. of Printed Pages: 12

ಒಟ್ಟು ಪ್ರಶೆಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : 47]

Total No. of Questions: 47

ಸಂಕೇತ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : 95-E

Code No. : 95-E

NSR/NSPR

CCE RR/PR/ **Reduced Syllabus**

Question Paper Serial No

ವಿಷಯ: ಸಮಾಜಶಾಸ್ಥ

Subject : SOCIOLOGY

(ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್ ಮಾಧ್ಯಮ / English Medium)

(ಶಾಲಾ ಪುನರಾವರ್ತಿತ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ / ಖಾಸಗಿ ಪುನರಾವರ್ತಿತ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ / ಎನ್.ಎಸ್.ಆರ್. / ಎನ್.ಎಸ್.ಪಿ.ಆರ್.)

(Regular Repeater / Private Repeater / NSR / NSPR)

ದಿನಾಂಕ : 18. 06. 2024

Date: 18. 06. 2024

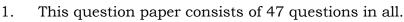
ಸಮಯ : ಬೆಳಗ್ಗೆ 10-15 ರಿಂದ ಮಧ್ಯಾಹ್ನ 1-30 ರವರೆಗೆ] [Time : 10-15 A.M. to 1-30 P.M.

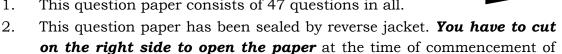
ಗರಿಷ್ಠ ಅಂಕಗಳು : 80]

Max. Marks: 80

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General Instructions to the Candidate:





the examination (Follow the arrow). Do not cut the left side to open **the paper.** Check whether all the pages of the question paper are intact.

- 3. Follow the instructions given against the questions.
- 4. Figures in the right hand margin indicate maximum marks for the questions.
- 5. The maximum time to answer the paper is given at the top of the question paper. It includes 15 minutes for reading the question paper.
- 6. Ensure that the Version of the question paper distributed to you and the Version printed on your admission ticket is the same.

1 of 12

I. Four choices are given for each of the following questions /
incomplete statements. Choose the correct answer and
write the complete answer along with its letter of alphabet.



 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- 1. Sikhism is established by
 - (A) Mahaveer
- (B) Buddha
- (C) Guru Nanak
- (D) Kabir
- 2. A book 'Caste and Race in India' is written by
 - (A) Gandhiji

- (B) G. S. Ghurye
- (C) MacIver



- (D) Iravati Karve
- 3. The central government formed the first tribal commission under the chairmanship of
 - (A) Dhebar
- (B) Bhuria
- (C) Rangachari K
- (D) Ghurye



- 4. Homerule Movement was started by
 - (A) Sarojini Naidu
- (B) Durga Bai



- (C) Mani Ben Patel
- (D) Annie Besant
- 5. The Queen of Jhansi who led an armed struggle against

the British was



- (A) Abbakka
- (B) Lakshmi Bai
- (C) Chennamma
- (D) Mallamma
- 6. Homerule Movement became ten times stronger
 - (A) with the participation of Gandhi
 - (B) with the participation of Congress



- (C) with the participation of women
- (D) with the participation of I.N.A.

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7. Gandhiji called Indian tribes as



- (A) Girijans
- (B) Harijans

- (C) Adivasis
- (D) Bahujans

8. In 1917 Karl Marx's theory influenced the people of

- (A) England
- (B) Russia

- (C) France
- (D) Germany



- 9. Female foeticide leads to
 - (A) Economic equality
 - (B) Economic inequality
 - (C) Gender equality



(D) Gender inequality

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- 10. The tribal community 'The Nagas' are found in the
 - (A) North-western region of India
 - (B) South-eastern region of India
 - (C) North-eastern region of India



(D) South-western region of India

II. 11. Match the following list 'A' with list 'B' and write the

<u>answer along with its letter of alphabet</u>: $5 \times 1 = 5$



 \boldsymbol{A}

B

- a) Satya Shodhak Samaj i) Swami Vivekananda
- b) Arya Samaj
- ii) Jyothi Rao Phule
- c) Sri Ramakrishna
- iii) Dayanand Saraswati

Mission

- d) Brahmo Samaj
- iv) Krishnaraja Wodeyar IV
- e) Reservations to
- v) Raja Rammohan Roy

Non-Brahmins



- vi) Athmaram Pandurang
- vii) Mahatma Gandhi

III. Answer the following questions in a word or sentence each:



 $15 \times 1 = 15$

- 12. What is social change?
- 13. Who organised Mahad Tank Movement?
- Who started Vachana Movement in Karnataka during 14.
 - 12th century?
- Name the first female teacher of India. 15.
- 16. What is a tribe?
- 17. Which city is called as the Silicon Valley of India?
- Who started a newspaper called 'Kesari'? 18.
- 19. What is industrialization?



20. What is Sati system?

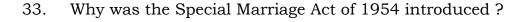


- 21. Who led the women contingent of Indian National Army?
- 22. Why was SNDT University established?
- 23. What is the significance of Article 244 of our constitution?
- 24. Why was the 94th amendment brought to the Constitution of India?
- 25. Why did the British Government publish the gazetteers in 19th century?
- 26. Who started the newspaper 'Mookanayak'?

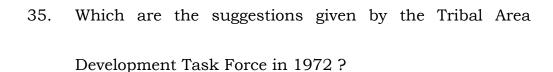


IV. Answer the following questions in about two to four sentences / points each : $14 \times 2 = 28$

- 27. What are the effects of Industrialisation?
- 28. Give examples for the opinion that the status of women was equal to men during Vedic period.
- 29. Mention the recommendations of the first tribal commission of India.
- 30. Name the three approaches framed by the Government of India for the tribal development.
- 31. Which cities are benefitted with the television in India initially in 1975?
- 32. Education brings the political consciousness. How?



34. How did the British government support women's education?



- 36. What were the suggestions of Dilip Singh Booria

 Commission?
- 37. How does modernisation bring social change?
- 38. Which are the two points of the tribal sub plans of 1980?
- 39. Why was women empowerment envisaged?
- 40. How was the Radio used during the World War-II?

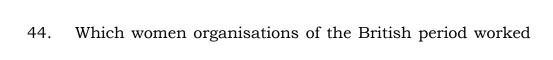


V. Answer the following questions in about five to six points/sentences each: $6 \times 3 = 18$

41. Write the features of social change.



- 42. Which factors have brought changes in the caste system?
- 43. Which factors are the obstacles to the media to function transparently?



- 45. How is the Hampi Kannada University striving for the tribal development?
- 46. Explain the importance of Mass Media.

for the progress of women?



VI. Answer the following question in about eight to ten

sentences / points :



 $1 \times 4 = 4$

47. Which factors influenced the social and economic life of



tribal communities?



