CCE RR/PR/PF/ NSR/NSPR FULL SYLLABUS



ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಶಾಲಾ ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆ ಮತ್ತು ಮೌಲ್ಯನಿರ್ಣಯ ಮಂಡಲಿ, ಮಲ್ಲೇಶ್ವರಂ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು - 560 003

KARNATAKA SCHOOL EXAMINATION AND ASSESSMENT BOARD, MALLESHWARAM, BENGALURU - 560 003

ಆಗಸ್ಟ್ 2024 ರ ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆ - 3 AUGUST 2024 EXAMINATION - 3

ಮಾದರಿ ಉತ್ತರಗಳು

MODEL ANSWERS

ಸಂಕೇತ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : 63-E

CODE NO.: 63-E

ವಿಷಯ: ತೃತೀಯ ಭಾಷೆ – ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್

Subject: Third Language — ENGLISH

(ಶಾಲಾ ಪುನರಾವರ್ತಿತ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ / ಖಾಸಗಿ ಪುನರಾವರ್ತಿತ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ / ಖಾಸಗಿ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ / ಎನ್.ಎಸ್.ಆರ್.)

(Regular Repeater / Private Repeater / Private Fresh / NSR / NSPR)

ದಿನಾಂಕ : 03. 08. 2024] [ಗರಿಷ್ಠ ಅಂಕಗಳು : 80

Date: 03. 08. 2024] [Max. Marks: 80

Q. No.	Value Points	Marks
I.	Four alternatives are given for each of the	
	following questions / incomplete statements. Only	
	one of them is correct or most appropriate. Choose	
	the correct alternative and write the complete	
	answer along with its letter of alphabet.	
	8 × 1 = 8	
1.	The one word for 'a rich pasture ground, grassland' is	
	(A) Orchard (B) Meadow	
	(C) Garden (D) Fauna	
	Ans.	
	(B) Meadow	1

CCE-III-RR/PR/PF/NSR/NSPR(A)/111/7113 (MA) [Turn over

Q. No.	Value Points	Marks
2.	The word 'direct' can be written in its opposite for	orm by
	using the prefix	
	(A) un (B) non	
	(C) in (D) im	
	Ans.	
	(C) in	1
3.	All the <u>students</u> are happy.	
	The underlined word in the above sentence is	
	(A) Common Noun (B) Abstract Noun	
	(C) Proper Noun (D) Collective Noun	
	Ans.	
	(A) Common Noun	1
4.	Kaleem cut the rope a knife.	
	The correct preposition to be filled in the blank is	S
	(A) in (B) with	
	(C) by (D) of	
	Ans.	
_	(B) with	1
5.	Saniya went to market to buy <u>vegetables</u> .	
	The question that can be framed to get the underword as answer is	erlined
	(A) Where did Saniya go ?	
	(B) What did Saniya buy ?	
	(C) Why did Saniya go to the market?	
	(D) What made Saniya go to the market?	
	Ans.	
	(C) Why did Saniya go to the market?	1
6.	What a wonderful garden it is!	
	The above sentence can be changed into an as-	sertive
	sentence as	
	(A) The garden is very wonderful.	
	(B) It is a very wonderful garden.	
	(C) The garden was very wonderful.	
	(D) It was a very wonderful garden.	
	Ans.	
	(B) It is a very wonderful garden.	1

Q. No.	Value Points	Marks
7.	The fruit was too rotten to eat.	
	This can be written by removing 'too to' and using	
	'so that not' as	
	(A) The fruit was so rotten that it could not be eaten.	
	(B) The fruit was so rotten to eat.	
	(C) The fruit was so rotten that it cannot be eaten.	
	(D) The fruit is so rotten to eat.	
	Ans.	1
8.	(A) The fruit was so rotten that it could not be eaten.	1
0.	Amrita gave a nice speech. The above sentence can be changed into passive form	
	as	
	(A) Amrita gave a nice speech.	
	(B) Amrita has given a nice speech.	
	(C) A nice speech was given by Amrita.	
	(D) A nice speech was being given by Amrita.	
	Ans.	
	(C) A nice speech was given by Amrita.	1
II.	Answer the following questions in a sentence	
	each: $8 \times 1 = 8$	
9.	Who was the dear friend of Rakshasa?	
	Ans.	
1.0	Chandan Das was the dear friend of Rakshasa.	1
10.	Which animal did Gopi first see at the zoo as per his	
	letter to Vishnu ?	
	Ans. The enimal that Coni first saw at the good was the	
	The animal that Gopi first saw at the zoo was the elephant.	1
11.	Where do the local children study?	1
	Ans.	
	The local children study in the Ashram School in	
	Neriya.	1
12.	Why do you think the chief warn Suchaka not to be	
	careless?	
	Ans.	
	The chief warns Suchaka not to be careless lest the	
	fisherman should not run away.	1
13.	When will everyone be your friend?	
	Ans.	
	Everyone will be our friend when we have lot of wealth	1
l	to spend on them.	1

Q. No.	Value Points	Marks
14.	What would happen to the mighty and weak in the future? Ans.	
15.	The mighty shall perish in their might and the weak shall survive the slayer. Where is the laughing of children heard?	1
16.	Ans. The laughing of the children are heard on the hill. What are the things we lose when youth departs?	1
	Ans. When youth departs, we lose all our dreams and strength to achieve our dreams.	1
111. 17.	Answer the following questions in two or three sentences each: How was the grandpa elephant used for the enjoyment of children?	
	 Ans. The grandpa elephant was saddled and girthed with his trappings. When the keeper had unchained its legs, the elephant was moving about with a cargo of excited 	
18.	children on its back. "Lata Mangeshkar acted in films in her early days." Why? Ans.	2
	 The death of Lata's father in 1942 made her the breadwinner of her family. She had to act in as many as 8 films in Hindi and 	
19.	Marathi to take care of her family's economic problems. Why did the tribals give up paddy cultivation?	2
20.	 Ans. The tribals were earlier cultivating paddy. They shifted to cultivate areca nut, coconut, rubber and banana after wild elephants, boars, buffaloes and monkeys began eating paddy from their plantations. How did the fisherman get the ring? Ans. 	2
	 The fisherman supported his family by catching fish and selling them in the market. While he was cutting a carp fish, he found the ring with a magnificent gem in the belly of the fish. 	2

Q. No.	Value Points	Marks
21.	 How is the person who plants a tree rewarded, according to the poet in the poem 'Plant Tree'? Ans. The person who plants a tree is rewarded both by heaven and earth. He is blessed with good rain from heaven and a bountiful harvest of crops by the earth. What is the message of the poem, 'It Never Comes Again'? Ans. The message of the poem, 'It Never Comes Again' is 	2
23.	that the period of youth is very important in one's life. — So, we should not let it pass off wastefully, but use it meaningfully to achieve our dreams. Why did Rajaji ask the ADC to skip his breakfast? OR	2
	 What made Roger steal a bicycle? Ans. When the young ADC joined Rajaji at the breakfast table, he had forgotten to shave that morning. To teach the ADC a lesson in 'discipline' in an amusing way, Rajaji told that he looked very sick and so, should skip his breakfast and see the doctor immediately. OR While returning from a two day pass in London, Roger realised that he was still 30 kilometres away from his base in Pole Brook. As it was midnight and there might be a morning bomb run, he stole the bicycle he saw, to reach his base in time for duty. 	2
24.	Tanasukh Vora was an honest driver. Justify this statement. OR In all his works, what is Uttam Tupe concerned about? Ans. When Tanasukh Vora found the black leather pouch and the address of M. G. Menon in it, in his auto-rickshaw, he drove back to Menon's house to return it. As Menon offered him a hundred rupee note as a reward, he refused it as he thought it was wrong to earn money by unfair means.	
	OR	2

Q. No.	Value Points	Marks
IV.	 In all his works Uttam Tupe is concerned with the crushing burdens, the poor villagers carry. He is also concerned with the plight of devadasis, villagers' superstitions, dowry murders and problems of unemployed youth and migrants. Answer the following questions in four or five sentences each: 4 × 3 = 12 	
25.	 Write the summary of the poem, 'Autumn Song'. OR Substantiate the poem, 'Prayer for Dumb Creatures'. Ans. 'Autumn Song' is written by Sarojini Naidu. The poetess compares the joy in the heart of sorrow to the sunset behind the clouds. She describes how the wild breeze takes away the delicate bunches of wheat and leaves. The poetess heart is sad and alone. Her dreams have gone like the fluttering leaves in the wild wind. But, she is optimistic. She affirms that she would not stay behind. She tells us also, not to stay behind thinking of the past, but must move forward in life. 	3
	 The poem, 'Prayer for Dumb Creatures' is written by G. E. Goodrich. In this poem, the poet prays to God for the dumb creatures. He praises God for the wonderful creation of the earth, sea and sky. For the stars on high and the sparrows wings alike. For listening to the voiceless prayers of dumb creatures and blessing them. God has created them for us, so, who are we to deny their rights, as God's seal of love is laid on them. He prays God to teach us to listen to the pleas of dumb creatures as God listens to us. 	

Q. No.	Value Points	Marks
26.	Who according to the poet can be a faithful friend?	
27.	 Ans. According to the poet, a person who does not flatter us, who stands by us in our misery and helps us in difficulties can be a faithful friend. A person who supplies us our wants in times of need. A person who persuades us to come out of vices. A person who is always with us in hardship and happiness, in sorrow and joy, in good and bad times, can be our faithful friends. How did Simpleton solve all the three tasks given to him? Ans. 	3
	 Simpleton had saved the lives of the ants, ducks and bees from his elder brothers. So, when he was in difficulty to find the pearls by sunset, the king ant brought with him five thousand ants and helped him find and pile up the pearls in a heap. The ducks dived into the lake and brought out the keys of the princess' room from the bottom of the lake. The queen bee helped Simpleton to find who was the daughter of the king, who had eaten honey by sitting on the lips of the one who had eaten honey, as she knew all about honey. This is how Simpleton solved all the three tasks given to him. 	3
28.	 Describe the floating garden of Dal Lake. Ans. The floating gardens of Dal Lake are unique. One end of the lake is reserved for this. Their owners don't pay any rent for they themselves make the ground for the gardens. They make a sort of platform of reeds and anchor it to stakes. Then, they bring up the mud from the bottom of the lake and place it in little heaps on the platform. 	

Q. No.	Value Points	Marks
v.	 Finally, they plant on them the seedlings of vegetables, mostly cucumber. The garden requires no watering and can be easily tended from the end of a boat which extends from them. Read the following extracts and answer the 	3
•	questions that follow: $5 \times 3 = 15$	
29.	"The news is spread far and wide like wildfire."	
	a) What was the news?	
	b) Where was the news spread?	
	c) Why was the news spread?	
	Ans.	
	a) The news was, if Minister Rakshasa does not return, the head of Chandan Das would be cut off.	1
	b) The news was spread throughout the kingdom of Magadha.	1
	c) The news was spread in order to find the whereabouts of Rakshasa.	1
30.	"The event was a moment of glory for classical music."	
	a) Who said this ?	
	b) When was it said?	
	c) Why was it said?	
	Ans.	
	a) Pandit Jasraj said this.	1
	b) It was said when Smt. M. S. Subbulakshmi was conferred with the 'Bharat Ratna' award.	1
	c) It was said as it was the golden jubilee year of India's Independence.	1
31.	"Why do you want to know who I am?"	
	a) From which lesson is the extract taken?	
	b) Who is the 'I' here ?	
	c) Why did he ask so?	
	Ans.	
	a) The extract is taken from the lesson, 'Sohrab and Rustum'.	1
	b) 'I' here is Rustum.	1
	c) He thought that it was a way of Sohrab to escape from the fight, so he asked this.	1

8

Q. No.	Value Points	Marks
32.	"All right chief. This man has come back to life."	
	a) Who is the man referred to?	
	b) Who is the speaker?	
	c) What made him say so?	
	Ans.	1
	a) The fisherman is the man referred to.	1
	b) Suchaka is the speaker.	
	c) The fisherman being released without punishment made him say so.	1
33.	"Then come home my children, the sun is gone down.	
	And the dews of night arise ;"	
	a) Who said these lines?	
	b) Who are these lines said to?	
	c) Why did the person say so?	
	Ans.	
	a) The nurse said these lines.	1
	b) These lines are said to the children.	1
	c) The person said so as the children may fall sick	
	because the dews of night may arise.	1
VI.	Quote from memory: 4	
34.	It is not	
	better be ;	
	Or standing	
	and sere ;	
	OR	
	Something beautiful	
	in vain ;	
	We behold	
	in the air ,	
	Ans.	
	It is not growing like a tree.	
	In bulk, doth make Man better be;	
	Or standing long an oak, three hundred years;	
	To fall a log at last, dry, bald and sere ;	
	OR	
	Something beautiful is vanished,	
	And we sigh for it in vain;	
	We behold it everywhere,	1
I	On the earth, and in the air,	4

Q. No.	Value Points	Marks
VII.	Answer the following question in five or six	
	sentences each: $1 \times 4 = 4$	
35.	Describe the spring season of Kashmir.	
	OR	
	What made Sohrab drop the covering shield?	
	Ans.	
	— The flowers of Kashmir pass in a procession of	
	beauty.	
	— First, the delicate pink almond blossom appear.	
	Then, the white cherry blossom and pink and	
	white apple blossom make their appearance.	
	— Then come the irises of royal purple growing as	
	high as a man's waist and filling the whole fields	
	with their stately blooms.	
	— Next appear the Persian lilac, smaller than the	
	English variety but grows in greater profusion.	4
	OR	
	— The war began between Turan and Persia, Sohrab	
	saw in it a chance to meet his father, Rustum.	
	— Rustum did not give out his name. So, Rustum	
	and Sohrab stood face to face with swords in hand	
	on the battlefield not knowing they were father and	
	son.	
	— The fight began. The two heroes fought fiercely for	
	three days.	
	— Once, Sohrab had a chance to kill Rustum, but his	
	heart did not permit him to do so.	
	— The first stage of fighting ended in Sohrab's favour	
	which angered Rustum very much. He shouted his	
	own name, 'Rustum !', in a great rage.	
	— The moment Sohrab heard the name of his father,	
	he dropped the covering shield, felt faint and sank	
	to the ground, bleeding.	
	l	

Q. No.	Value Points	Marks
VIII.	Read the following passage carefully and answer	
	the questions that follow: $1 \times 4 = 4$	
36.	On the bank of a river, there was a tree. On one of its	
	branches, there lived a partridge. One day when the	
	partridge was sitting on the tree, he saw an ant	
	flowing on the river water. The ant was crying for help.	
	The partridge took pity on the ant. He plucked a leaf	
	and placed it near the flowing ant. The ant got support	
	and climbed on the leaf. The partridge then picked up	
	the leaf along with the ant and dropped it on the land.	
	The ant thanked the partridge for saving his life and	
	went back in the grove of the tree where he stayed.	
	One day, the partridge was taking an afternoon nap	
	while sitting on the tree. At that time, a hunter came	
	from somewhere and saw the partridge. The hunter	
	stringed his bow to shoot the arrow at the partridge.	
	The ant at once bit the hunter on his toe. The hunter	
	cried in pain and lost the grip on the bow. Hearing the	
	cry, the partridge woke up and flew away.	
	Good deed is always returned with good deed.	
	a) Who lived on a branch of a tree near the river	
	bank ?	
	b) How did the partridge help the ant when it was	
	flowing on the river water?	
	c) Why did the ant thank the partridge?	
	d) How did the ant help the partridge in return?	
	Ans.	
	a) A partridge lived on a branch of a tree near the	
	river bank.	1
	b) The partridge plucked a leaf and placed it near the	
	flowing ant to help it.	1
	c) The ant thanked the partridge for saving his life.	1
	d) The ant in return helped the partridge to fly away	4
	by biting the hunter on his toe.	1

Q. No.	Value Points	Marks
IX.	Write an essay on any one of the following topics in	
	8 to 10 sentences:	
37.	a) Importance of sports and games.	
	b) Save the water.	
	c) Chandrayan-3.	
	Ans.	
	Essay on any one	
	Introduction	
	Development	
	Conclusion	
	 Grammatically correct sentences. 	4
X.	Imagine that you are Sahil / Sahana of Standard X,	
	Government High School, Tumkur: 5	
38.	Write a letter to your father about your preparation for	
	Annual Examination. 5	
	OR	
	Write a letter to your Head Master requesting him to	
	issue library books to complete your project work.	
	Ans.	
	Letter Writing	
	— Format	
	— Content	
	— Expression.	5