

6. Ensure that the Version of the question paper distributed to you and the Version printed on your admission ticket is the same.

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- 1. The Constitution of India came into force on
 - (A) 26th January, 1950
 - (B) 26th November, 1949
 - (C) 15th August, 1947
 - (D) 11th December, 1946
- 2. The part of the constitution that is regarded as the jewel of our constitution
 - (A) Fundamental Rights
 - (B) Preamble
 - (C) Fundamental Duties
 - (D) Elections



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- The amendment which enabled the addition of the 3. concept socialistic to the preamble
 - 40th amendment (A)
 - (B) 41st amendment
 - (C) 42nd amendment
 - 44th amendment (D)
- 4. According to Dr. B. R. Ambedkar which article is the soul

and heart of our constitution ?

- (A) Article-01 Article-21 (B)
- (C) Article-32 (D) Article-51
- The writ that is issued against a person when he illegally 5. occupies a public post
 - (A) Mandamus
 - (B) Prohibition



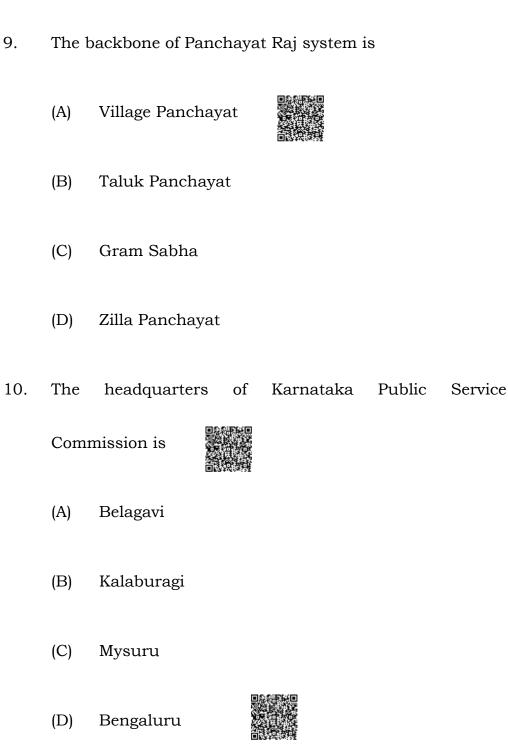
- (C) Certiorari
- Quo-warranto (D)

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CCE-III-RR/PR/NSR/NSPR(B)/222/9228 97-E 6. The part of the constitution where Directive Principles of State Policy are found (A) Part 2 (B) Part 4 (C) Part 5 (D) Part 8 7. The highest court in a State is (A) Lok Adalat **(**B**)** Session Court High Court Civil Court (C) (D) 8. The courts which deals with the consumer problems (A) **District Courts** (B) **Revenue Courts** (C) Consumer Courts

(D)

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Α

II. 11. Match the following list 'A' with list 'B' and write the

<u>answer along with its letter of alphabet</u> : $5 \times 1 = 5$

- a) Parliamentaryb) American ConstitutionDemocracy
 - b) Fundamental Rights ii) Russian Constitution
- c) Fundamental Duties iii) England's Constitution
- d) Directive Principles of iv) Canada's ConstitutionState Policy
- e) Strong Union v) Ireland's Constitution



- vi) South African Constitution
- vii) Australian Constitution

В

III. <u>Answer the following questions in a word or sentence each</u> :

$15 \times 1 = 15$

12. Who is called as the Architect of the Constitution of

India ?



- 13. Who moved the objective resolution in the Constituent Assembly of India ?
- 14. Who is the father of Local Self-Government of India ?
- 15. Define Democracy.
- 16. When was Right to Property from the list of constitutional fundamental rights removed ?
- 17. How many Fundamental Duties are there in the Constitution of India ?
- 18. Right to Information Act is very helpful to people. How ?
- "Equal pay for equal work." This is an example of which 19. principle ?
- 20. What is Gandhian principles ?
- 21. Why is Indian Judiciary called Independent an Judiciary?
- 22. What is the main function of Revenue Court?





- 23. Why are Lok Adalats established ?
- 24. What are the members of City Corporation called as ?
- 25. Who appoints the Chairman of the Union Public Service Commission ?
- Which article of the constitution made provision for the 26. creation of UPSC ?

IV. Answer the following questions in about two to four sentences / points each : $14 \times 2 = 28$

- Mention the differences between Flexible and Rigid 27. constitution.
- 28. Mention the major acts which were helpful to the development of the constitution.
- 29. Name the kinds of justice.

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Briefly state the importance of the Preamble of our 30.

Constitution.

- Explain the features of Fundamental Rights. 31.
- 32. Name any four of Fundamental Rights.
- Why is RTE Act implemented ? 33.
- What are the types of Directive Principles of State Policy ? 34.
- Which are the programmes implemented on the basis of 35.

Directive Principles of State Policy ?

- 36. Give two examples for liberal principles.
- 37. Write the hierarchy of Revenue Courts.
- 38. State the Standing Committee of Zilla Panchayat.
- How many kinds of Public Service Commission are 39. there?
- 40. Write a short note on Joint Public Service Commission.

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V. Answer the following questions in about five to six

points/sentences each :



6 × 3 = 18

97-E

- 41. Describe the salient features of the Constitution of India.
- 42. List out the important contents of the Preamble of our

Constitution.

43. Write the Fundamental Duties.



44. How does the High Court have control over the

Subordinate Courts ?

- 45. Classify the Urban Local Self-Institutions.
- 46. Explain the functions of the State Public Service

Commission.



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VI. Answer the following question in about eight to ten

<u>sentences / points</u> :



1 × 4 = 4

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47. Explain the functions of Village Panchayat.



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