ANNUAL EVALUATION-2023-24 SOCIAL SCIENCE ANSWER KEY PREPARED BY AJESH.R,HST(SS),RAMAVILASAM HSS,CHOKLI CLASS:VIII

TIME:1^{1/}₂Hrs TOTAL SCORE:40



0	Answer any 4 from questions 8 to12.Each carries 3 score	
8	Answer the following questions related to rocks	
	i)Which type of rocks are known as primary rocks?	
	 Igneous rocks ii)Give an example for sedimentary rocks? 	
	Sandstone,Limestone	3
	iii)Which type of rocks are mostly found in Kerala?	
	Metamorphic rocks	
9	What do you mean by Social control?Write any two features of social control?	
	• The pressure and interventions exerted by each social group over its members in order to ensure and sustain a safe environment is called social control.	
	 Features of social control In every society there are certain commonly accepted standards of behaviour. 	3
	• Society establishes suitable social institutions for the regulation of behaviour and socialisation of its members.	
	• Social control is formally implemented through the systems such as police, court, prison and military.	
	• Society has institutions and systems to control, prevent or punish those who do not adhere to social control	
10	How does global warming become a threat to the life forms?	
	• Sea level may rise as a result of melting of polar ice.	3
	• Destruction in the coastal ecosystem may lead to the problems such as food crisis, large scale migration etc	З
	• Leads to the depletion of many species of plants and animals in the ecosystem.	
11	Mention the geograhical characteristics of Kerala which may cause the flood to become a natural disaster?	

	 The topography of Kerala is divided into Highland,Midland and Lowland Kerala have a topography that slopes from east to west More over the presence of 44 rivers and other waterbodies Excess rainfall 	3
12	Write the features of family as a social group?	
	Small group	
	Elevated group consciousness	3
	Familiar people	
	Common ways of acting	
	• Satisfies the needs of the members	
	Influences personality	
	Answer any 2 from questions 13 to 15.Each carries 4 score	
13	What are the activities helpful in collecting and storing the surface runof?	
	Conservation of wet lands	
	Protection of forests	
	Terrace farming	
	Mulching	4
	Construction of check dams	
	Construction of mud walls	
	Digging rainwater percolation pits	
14	What is Green Revolution ?Mention the achievements in Indian agricultural sector as a result of Green revolution?	
	• The completion of the first and second Five Year Plans could not solve India's food deficiency. It led to an all out effort to achieve self sufficiency in food and progress in agriculture. There occurred a quantum jump in food output and a transformation in	

	 agriculture in two stages (19 'Green Revolution'. Green Revolution was made poyielding seeds, improved irriga agriculture finance at low inter The increased food output, estended our dependence on for achieved self sufficiency. 	ossible through the use of high ation, fertilizers, insecticides and est rate. Specially in wheat and rice	4
15	Arrange the items in column 'B' with appropriate items in column 'A'		
	Α	В	
	Natural sinks of surface water	Wetlands	
	The surface of the water-rich part beneath the ground	Water table	4
	The water stored beneath the ground	Underground water	
	Shallow tube wells dug in sandy regions	Filter point wells	
	Answer any 2 from question	s 16 to 18.Each carries 5 score	
16	Give an account of the impact of the flood that occured in Kerala during 2018		
	• To manage the excess water in the reservoirs 37 dams were opened		
	• It took away hundreds of lives.		
	• This caused considerable flooding in 13 out of the 14 districts.		
	• It had its devastative effect on all the sectors.		
	• The land, environment as well as the lifeforms including man were subjected to flood.		5
	• The agricultural sector was wh	olly affected by the floods.	
17	Write the aims of NITI Aayog		
	• To bring down government par sectors.	ticipation in industrial and service	

	• To utilize the services of the dominant middle class for sustainable economic growth.	
	• To improve agriculture production by practising mixed farming.	5
	• To make use of the services of non-resident Indians for economic and technological growth.	
	• To convert the cities into secure living centres using modern technology.	
	• To equip the nation to face global transformation and market forces.	
18	Explain the Characteristics of troposhere?	
	• This layer extends up to about 90 Km from the surface of the earth and lies close to the earth.	
	• The height of the troposphere is more in the equatorial regions because of strong convection here. (about 18 Km)	
	• Almost all the weather and climatic phenomena such as cloud formation, rain, snow, wind, thunder and lightning etc. take place in this layer.	5
	• In the troposphere the temperature decreases at a uniform rate of 1°Celcius for every 165 metres of altitude. This is called Normal Lapse Rate.	
	• The zone of transition above the troposphere is called tropopause.	

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