

SSLC Exam 2025

MATHS Answer key

(First 15 questions)

Rest will be updated soon

Questions 1 to 4 (Each question carries 2 scores)

1. In the figure, O is the centre of the circle. If $\angle ACB=70^\circ$ $\angle ACB=70^\circ$:

- (a) $\angle AOB=140^\circ$ (Angle at the centre is twice the angle at the circumference)
- (b) $\angle ADB=70^\circ$

2. 3, 8, 13, is an arithmetic sequence:

- (a) Common difference = 5
- (b) 11th term = $3+(11-1)\times 5=53$

3. Numbers from 1 to 20 are written on paper slips:

- (a) Probability of prime number = $8/20=2/5$ (Primes: 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19)
- (b) Probability of perfect square = $4/20=1/5$ (Perfect squares: 1, 4, 9, 16)

4. In the figure, OO is the centre of the circle. If $BC=4$ $BC=4$ cm and $\angle A=50^\circ$ $\angle A=50^\circ$:

$$\text{Diameter} = \frac{BC}{\sin A} = \frac{4}{0.77} \approx 5.19 \text{ cm}$$

5. 6 times a natural number subtracted from the square of that number gives 187:

- (a) Equation: $x^2-6x=187$
- (b) Number = 17 (Solve $x^2-6x-187=0$)

6. (2, 5) and (3, 7) are two points on a line:

- (a) Slope = $7-5/3-2=2$
- (b) Equation: $y-5=2(x-2)$ or $y=2x+1$

7. Arithmetic sequence 2, 8, 14, ...:

- (a) Remainder when divided by 6 = 2 (Each term is of the form $6k+2$)
- (b) 176 is a term (Solve $2+(n-1)\times 6=176$, $n=30$)

8. PB= 5cm

PD= 4cm

9. 9. Circle with centre (4, 3) and radius 5 units:

- (a) Distance from centre to x -axis = 3 units
- (b) Points where circle cuts x -axis: $(4 \pm \sqrt{25 - 9}, 0) = (4 \pm 4, 0) = (8, 0)$ and $(0, 0)$

11. Find the sum:

- (a) $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 20 = \frac{20 \times 21}{2} = 210$
- (b) $5 + 10 + 15 + \dots + 100 = 5(1 + 2 + \dots + 20) = 5 \times 210 = 1050$
- (c) $8 + 13 + 18 + \dots + 103 = \frac{n}{2}(2a + (n - 1)d)$, where $n = 20$, $a = 8$, $d = 5 \rightarrow$ Sum = 1110
- (d) $4 + 9 + 14 + \dots + 99 = \frac{n}{2}(2a + (n - 1)d)$, where $n = 20$, $a = 4$, $d = 5 \rightarrow$ Sum = 1030

12. Length of a rectangular hall is 5 metres more than the breadth. Diagonal is 10 metres more than the breadth:

- Let breadth = x , length = $x + 5$, diagonal = $x + 10$
- Equation: $x^2 + (x + 5)^2 = (x + 10)^2$
- Solve to get $x = 15$ m (breadth), length = 20 m

13. Coordinates of points A (3, 2) and B (8, 7):

(a) Midpoint of AB = (5.5, 4.5)

(b) Coordinates of P = (5, 4)

14. The rectangle has sides 7 cm and 3 cm, and its area is 21 cm².

15. In triangle ABC, AB = 8 cm, BC = 10 cm, $\angle B = 50^\circ$:

- (a) Perpendicular distance from A to BC = $AB \times \sin 50^\circ = 8 \times 0.77 = 6.16$ cm
- (b) Area = $\frac{1}{2} \times BC \times \text{height} = \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 6.16 = 30.8$ cm²