



Score

Answer any 8 questions from 1 to 10. Each carries 1 score.

(8×1=8)

1. Before 1921, India was in which stage of demographic transition ?
 - a) First stage
 - b) Second stage
 - c) Third stage
 - d) None of the above

2. Which of the following is adopted by the government to promote equity in agriculture sector after Independence in India ?
 - a) Self reliance
 - b) Land reforms
 - c) Modern Technology
 - d) Diversification

3. The New Economic Policy [NEP] adopted in India in the year
 - a) 1981
 - b) 1991
 - c) 1947
 - d) 1990



4. Pick the correct answer from the following.

a) Head-Count Ratio (HCR) = $\frac{\text{Number of Poor}}{\text{Total Population}} \times 100$

b) Head-Count Ratio (HCR) = $\frac{\text{Total Population}}{\text{Number of Poor}} \times 100$

c) Head-Count Ratio (HCR) = $\frac{\text{Number of non-Poor}}{\text{Total Population}} \times 100$

d) Head-Count Ratio (HCR) = $\frac{\text{Total Population}}{\text{Number of non-Poor}} \times 100$

5. Among the following which is casual wage labourers ?

- a) Construction workers
- b) Shop owner
- c) Civil engineer
- d) Teacher

6. Economics is the 'study of man in the ordinary business of life' – said by

- a) Adam Smith
- b) Alfred Marshal
- c) J. M. Keynes
- d) Dadabhai Naoroji

7. Pre-testing of the questionnaire among small group is called

- a) Sample Survey
- b) Pilot Survey
- c) Population Survey
- d) Primary data

8. Classification of data based on time is

- a) Geographical
- b) Quantitative
- c) Qualitative
- d) Temporal

9. Data represented through a histogram can help in finding graphically

- a) Mean
- b) Mode
- c) Median
- d) All the above

10. The most suitable average for qualitative measurement is

- a) Mean
- b) Median
- c) Mode
- d) Index Number



Score

Answer any 4 questions from 11 to 15. Each carries 2 scores.

(4×2=8)

- 11. Name four economists who estimate National Income during British Period.**
- 12. Write a note on growth in government expenditure on Education.**
- 13. Define casualisation of work force.**
- 14. Write a note on Bivariate frequency distribution.**
- 15. Draw a arithmetic line graph using following data.**

Year	Export
2009 – 2010	500
2010 – 2011	700
2011 – 2012	840
2012 – 2013	900
2013 – 2014	1000

Answer any 4 questions from 16 to 20. Each carries 3 scores.

(4×3=12)

- 16. Point out the infrastructure facilities made by British during colonial period.**
- 17. Write a short note on WTO (World Trade Organisation).**

18. What are the sources of human capital ?
19. Make a list of activities in a bus stand or a market place. How many of them are economic activities ?
20. Mention Parts of a table.

Answer any 4 questions from 21 to 25. Each carries 4 scores.

(4×4=16)

21. Prepare a note on Industrial Policy Resolution, 1956 (IPR 1956).
22. What are the causes of poverty ? Explain any four.
23. a) Mention any two types of unemployment.
b) What are the two sources of data on unemployment ?
24. You want to know about the quality of life of people in your locality. Prepare 8 questions for the survey.
25. Find out mode.

Class	Frequency
10 – 15	4
15 – 20	8
20 – 25	18
25 – 30	30
30 – 35	20
35 – 40	10
40 – 45	5
45 – 50	2



Score

Answer any 4 questions from 26 to 30. Each carries 5 scores.

(4×5=20)

26. Write short note on the following.

- a) Land Reforms
- b) Green Revolution.

27. Explain poverty alleviation programmes in India.

28. a) Define census and sample survey.
b) Point out merits and demerits of it.

29. Prepare a frequency distribution by exclusive method taking class interval 10.

0, 5, 6, 7, 5, 0, 11, 16, 19, 5, 20, 24, 29, 30, 7, 29, 24, 39, 40, 50, 50, 46, 48, 0, 10.

30. Draw less than ogive and more than ogive.

Marks	Number of Students
0 – 20	7
20 – 40	4
40 – 60	30
60 – 80	14
80 – 100	7



Score

Answer any 2 questions from 31 to 33. Each carries 8 scores.

(2×8=16)

31. Explain the new Economic Policy Implemented in India.

32. a) What is rural development ?

b) Explain the role of credit and development of agricultural marketing system on rural development.

33. Find out mean and median.

Class	Frequency
0 – 10	2
10 – 20	8
20 – 30	10
30 – 40	5
40 – 50	20
50 – 60	5
60 – 70	3
70 – 80	17