

UNOFFICIAL ANSWER KEY

FIRST YEAR HIGHER SECONDARY SECOND TERMINAL EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2025

PART-III

CODE NO: FY 3035

SCORES:80

SUBJECT: ECONOMICS.

VERSION:D.

TIME:2:30HOURS

PREPARED BY RAJESH.S

Qn. No	Sub. Qns	Answer Key / Value Point	Score	Total Score
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ANSWER ANY 8 QUESTIONS FROM 1to10

1	a) First Stage	1	1
2	b) Land Reforms	1	1
3	b) 1991	1	1
4	a) HCR= $\frac{\text{Number of Poor}}{\text{total population}} \times 100$	1	1
5	a) Construction worker	1	1
6	b) Alfred marshal	1	1
7	b) Pilot Survey	1	1
8	d) Temporal	1	1
9	b) mode	1	1
10	c) mode.	1	1

Answer any 4 questions from 11 to 15

11	Dadabhai Naoroji, William Digby, Findlay Shirras, V.K.R.V. Rao, R.C. Desai (any four)	$\frac{1}{2} \times 4$	2
12	In 1952, 7.92 % of the total expenditure was spent on education, while in 2020 it was 16.54 %. It was 0.64% of GDP in 1952 which increased to 4.47% of GDP in 2020 .	1+1	2
13	The process of moving from self-employment and regular salaried employment to casual wage work as casualisation of workforce.	2	2
14	Frequency distribution of two variables is known as bivariate frequency distribution	2	2
15	Arithmetic line graph	2	2

Answer any 4 questions from 16 to 20

16	a) The British introduced the railways in India in 1850 the development of roads and railways, developing the inland trade and sea lanes. System of electric telegraph. The postal services. (any 3)	1+1 +1	3
17	The WTO was founded in 1995 as the successor organization to the General Agreement on Trade and Tariff (GATT) which was established in 1948. <input type="checkbox"/> Providing equal opportunities to all countries in the international market for trading purpose. <input type="checkbox"/> To encourage multi-lateral trade rather than bilateral trade.	1 1 1	3
18	Investment in Education, Investment in Health Investment, on-the Job Training, Migration, Expenditure on Information	3	3

19		Buying and selling, Travelling, Waiting.	$\frac{1+1}{2}$ +1	3																								
20		Table number, title, captions, body of the table, units of measurement, source, note etc....	$\frac{1}{2} \times 6$	3																								
Answer any 4 questions from 21 to 25																												
21		Industrial Policy Resolution 1956 (IPR 1956) This resolution formed the basis of the Second Five Year Plan, the plan which tried to build the basis for a socialist pattern of society. This resolution classified industries into three categories. The first category comprised industries which would be exclusively owned by the government; the second category consisted of industries in which the private sector could supplement the efforts of the public sector. the third category consisted of the remaining industries which were to be in the private sector.	1 1 1	4																								
22		<input type="checkbox"/> Slow Economic Growth and development <input type="checkbox"/> Unemployment <input type="checkbox"/> Heavy pressure of Population <input type="checkbox"/> Low Agricultural Productivity <input type="checkbox"/> Weak infrastructure <input type="checkbox"/> Inadequate industrialisation in some areas <input type="checkbox"/> unequal distribution of wealth and resources <input type="checkbox"/> Underutilisation of natural resources	$\frac{1}{2} \times 8$	4																								
23	a) b)	Seasonal, open, disguised, structural etc... (Any 2) NSO, Employment exchange	2 2	4																								
24		8 appropriate questions	$\frac{1}{2} \times 8$	4																								
25		Formula, process, mode = 27.7	4	4																								
Answer any 4 questions from 26 to 30																												
26	a) b)	Land reforms Green revolution	$2\frac{1}{2}$ $2\frac{1}{2}$	5																								
27		Any 10 programmes	$\frac{1}{2} \times 1$	5																								
28	a) b)	Census & sample survey definition Merits and demerits	2 3	5																								
29		<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Class Interval</th> <th>Tally marks</th> <th>Frequency</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0 - 10</td> <td> </td> <td>9</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10 - 20</td> <td> </td> <td>4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>20 - 30</td> <td> </td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>30 - 40</td> <td> </td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>40 - 50</td> <td> </td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>50 - 60</td> <td> </td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total</td> <td></td> <td>25</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Class Interval	Tally marks	Frequency	0 - 10		9	10 - 20		4	20 - 30		5	30 - 40		2	40 - 50		3	50 - 60		2	Total		25	5	5
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30		Table with LCF&MCF Diagram	$2\frac{1}{2}$ $2\frac{1}{2}$	5																								
Answer any 2 questions from 31 to 33																												
31		Liberalisation, privatisation, globalisation Explanation	3 5	8																								
32	a) b)	Rural development -----definition Rural credit, agricultural marketing	2 3+3	8																								
33		Arithmetic mean=45.7 Median =45	4 4	8																								