



Class No. :

FY 3036

Name :

**FIRST YEAR HIGHER SECONDARY SECOND TERMINAL
EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2025**

**Part – III
POLITICAL SCIENCE**

Maximum : 80 Scores

Time : 2½ Hours

Cool-off Time : 15 Minutes

General Instructions to Candidates :

- There is a 'Cool off time' of 15 minutes in addition to the writing time.
- Use the 'cool off time' to get familiar with questions and to plan your answers.
- Read questions carefully before answering.
- Read the instructions carefully.
- Malayalam version of the questions is also provided.
- Calculations, figures and graphs should be shown in the answer sheet itself.

വിദ്യാർത്ഥികൾക്കുള്ള പൊതുനിർദ്ദേശങ്ങൾ :

- നിർദ്ദിഷ്ട സമയത്തിന് പുറമെ 15 മിനിറ്റ് 'കൂൾ ഓഫ് ടൈം' ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കും.
- 'കൂൾ ഓഫ് ടൈം' ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ പരിചയപ്പെടാനും ഉത്തരങ്ങൾ ആസൂത്രണം ചെയ്യാനും ഉപയോഗിക്കുക.
- ഉത്തരങ്ങൾ എഴുതുന്നതിന് മുമ്പ് ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ ശ്രദ്ധാപൂർവ്വം വായിക്കണം.
- നിർദ്ദേശങ്ങൾ ശ്രദ്ധാപൂർവ്വം വായിക്കുക.
- ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ മലയാളത്തിലും നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ട്.
- കണക്ക് കൂട്ടലുകൾ, ചിത്രങ്ങൾ, ഗ്രാഫുകൾ എന്നിവ ഉത്തരപേപ്പറിൽ തന്നെ ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കണം.



Score
(16)

From questions 1 to 11, answer for 16 scores.

1. Who wrote 'Hind Swaraj' ? **(1)**

2. Single transferable vote system is followed for _____ elections.

A) Legislative Assembly

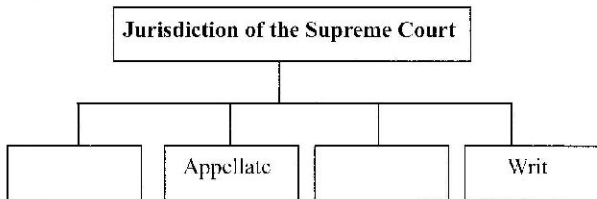
B) Lok Sabha

C) Panchayat

D) Rajya Sabha

(1)

3. Complete the chart :



(2)

4. Which Amendment inserted fundamental duties to the Indian Constitution ? **(1)**

5. Complete the table :

Bicameral Legislature	Unicameral Legislature
	Manipur
Telangana	

[Bihar, Punjab, Kerala, Maharashtra, Mizoram, Uttar Pradesh]. **(3)**

6. Which committee recommended constitutional recognition for the local government bodies ? **(1)**



7. Match the following :

Books	Authors
Long Walk To Freedom	Aung San Suu Kyi
Freedom From Fear	Salman Rushdie
The Satanic Verses	Aubrey Menon
Ramayana Retold	Nelson Mandela

(4)

8. _____ deals with the procedure of Constitutional Amendment.

- A) Article 245
- B) Article 368
- C) Article 324
- D) Article 352

(1)

9. Match the following :

Belgaum	Punjab and Haryana
Chandigarh	Tamil Nadu and Karnataka
Kaveri River	Karnataka and Maharashtra

(3)

10. Identify the philosophers :

- i) "Kings should maintain justice by punishing wrong doers and rewarding the virtuous".
- ii) "If everyone were to be unjust, no one could be sure of benefiting from injustice".

(2)

11. Indian Constitution came into force on _____

- A) 26 January 1950
- B) 9 December 1946
- C) 15 August 1947
- D) 26 November 1949

(1)



Score

(4×3=12)

Answer any 4 questions from 12 to 16. Each carries 3 scores.

- 12.** Explain the activities of the Delimitation Commission in relation to elections.
- 13.** Prepare a short note on Indian bureaucracy.
- 14.** Analyse the influence of the national movement on the making of the Indian Constitution.
- 15.** Write the major changes brought in the Indian Constitution by the 42nd Amendment.
- 16.** 'Rights are necessary for our well being' – Comment.

Answer any 4 questions from 17 to 21. Each carries 4 scores.

(4×4=16)

- 17.** Write down the reforms that can be taken to improve the electoral system in India.
- 18.** How is independence of judiciary is ensured in India ?
- 19.** Explain the idea of division of powers in the Indian Constitution.
- 20.** Write a note on the significance of the study of political theory.
- 21.** What are rights ? Explain different kinds of rights.



Score

Answer any 4 questions from 22 to 26. Each carries 5 scores.

(4×5=20)

22. Explain the functions of a Constitution.

23. How does the Parliament make laws ?

24. What were the main differences between the local governments before and after the 73rd Amendment ?

25. Describe the main ideas that influenced the making of the Indian Constitution.

26. Briefly explain John Rawl's theory of justice.

Answer any 2 questions from 27 to 29. Each carries 8 scores.

(2×8=16)

27. Briefly explain the fundamental rights in the Constitution of India.



Score

28. Prepare a seminar paper on the topic 'President of India' based on the hints given below :

- Presidential election.
- Removal of the President.
- Role of the President.
- Discretionary powers.

29. Define equality. Explain the three dimensions of equality.
