

From questions 1 to 12, answer for 16 scores.

(16)

1. The term 'McDonaldisation', is most closely associated with which of the following phenomena ?  
(a) Terrorism (b) Nuclear Threat  
(c) Cold War (d) Globalisation (1)
2. In Indian politics, the phrase 'Aya Ram Gaya Ram' is popularly used to describe which phenomenon ?  
(a) Coalition politics (b) Political defection (floor-crossing)  
(c) Electoral fraud (d) President's Rule (1)
3. Which one of the following countries is NOT a member of SAARC ?  
(a) Pakistan (b) China  
(c) India (d) Afghanistan (1)
4. The leaders of the Chipko movement were Sunder Lal Bahuguna and \_\_\_\_\_ (1)
5. What is the full form of the abbreviation UNFCCC ?  
(a) United Nations Food and Climate Change Commission  
(b) United Nations Foundation for Climate Change Control  
(c) United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change  
(d) United Nations Framework Council on Climate Change. (1)
6. Which of the following country is a permanent member of the UN Security Council ?  
(a) Pakistan (b) USA  
(c) Japan (d) India (1)
7. Which Prime Minister of India implemented the Mandal Commission Report ?  
(a) Rajiv Gandhi (b) V.P. Singh  
(c) Indira Gandhi (d) Atal Bihari Vajpayee (1)
8. Which leader announced the "open door" policy and economic reforms in China in 1978 ?  
(a) Mao Zedong (b) Deng Xiaoping  
(c) Zhou Enlai (d) Xi Jinping (1)
9. Find out the leaders of Swathanthra Party and Communist Party from the list given below  
(a) S.A. Dange (b) Syama Prasad Mukherjee  
(c) Minoo Masani (d) Ashoka Mehta (2)

10. Write the full form of the abbreviations NPT and LTBT. (2)

11. Match the following :

A	B
India's Nuclear Policy	Tibetan Spiritual leader
Shimla Agreement	No first use
Bandung Conference	Indo-Pak relations
Dalai Lama	NAM
	Panchasheel
	Tashkent agreement

(4)

12. Match the following :

A	B
Operation Desert Storm	U.S. invasion on Iraq
Operation Infinite Reach	Global War on Terror
Operation Enduring Freedom	First Gulf War
Operation Iraqi Freedom	Cruise missile strike against Al-Qaeda in Sudan and Afghanistan

(4)

Answer any 4 questions from 13 to 17. Each carries 3 scores.

(4 × 3 = 12)

13. List any three economic effects of globalization.
14. What were the three primary goals of Jawaharlal Nehru's foreign policy ?
15. What were the three significant consequences of 1975 Emergency ?
16. Define the term 'Global Commons' and provide two examples.
17. Write a short note on NAM.

Answer any 4 questions from 18 to 22. Each carries 4 scores.

(4 × 4 = 16)

18. Identify four factors that contributed to the Congress Party's political dominance in the post-independence era.
19. Describe four contemporary challenges that threaten global security.

20. Explain any two major objectives of SAARC. Mention two significant challenges that have limited its effectiveness.
21. Explain four major developments from the late 1980s that had a long-lasting impact on Indian politics.
22. The 1967 General Election is often described as a 'Political Earthquake'. Explain four major outcomes that justify this description

**Answer any 4 questions from 23 to 27. Each carries 5 scores. (4 × 5 = 20)**

23. Discuss the ways in which India meets the commonly proposed criteria for becoming a permanent member of the UN Security Council.
24. Examine the key political, economic, and social circumstances that provided the context for the 1975 declaration of Emergency in India.
25. List five principal outcomes of India's economic planning through the Five Year Plans.
26. Explain the origin, objectives and methods of the Anti-Arrack movement in Andhra Pradesh. How did this movement become a part of the larger women's movement ?
27. European Union (EU) is a highly influential regional organization ? Evaluate its Economic and Military Strength.

**Answer any 2 questions from 28 to 30. Each carries 8 scores. (2 × 8 = 16)**

28. Partition of India was a painful and difficult task. Discuss the process and consequences of partition.
29. What were the key factors that led to the collapse of Soviet Union ?
30. Discuss the diverse and complex nature of regional aspirations in North East India and explain the major political issues that arise from them.