

## 2007 JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

II B.TECH I SEMESTER REGULAR EXAMINATIONS  
ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

( Common To Electrical &amp; Electronic Engineering And Electronics &amp; Control Engineering )

NOVEMBER 2007

Time: 3 hours  
Max Marks: 80

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Answer any FIVE Questions  
All Questions carry equal marks

1. (a) Define the term: "Potential difference  $V(A) - V(B)$ , between points A and B in a static electric field". Explain the concept of reference point and comment on its location.
- (b) What are the equipotential surfaces for an infinite straight line of uniform charge density? Explain.
- (c) A uniformly charged spherical surface of radius 0.5 m is in free space. If the potential at the surface is 100 V (reference at infinity), what is the surface charge density?  
[6+6+4]
2. (a) Show that the torque on a physical dipole  $p$  C-m in a uniform electric field  $E$  is given by  $T = P \times E$ . Extend the result to a pure dipole.
- (b) A concentric spherical conductor arrangement If the capacitance of the arrangement is 0.1 nF, and  $a$  is 10 cm, find  $b$ .  
[8+8]
3. (a) Define polarization. Explain how a dielectric acquires polarization.
- (b) A long straight line of uniform charge density  $\rho$  C/m is surrounded by an insulating medium out to a radius  $R$  m. Find  $D$ . Also find the electric field in the region outside the insulation. Explain why the electric field cannot be found in the insulation region.  
[8+8]
4. (a) State Biot - Savart's law for the magnetic field  $B$  due to a steady line current element in free space. Hence obtain the magnetic field due to a steady volume current configuration.
- (b) For the current elements located in free space as shown in figure 4b, find the magnetic field  $B$  at the point P.
5. A solid non-magnetic conductor of cross section  $\rho = 2$  cm, carries a total current of 60 A, in the  $az$  direction. The conductor is inhomogeneous having a conductivity that varies with  $\rho$  as  $s = 105 ( 1 + 2.5 * 105 \rho^2 )$  Siemens/m. Find the total flux crossing through the radial plane defined by  $\rho = 0, 0 < z < 1$  m and  $0 < \phi < 1$  cm.  
[16]
6. (a) What is Ampere's force law? Derive the expression.
- (b) Two long parallel wires separated 2 meters apart carry currents of 50 A and 100 A

respectively in the same direction. Determine the magnitude and direction of the force between them per unit length. [10+6]

7. (a) Explain the self and mutual inductance. Obtain the expression for same.

(b) A coil of 1 mH is magnetically coupled to another coil of 500  $\mu$ H. The coefficient of coupling between two coils is 0.015. Calculate the inductance, if these two coils are connected in series addition and series opposition.

[10+6]

8. A co-axial capacitor has the parameters  $a=5$  mm,  $b = 30$ mm,  $l = 20$  cm,  $\epsilon_r = 8$ , and  $s = 10^{-6}$  Siemens/m. If the conduction current density in the capacitor is  $(2/\pi) \sin 106t$  A/m<sup>2</sup>, find

(a) The total conduction current through the capacitor.

(b) The Maximum value of the displacement current density.

(c) The total displacement current.

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