

**Shyam-Vidya Ayurved P.G. Entrance Coaching Center, Bhopal (M.P.)
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- (1) According to Caraka which mahabootha is not necessary in punarjanam -
 - (A) Akaś
 - (B) Vayu
 - (C) Agni
 - (D) Pruthvi
- (2) Which is Auloukya darśana -
 - (A) Nyaya
 - (B) Vaisheshik
 - (C) Sankhya
 - (D) Yoga
- (3) Bhoomika of Chitta is
 - (A) Anu
 - (B) Ekatva
 - (C) Ekagra
 - (D) None
- (4) Pracheentam siddhanta of ayurveda is
 - (A) Tridośa
 - (B) Panchamahabootha
 - (C) Darśana
 - (D) Both a & b
- (5) Nastik darśana is
 - (A) Nyaya darśana
 - (B) Vaisheshik darśana
 - (C) Mimansa darśana
 - (D) Charvak darśana
- (6) Jain darśana follow
 - (A) Kshanbhangurvād
 - (B) Anekantvād
 - (C) Ārambhavād
 - (D) Vivartvād
- (7) Number of padarth according to navya nyaya are
 - (A) 6
 - (B) 7
 - (C) 16
 - (D) 25
- (8) According to Cakrapani auśadha is
 - (A) Ras pradhan
 - (B) Virya pradhan
 - (C) Vipaka pradhan
 - (D) Guna pradhan
- (9) Manushya is
 - (A) Swedaja
 - (B) Andayuja
 - (C) Jarayuja
 - (D) Audbhiva
- (10) Total number of dravya sangraha is
 - (A) 2
 - (B) 6
 - (C) 9
 - (D) 12

- (11) The origin of jal is from
(A) Akaś
(B) Vayu
(C) Agni
(D) Pruthvi
- (12) 'Mar' is
(A) Stage of jal
(B) Stage of death
(C) Type of jal
(D) Type of death
- (13) According to Yoginath Sen total number of gunas are
(A) 40
(B) 41
(C) 42
(D) 43
- (14) Tikśna guna is for
(A) Samśodhana
(B) Samśamana
(C) Shośana
(D) Kshalana
- (15) Rukśa guna is for
(A) Samśodhana
(B) Samśamana
(C) Shośana
(D) Kshalana
- (16) Titikśa is
(A) Sātvik man guna
(B) Rājasik man guna
(C) Tamasik man guna
(D) Desire
- (17) According to sushrut 1 yug is equal to
(A) 1 year
(B) 2 year
(C) 5 year
(D) 10 year
- (18) Cheśta praman is given by
(A) Pouranik
(B) Cakrapani
(C) Tantrik
(D) Vedānt
- (19) Aatur pareeksha is -
(A) Dośa
(B) Vyadhi
(C) Bal
(D) All the above
- (20) Types of lakshana are -
(A) 2
(B) 3
(C) 4
(D) None of these

- (21) Arthapatti praman is given by
(A) Nyaya
(B) Sankhya
(C) Vedānt
(D) Prabhakar mimansak
- (22) Pravartak of Satkaryavād
(A) Sankhya
(B) Nyaya
(C) Vaisheshik
(D) Baudh
- (23) Peelupaka is followed by
(A) Nyaya
(B) Vaisheshik
(C) Mimansa
(D) Charvak
- (24) In dashvidh pariksha the Karyaphala is
(A) Sukh prapti
(B) Āyu prapti
(C) Yash prapti
(D) Arth prapti
- (25) According to Sushruta vikars are
(A) 10
(B) 7
(C) 8
(D) 16
- (26) Prakrati & vikrati is
(A) 1
(B) 7
(C) 8
(D) 16
- (27) Total number of tachshilya are
(A) 7
(B) 17
(C) 21
(D) 37
- (28) Shape of ethamoid bone is
(A) Seive like
(B) Wing like
(C) Hole like
(D) Shell like
- (29) Largest nutrient artery supply to which bone
(A) Ulnar bone
(B) Radial bone
(C) Tibial bone
(D) Femoral bone
- (30) Which part of the body remains empty after death -
(A) The bladder and bowels
(B) Stomach
(C) Heart
(D) All

- (31) As a complication from severe burns “curling ulcer” are found in -
- (A) Duodenum
 - (B) Skin
 - (C) Hand
 - (D) Neck
- (32) Undermined edge of ulcer is found in
- (A) Leprosy
 - (B) T.B.
 - (C) Diabetic ulcer
 - (D) None
- (33) Weight of kidney in adult male is
- (A) 2-4 ounce
 - (B) 4-6 ounce
 - (C) 6-8 ounce
 - (D) 1-2 ounce
- (34) Leinorenal ligament is present between
- (A) Spleen & kidney
 - (B) Liver & kidney
 - (C) Liver & Spleen
 - (D) All the above
- (35) Smallest part of penis is
- (A) Membranous
 - (B) Urethral
 - (C) Prostate
 - (D) Glans penis
- (36) Blood Supply to mammary gland
- (A) Internal thoracic artery
 - (B) Axillary artery
 - (C) Intercostal arteries
 - (D) All of these
- (37) Which nerve is not related with the eye movement -
- (A) II
 - (B) III
 - (C) IV
 - (D) VI
- (38) Which is not a part of basal ganglia
- (A) Dentate nuclei
 - (B) Striatum
 - (C) Substantia nigra
 - (D) Globus pallidus
- (39) Vitelline duct is a remnant of
- (A) Ductous arteriosus
 - (B) Ductous venosus
 - (C) Ligamentum teres
 - (D) All
- (40) Gartner’s duct is found in
- (A) Wall of vagina
 - (B) Wall of cervix
 - (C) Isthmus
 - (D) Uterus

- (41) Barium meals is a procedure to diagnosis of structural and motility abnormalities of
- (A) Esophagus
 - (B) Stomuch
 - (C) Duodenum
 - (D) All upper gastrointestinal tract
- (42) Foramen transversarium is present in
- (A) Thoracic vertebrae
 - (B) Lumbar vertebrae
 - (C) Sacral vertebrae
 - (D) Cervical vertebrae
- (43) CSF pressure is
- (A) 40-80 mm of Hg
 - (B) 50-150 mm of Hg
 - (C) 80-180 mm of Hg
 - (D) 150-220 mm of Hg
- (44) Pudendal root value is
- (A) Coccygeal nerve
 - (B) S_{3,4,5} + Coccygeal
 - (C) S_{2,3,4}
 - (D) S₄ S₅ + Coccygeal
- (45) Cholinergic receptor is
- (A) Pre ganglionic part of sympathetic nerve
 - (B) Preganglionic part of parasympathetic nerve
 - (C) Post ganglionic part of sympathetic nerve
 - (D) All
- (46) The facial muscle responsible for closing your mouth -
- (A) Temporalis
 - (B) Masseter
 - (C) Medial pterygold
 - (D) All
- (47) Slightly movable joint is
- (A) Synarthrous
 - (B) Amphiarthrous
 - (C) Diarthrous
 - (D) None
- (48) Adverse effect of Anti tubercular drugs Pyrazinamide is -
- (A) Neurotoxicity
 - (B) Hepato toxicity
 - (C) Renal failure
 - (D) Optic neuritis
- (49) Strongest ligament of body is
- (A) Ileo femoral
 - (B) Spring
 - (C) Deltoid
 - (D) Ligamentum arteriosum
- (50) Broca's area is found in
- (A) Temporal part
 - (B) Post central gyrus
 - (C) Inferior frontal gyrus
 - (D) None

- (51) Bhudhatri is the synonym of
(A) Bibhitak
(B) Punarnava
(C) Bhumayamlaki
(D) Chavya
- (52) Prabhava of Sahadevi is
(A) Visaghna
(B) Balya
(C) Mutral
(D) Jwaraghna
- (53) According to vagbhatta dravya's yoni is
(A) Lasika
(B) Rakta
(C) Ras
(D) Jal
- (54) On whom prabhava of auśadha occur
(A) Rog
(B) Rogi
(C) Bhishak
(D) Kaal
- (55) Taxonomically Udumber is
(A) Herb
(B) Shrub
(C) Tree
(D) Creeper
- (56) According to Carak usefull parts of plant is
(A) 12
(B) 16
(C) 18
(D) 20
- (57) Swalpa triphala is
(A) Gambhari, Kharjur, Parushak
(B) Gambhari, Kharjur, Draksha
(C) Jatiphal, Pugphal, Lavanga
(D) Kaśmarya, Gambhari, Kharjur
- (58) Trikarshik is
(A) Mustak, śunthi, apamarg
(B) Mustak, śunthi, ativiśa
(C) Vidang, mustak, chitrak
(D) Gambhari, kharjur, draksha
- (59) Ras of Ativiśa is
(A) Madhura
(B) Katu
(C) Tikta
(D) Kashaya
- (60) According to Carak Skandh of Brahati is
(A) Madhura
(B) Katu
(C) Tikta
(D) Kashaya

- (61) Rasa & vipaka of adra pippali is
(A) Madhura, Madhura
(B) Madhura, Katu
(C) Katu, Katu
(D) Katu, Madhura
- (62) Best rasa in guru guna
(A) Madhura
(B) Katu
(C) Tikta
(D) Kashaya
- (63) Karma of maricha is
(A) Stambhan
(B) Vikasi
(C) Pramathi
(D) Abhiśyandi
- (64) Useful part of Lakucha is
(A) Epicarp
(B) Mesocarp
(C) Endocarp
(D) All
- (65) Which part of mayaphala is used as medicine
(A) Stem
(B) Tuber
(C) Stigma
(D) Gall
- (66) Drug which is madhur rasa but not brahamiya & kaphakaraka
(A) Bala
(B) Barley
(C) Honey
(D) Shatavari
- (67) Drug which is used as aushadha & lord's prayer is
(A) Shallaki
(B) Bilva
(C) Brahmi
(D) Vacha
- (68) Who includes Dravyaguna in 8 parts of Ayurveda
(A) Priyavrat Sharma
(B) Bhavamishra
(C) Kaeyadev
(D) Rajnighantu
- (69) Ādhunik nighantu kaha hai
(A) Priya nighantu
(B) Madanpala nighantu
(C) Raj nighantu
(D) Bhavaprakash nighantu
- (70) Which drug is not included in Trimada
(A) Vidanga
(B) Mustak
(C) Chavya
(D) Chitrak

- (71) Who said that – Parinama lakshananam vipaka
(A) Carak
(B) Vagbhatta
(C) Parashar
(D) Nagarjuna
- (72) According to Suśruta bhoutika sangathana of amla rasa is
(A) Pruthvi+agni
(B) Jal+agni
(C) Pruthvi+Jal
(D) Vayu+agni
- (73) Badhavidmutra is found in
(A) Katu vipaka
(B) Amla vipaka
(C) Madhur vipaka
(D) All
- (74) According to Nimi number of Virya are
(A) 3
(B) 5
(C) 11
(D) 15
- (75) Roapana karma is indicated in which rasa
(A) Madhura
(B) Katu
(C) Tikta
(D) Kashaya
- (76) Toothache tree is
(A) Salvadora persica
(B) Zanthoxylum alatum
(C) Madhuka indica
(D) Celastrus peniculatus
- (77) Which drug possess anulomana karma
(A) Haritiki
(B) katuki
(C) Bibhitki
(D) Nagkesar
- (78) Bakuchi is
(A) Virechaka
(B) Shivtrakushtaghna
(C) kushtaghna
(D) Vishaghna
- (79) In shivtra sansrana is done from
(A) Āragwadh
(B) malpu
(C) Kutaki
(D) Snuhi
- (80) Soma roga is firstly told in
(A) Vaidik kaal
(B) Charak
(C) Bhavaprakash
(D) Sharangdhara

(81) According to bhel number of Intities of oja is

- (A) 8
- (B) 12
- (C) 7
- (D) 9

(82) Meaning of “tuvar” is

- (A) Amla
- (B) Tikta
- (C) Kashaya
- (D) Madhur

(83) Madhura, amla, lavana rasa is

- (A) Vata pacifiers
- (B) Kapha vitiator
- (C) Both a,b
- (D) None

(84) Katu rasa of pippali pacifies which dosha

- (A) Vata
- (B) Pitta
- (C) Kapha
- (D) All

(85) Aim of Yogasiddhi is

- (A) Jeevan mukti
- (B) Arogya
- (C) Esvarya
- (D) All

(86) Which lepa is used in Shilipada

- (A) Valmik mratika
- (B) Sarśapa tail
- (C) Pinda tail
- (D) Eranda tail

(87) Rasa sindura is the combination of

- (A) Parada, gandhaka
- (B) Parada, saidhava, swarna
- (C) Parada, khatika
- (D) Parada, saidhava,hartaal

(88) Percentage of swarna in swarna vanga is

- (A) 1 %
- (B) 2 %
- (C) 3 %
- (D) None

(89) Types of Abhraka is

- (A) 4
- (B) 6
- (C) 7
- (D) 8

(90) Another name of Vaikrant is

- (A) Calomel
- (B) Alum
- (C) Flourspar
- (D) Realgar

- (91) Chemical formula of swarna makshik is
(A) $\text{Cu}_2\text{SFe}_2\text{S}_3$
(B) Fe_2S_3
(C) Cu_2S
(D) All
- (92) Mainly purification of vimala is done by
(A) Katutumbi
(B) Yavakshara
(C) Ātarushaka
(D) Kulatha
- (93) Smell in gomutra Gandhi shilajatu is due to
(A) KNO_3
(B) Hippuric acid
(C) ZnCO_3
(D) All
- (94) Internally shilajatu is administered with
(A) Gomutra
(B) Takra
(C) Toya
(D) All
- (95) Sukratunda is the type of
(A) Gandhaka
(B) Shilajatu
(C) Hingula
(D) Parada
- (96) FeSO_4 is
(A) Kaśiś
(B) Tutha
(C) Gairik
(D) Hartaal
- (97) Neelanjana is
(A) ZnO
(B) PbS
(C) Sb_2S_3
(D) ZnS
- (98) Agnijaar is
(A) Shell of watery animal
(B) Dry fecal of whale
(C) Something burning
(D) None
- (99) In bronze ratio between copper & tin is
(A) 4:1
(B) 2:1
(C) 1:4
(D) 1:2
- (100) Use of manikya is in
(A) Swas
(B) Jwara
(C) Shirashool
(D) Chardi

- (101) Pearl content other than Calcium carbonate (CaCO_3)
(A) Conchiolin
(B) Al_2O_3
(C) both
(D) none
- (102) Praval is related to which graham
(A) Chandra
(B) Budha
(C) Shukra
(D) Kuj
- (103) Quantity of vajra bhasma is
(A) 1-2 mg
(B) 2-4 mg
(C) 4-8 mg
(D) 10-20 mg
- (104) Choornodaka is
(A) Khatika
(B) Sudha
(C) Shukti
(D) None
- (105) Use of Badarashm is in
(A) Swas kas
(B) Hadruya rog
(C) Shirashool
(D) Ashmari
- (106) Use of shwetaparpati is in
(A) Jwara
(B) Ashmari
(C) Mutrakracha
(D) Shirashool
- (107) Srotodushti occurs in which stage of shadkriyakaal
(A) 2nd
(B) 3rd
(C) 4th
(D) 5th
- (108) Asrak kshaya is a hetu of
(A) Ardit
(B) Pakshaghata
(C) Hanumoksha
(D) murcha
- (109) Chayavan is the karma of
(A) Rasa
(B) Rakta
(C) Majja
(D) Sukra
- (110) Purvaroop occurs in which stage of shadkriyakaal
(A) 2nd
(B) 3rd
(C) 4th
(D) 5th

- (111) Symptoms of phaldayi shukra -
(A) Sukla, bahu
(B) bahalam, madhur
(C) Guru, pichchhila
(D) All
- (112) Types of phakka roga
(A) 2
(B) 3
(C) 4
(D) 5
- (113) Treatment of pārgarbhik roga is
(A) Vamana
(B) Deepana
(C) Pachana
(D) Brahana
- (114) According to charak the cow having vajikaraka milk
(A) Rohini
(B) Kapila
(C) Krishna
(D) Both a & c
- (115) “Bahumutatra” is symptom of
(A) Aamaj jwar
(B) Pravaddha Aamvat
(C) Aamvat
(D) Both a & B
- (116) The name of dantaroga aushadha in children is
(A) Meshshringi
(B) Neem
(C) Bakul
(D) Karkatshringi
- (117) The drug used for gudapaka in children is
(A) Changeri ghrita
(B) Sukumar ghrita
(C) Rasanjan
(D) None
- (118) Treatment of kukunak roga is
(A) Snehana
(B) Vamana
(C) Virechana
(D) Pratisarana
- (119) Quantity of karnapurana is [in vakamatra]
(A) 500
(B) 800
(C) 1000
(D) 1200
- (120) According to Sharangdhara total number netra kalpana is
(A) 6
(B) 7
(C) 8
(D) 9

- (121) Parvani is which type of eye disorder
(A) Sandhigata
(B) Shuklagata
(C) Sarvagata
(D) Drashtigata
- (122) 'Pashupat varti' is used in which disease
(A) Nimesh
(B) Anjanamika
(C) Lagana
(D) Vartmārsh
- (123) Contraindication of ghritapana is
(A) Jeerna pratiśyaya
(B) Kasa
(C) Pandu
(D) Nutan pratiśyaya
- (124) Dosa present in apinasa roga is
(A) Vata kapha
(B) Vata pitta
(C) Kapha pitta
(D) Tridoshaja
- (125) Vidirna auśta is due to
(A) Vataja
(B) Pittaja
(C) Raktaja
(D) Abhighataja
- (126) Sarvasar roga is
(A) Visarpa
(B) Mukhapaka
(C) Tundikeri
(D) Prameha
- (127) Agnikarma is done in which shiroroga
(A) Suryavarta
(B) Ardhavbhedaka
(C) Anantvata
(D) Shankaka
- (128) Vyadhi satmya is
(A) Roga
(B) Rupa
(C) Upaśaya
(D) Anupaśaya
- (129) Which is not madhayam margaja roga
(A) Kasa
(B) Swasa
(C) Arsha
(D) All
- (130) Which is included in Devayapashraya chikitsa
(A) Aushadha
(B) Upavasa
(C) Bhaya
(D) Both a & b

- (131) Contraindicated in granthi visarpa is
(A) Dahakarma
(B) Pātan
(C) Raktamokshana
(D) None
- (132) The lakshana of vrikka vidradhi is
(A) Parshwashool
(B) Parshwasankoch
(C) Kasa
(D) Swasa
- (133) According to Vagbhatta types of shoph is
(A) 5
(B) 6
(C) 7
(D) 9
- (134) According to Carak types of udavarta is
(A) 4
(B) 5
(C) 6
(D) 7
- (135) Dosas affected in urusthambha is
(A) Tridośa + meda
(B) Tridośa + āmadosa
(C) Kapha + āmadosa
(D) Kapha + meda
- (136) Jeevadān is which type of nanatmaja vikar
(A) Vataja
(B) Pittaja
(C) Kaphaja
(D) Raktaja
- (137) Takra is used in
(A) Vatapitta roga
(B) Vatakapha roga
(C) Pittakapha roga
(D) Kapha roga
- (138) Treatment of rasapradoshaja vikara is
(A) Langhana
(B) Vaman
(C) Amadosa chikitsa
(D) All
- (139) Pratyaya is synonym of
(A) Nidana
(B) Purvaroopā
(C) Roopa
(D) Upashaya
- (140) Types of vyanjaka nidana is
(A) 2
(B) 3
(C) 4
(D) 5

- (141) Which is hetuvyadhi vipreetarthkari upshaya
(A) Upanaha in vrana
(B) Madya sevan in madatya
(C) Bhaya darshan in unmade
(D) None
- (142) “Klriptibhava” is the lakshana of
(A) Vataja jwara
(B) Vataja unmad
(C) Gulma
(D) Apasmar
- (143) Rajyakshma is symptom of
(A) Vataja gulma
(B) Pittaja gulma
(C) Kaphaja gulma
(D) Sannipātaja gulma
- (144) Mahatyaya Prameh is
(A) Sadhya
(B) Dusadhya
(C) Asadhya
(D) Yapy
- (145) Which is not the dushya of kushta
(A) Lasika
(B) Ras
(C) Rakta
(D) Meda
- (146) Matasyashaklopam is the main feature of which kushta
(A) Ekkushta
(B) Charmakhya
(C) Kitibha
(D) Pama
- (147) Dosa in Alasaka roga is
(A) Vatapitta roga
(B) Vatakapha roga
(C) Pittakapha roga
(D) Kapha roga
- (148) Ardita karana aakriti is the purvaroop of
(A) Unmad
(B) Apasmar
(C) Pakshaghat
(D) All
- (149) Prakruti of jwara is
(A) Sharira santaap
(B) Mann santaap
(C) Shareer & mann santaap
(D) Ansaparshabhitaap
- (150) Treatment of shareergata Aam is
(A) Langhana
(B) Pachana
(C) Both
(D) Dhosavshechan

- (151) The srotas which gets dusta after intake of varuni madya is
(A) Ras
(B) Mansa
(C) Meda
(D) Majja
- (152) Total number of vадpadamarga is
(A) 24
(B) 36
(C) 44
(D) 46
- (153) In which nakshatra punsavan sanskar is done
(A) Ashwin
(B) Margashish
(C) Pushya
(D) All
- (154) Arishta is the synonym of
(A) Updrava
(B) Ardraka
(C) Nimb
(D) All
- (155) Which is a the drug that content katu rasa
(A) Nimbu
(B) Gukshur
(C) Bhunimb
(D) Nimb
- (156) Which is the synonym of srotas
(A) Sira
(B) Marga
(C) Pantha
(D) All
- (157) According to Carak which is not the synonym of chakitsa
(A) Dravya
(B) Satmya
(C) Purnya
(D) None
- (158) Entrance of kuti in kutipravesik is in which direction
(A) North
(B) South
(C) East
(D) Both a & c
- (159) Pippali is in which form in avar bal rogi
(A) Kalka
(B) Kwath
(C) Churna
(D) None
- (160) Which is not included in 10 yogas of bhallatak
(A) Kshara
(B) Guda
(C) Taila
(D) Lavana

- (161) Kapha anupurva chikitsa is done in
(A) Atisara
(B) Grahani
(C) Madatyā
(D) Pandu
- (162) Mishraka sneha is used in which disease
(A) Gulma
(B) Pandu
(C) Unmad
(D) Apasmar
- (163) In which disease vata should be protected in starting & end
(A) Gulma
(B) Pandu
(C) Unmad
(D) Apasmar
- (164) Which dosa mainly present in Yoni roga
(A) Vataja
(B) Pittaja
(C) Raktaja
(D) Kaphaja
- (165) Lashunadhya ghrita mainly used in which disease
(A) Gulma
(B) Pandu
(C) Unmad
(D) Apasmar
- (166) Nabhiparivritta is found in which disease
(A) Kaphodar
(B) Pleehodar
(C) Jalodar
(D) Ajatodar
- (167) Vatapurnadratisparsha is the symptom of
(A) Sandhivata
(B) Amavata
(C) Udararoga
(D) All
- (168) Muhubadham muhudravam is the symptom of
(A) Grahani
(B) Pravahika
(C) Atisaar
(D) None
- (169) Which vasthi is given in Halimaka roga
(A) Yapana
(B) Ksheer
(C) Anuvasana
(D) All
- (170) According to Dalhana which dosa is present in Chinna swasa
(A) Vataja
(B) Pittaja
(C) Raktaja
(D) Kaphaja

- (171) According to Charaka total number of vrana upakrama is
(A) 16
(B) 36
(C) 60
(D) 66
- (172) What is used in koshtagata vata
(A) Saindhava
(B) Lavana
(C) Kshara
(D) Takra
- (173) What is contraindicated in agnikarma
(A) Shonitaagama
(B) Asweda
(C) Pittaprakruti
(D) All
- (174) Types of mutrakriccha is
(A) 5
(B) 6
(C) 8
(D) 9
- (175) Which is used for removing guda sthita shalya
(A) Kankamukha
(B) Sinhamukha
(C) Anguli
(D) Kakamukha
- (176) Bhedana karma in yogyasutriya is done on
(A) Praveshaka
(B) Panasa
(C) Bimbiphala
(D) Alabu
- (177) Which rasa is not present in kshara
(A) Madhura
(B) Amla
(C) Katu
(D) Tikta
- (178) The asadhya savisha jalouka is
(A) Indrayudha
(B) Savarika
(C) Pundarika
(D) Shankamukhi
- (179) Which bandh is used in udara in vrana bandhana
(A) Vibandh
(B) Gophana
(C) Khatwa
(D) Swastika
- (180) Shuktidhauta type of vrana srava is seen in
(A) Siragata vrana
(B) Sandhigata vrana
(C) Asthigata vrana
(D) Majja gata vrana

- (181) If vrana rogi takes divaswapna then it causes
(A) Shoth
(B) Raga
(C) Ruja
(D) Mrityu
- (182) What is the size of suchi for sandhiseevan
(A) 1 angula
(B) 2 angula
(C) 3 angula
(D) 4 angula
- (183) Panas asthi sum swarupa of arsha is found in which dosa prakopa
(A) Vataja
(B) Pittaja
(C) Raktaja
(D) Kaphaja
- (184) Dhoompana in prameha is
(A) Pathya
(B) Apathya
(C) Nishidha
(D) None
- (185) Varatidrasta sansthana shotha is present in
(A) Sheetpitta
(B) Udarda
(C) Koth
(D) Kitibha
- (186) Chayavanprash is
(A) Medhavrudhi
(B) Ayuvrudhi
(C) Vatanulomana
(D) All
- (187) Wuchereria Bancrofti is a Causative factor of
(A) Malaria
(B) Filariasis
(C) Kala Azar
(D) Dengue
- (188) Morphine is obtained from
(A) *Papaver somniferum*
(B) *Vatera indica*
(C) *Boswellia serrate*
(D) *Cannabis sativa*
- (189) The Useful part of Jivaka is
(A) Gall
(B) Stembark
(C) Stigma
(D) Tuber
- (190) Updha is the synonym of
(A) Moksha
(B) Aasan
(C) Bhallataka
(D) Trisna

(191) In which month Special care of pregnant woman is required

- (A) 6**
- (B) 7**
- (C) 8**
- (D) 9**

(192) Anupan of Pushyanag churana is

- (A) Tandolodak**
- (B) Madhu**
- (C) Both**
- (D) None**

(193) First sign of Ulcerative Colitis is

- (A) constipation**
- (B) bloody diarrhea**
- (C) progressive loosening of the stool**
- (D) abdominal pain**

(194) ASLO blood test is related with

- (A) Rheumatoid arthritis**
- (B) Arthritis**
- (C) Ulcerative Colitis**
- (D) T.B.**

(195) The treatment of Sadhya Artava dosh is

- (A) Sanshodhan**
- (B) Utter vasti**
- (C) pitral ahar vihar**
- (D) both b & c**

(196) The shape of pittaja ashmari is

- (A) bhallatakasthi nibham**
- (B) kadambhpushpvat**
- (C) kukakutanad sam**
- (D) none**

(197) The madhu varna ashmari is

- (A) Vataja**
- (B) Pittaja**
- (C) kaphaja**
- (D) Sannipataja**

(198) Shukpurna is symptom of which kanda bhagna

- (A) Vakra**
- (B) Sphutita**
- (C) chinna**
- (D) Pichchhita**

(199) Dhutu satamaya & vikaroshaman is a symptom of

- (A) Arogaya**
- (B) Rogmukti**
- (C) Vikruti**
- (D) None**

(200) The first bone to ossify and its epiphysis appears last -

- (A) Clavicle**
- (B) Scapula**
- (C) femur**
- (D) Carpal bone**

Answer sheet – Hyderabad PG 2009				
1. A	21. D	41. D	61. A	81. B
2. B	22. A	42. D	62. A	82. C
3. C	23. B	43. B	63. C	83. C
4. D	24. A	44. C	64. C	84. C
5. D	25. D	45. D	65. D	85. A
6. B	26. B	46. D	66. C	86. B
7. B	27. B	47. B	67. B	87. A
8. B	28. A	48. B	68. A	88. D
9. C	29. C	49. A	69. A	89. A
10. C	30. A	50. C	70. C	90. C
11. C	31. A	51. C	71. D	91. A
12. A	32. B	52. D	72. B	92. C
13. C	33. B	53. D	73. A	93. B
14. A	34. A	54. A	74. D	94. D
15. C	35. A	55. C	75. D	95. C
16. A	36. D	56. C	76. B	96. A
17. C	37. A	57. A	77. A	97. B
18. C	38. A	58. B	78. B	98. B
19. D	39. A	59. C	79. B	99. C
20. B	40. A	60. A	80. A	100. C

101. A	121. A	141. B	161. C	181. C
102. D	122. C	142. A	162. A	182. B
103. B	123. D	143. C	163. A	183. D
104. B	124. A	144. C	164. A	184. B
105. D	125. D	145. B	165. C	185. A
106. C	126. B	146. A	166. C	186. D
107. C	127. D	147. B	167. A	187. B
108. A	128. C	148. A	168. A	188. A
109. D	129. D	149. C	169. D	189. D
110. C	130. D	150. C	170. B	190. D
111. D	131. D	151. C	171. B	191. C
112. C	132. B	152. C	172. C	192. C
113. B	133. D	153. C	173. D	193. C
114. D	134. C	154. C	174. C	194. A
115. D	135. B	155. C	175. C	195. D
116. D	136. B	156. D	176. A	196. A
117. C	137. B	157. D	177. B	197. B
118. B	138. A	158. D	178. A	198. B
119. C	139. A	159. C	179. A	199. A
120. B	140. A	160. A	180. C	200. A