

1. When was the State of Chhattisgarh established by dividing the State of Madhya Pradesh ?
(A) On 1st November, 2000
(B) On 31st November, 2001
(C) On 15th August, 2001
(D) On 15th August, 2000
2. Narmada river flows into where ?
(A) Into Bay of Bengal
(B) Into Yamuna River
(C) Into Arabian Sea
(D) Into river Tapti
3. Where is Graphite found in Madhya Pradesh ?
(A) In Balaghat
(B) In Shahdol
(C) In Mandla
(D) In Betul
4. Which is the most important crop of Madhya Pradesh ?
(A) Wheat (B) Paddy
(C) Gram (D) Sugarcane
5. What was the density of population in Madhya Pradesh according to 2001 census ?
(A) 186 persons per square km
(B) 196 persons per square km
(C) 201 persons per square km
(D) None of these
6. In which year was Devi Ahilya Vishwavidyalaya established ?
(A) 1957 (B) 1968
(C) 1964 (D) 1970
7. The 'Urja Rajdhani' (Energy Capital) of Madhya Pradesh is—
(A) Sidhi (B) Jabalpur
(C) Bhopal (D) Gwalior
8. At which place will the state level Mowgali Utsav-2011 be held ?
(A) Pench Sanctuary
(B) Bandhavgarh National Park
(C) Kanha National Park
(D) Madhava National Park
9. Which of the following is a non-residual pollution ?
(A) Water pollution
(B) Air pollution
(C) Soil pollution
(D) Noise pollution
10. Madhya Pradesh State Industrial Development Corporation was established in—
(A) 1969 (B) 1980
(C) 1965 (D) 1972
11. When did Bhopal Gas tragedy happen ?
(A) 2–3 December, 1984
(B) 2–3 October, 1984
(C) 2–3 September, 1984
(D) 1–2 December, 1984
12. Matatila Dam was constructed on which river ?
(A) Narmada (B) Son
(C) Betwa (D) Chambal
13. Where are the 'Sal' forest mainly found ?
(A) Khandwa (B) Khargone
(C) Mandla (D) Rajgarh
14. For whom is 'The Annapoorna Programme' implemented by the Government of Madhya Pradesh ?
(A) For landless people
(B) For farmers
(C) For the small and marginal farmers of scheduled tribes and scheduled castes
(D) None of the above
15. Which division of Madhya Pradesh has only two districts ?
(A) Rewa
(B) Gwalior
(C) Hoshangabad
(D) Jabalpur
16. Which Geographical line passes through Madhya Pradesh ?
(A) Capricorn
(B) Cancer
(C) Equatorial
(D) None of these
17. In which year was Madhya Pradesh Panchayat Raj Act implemented in Madhya Pradesh ?
(A) 29th December, 1993
(B) 30th December, 1993
(C) 19th January, 1994
(D) 25th January, 1994
18. Who has been selected for National Kalidas Award in the field of classical dance for the year 2008–09 ?
(A) Birju Maharaj
(B) Kelucharan Mohapatra
(C) Shobhana Narayan
(D) Kalamandalam Gopi
19. In which district in Singajee Power Project situated ?
(A) Burhanpur
(B) Barwani
(C) Khandwa
(D) Singrauli
20. Which tribe is related to the family line of the Kaurava rulers ?
(A) Kharwar (B) Kanwar
(C) Kolam (D) Korku
21. Which building was designed by architect Charles Correa in Madhya Pradesh ?
(A) Raj Bhawan
(B) Ravindra Bhawan
(C) Legislative Assembly Bhawan
(D) None of these
22. Which city of Madhya Pradesh is called 'Sanskardhani' ?
(A) Mandla (B) Gwalior
(C) Jabalpur (D) Bhopal
23. Which literateur is not related to Madhya Pradesh ?
(A) Dharmveer Bharti
(B) Seth Govinddas
(C) Prabhakar Machwe
(D) Naresh Mehta

24. Which 'Samman' (honour) is given in the field of Hindi Poetry by Madhya Pradesh Government ?
 (A) Iqbal Samman
 (B) Maithilisharan Gupt Samman
 (C) Sharad Joshi Samman
 (D) Tulsi Samman
25. Where is the Regional Office of Forest Research Institute and Training College Dehra Dun situated in Madhya Pradesh ?
 (A) Mandla (B) Jabalpur
 (C) Bhopal (D) Pachmarhi
26. With whose cooperation has the 'Park Interpretation Scheme' been implemented in Kanha-Kisli National Park ?
 (A) Great Britain
 (B) Norway
 (C) Switzerland
 (D) U.S.A.
27. In how many districts is the 'Sabra Yojana' being implemented according to the decision of the Council of Ministers of Madhya Pradesh ?
 (A) 12 (B) 15
 (C) 20 (D) 22
28. Which tribe is the largest from population viewpoint in Madhya Pradesh ?
 (A) Baiga (B) Gond
 (C) Bhil (D) Korku
29. In which tribe in Madhya Pradesh is the 'Relo' song most favourite among the young boys and girls ?
 (A) Muria (B) Bhil
 (C) Baiga (D) Gond
30. For which of the following arts is the 'Ustad Alauddin Khan Fellowship' awarded by the Government of Madhya Pradesh ?
 (A) Fine Arts
 (B) Folk Arts
 (C) Music
 (D) For all of these Arts
31. In which year the Film Development Corporation is established in Madhya Pradesh ?
 (A) 1972 (B) 1980
 (C) 1981 (D) 1986
32. With what purpose has 'Ushakiran Yojana' been started by the Government of Madhya Pradesh ?
 (A) To encourage the use of solar energy
 (B) For the economic empowerment of women
 (C) To impart health insurance to women
 (D) To protect women and children from domestic violence
33. How many caves are there in Udaigiri situated near Vidisha District of Madhya Pradesh ?
 (A) 20 (B) 21
 (C) 22 (D) 23
34. Where is the 'Urs' of Baba Shahabuddin Aulia celebrated in Madhya Pradesh ?
 (A) Nagda
 (B) Bhopal
 (C) Neemuch (Mandsaur)
 (D) Hoshangabad
35. From which city was 'Jhanda Satyagrah' started in 1923 ?
 (A) Sehore (B) Gwalior
 (C) Jabalpur (D) Bhopal
36. National Social Security Fund approved by the Union Cabinet of India is meant for—
 (A) Organized Sector
 (B) Unorganized Sector
 (C) Public Sector
 (D) Social Security Sector
37. When did Mahatma Gandhi return to India from South Africa forever ?
 (A) 1914 (B) 1915
 (C) 1916 (D) 1917
38. Increase in Carbon dioxide in atmosphere causes—
 (A) Fall in earth's temperature
 (B) Rise in earth's temperature
 (C) Increase in ultraviolet rays
 (D) Uniformity in earth's temperature
39. Who invented smallpox vaccine ?
 (A) Hopkins
 (B) Jenner
 (C) Koch Robert
 (D) Harvey
40. Who discovered electrons ?
 (A) Niels Bohr
 (B) Rutherford
 (C) J. J. Thompson
 (D) None of these
41. Which one of the following is *not* a Fundamental Duty ?
 (A) To honour the national anthem
 (B) To safeguard the public property
 (C) To protect monuments and places of national importance
 (D) Protection and promotion of National Environment
42. The oldest known fossil of an African Ape was discovered in—
 (A) Kenya (B) Nigeria
 (C) Uganda (D) South Africa
43. In which year did Gabriel Lippmann discover colour photography ?
 (A) 1829 (B) 1837
 (C) 1857 (D) 1891
44. The time-period of a pendulum on Moon—
 (A) Decreases
 (B) Increases
 (C) Remains the same
 (D) Remains zero
45. Who was the first Indian High Commissioner in London ?
 (A) Vijay Lakshmi Pandit
 (B) S. Radhakrishnan
 (C) Sir Girija Shankar Bajpai
 (D) V. K. Krishna Menon
46. Who is the Gold Medalist of Double Trap Shooting Championship of Asian Games 2010 ?
 (A) Rajyavardhan Singh Rathore
 (B) Ranjan Sodhi
 (C) Xing Xu
 (D) Abhinav Bindra
47. Which of the following dance styles is not deemed as classical ?
 (A) Bharat Natyam
 (B) Bihoo
 (C) Kathakali
 (D) Kuchipudi

48. Who won the tenth edition of Union of European Football Association under-19 Championship Title ?
 (A) Germany (B) Sweden
 (C) Poland (D) Spain
49. Who amongst the following has directed the film 'Train To Pakistan' ?
 (A) Shyam Benegal
 (B) Khushwant Singh
 (C) Richard Attenborough
 (D) Pamela Rooks
50. The output quality of a printer of a computer is measured by—
 (A) Dot per inch
 (B) Dot per sq. inch
 (C) Dots printed per unit time
 (D) All of these
51. Which of the following statements relating to Analog Computer is correct ?
 (A) Input is first converted into digital form
 (B) Input is never converted into digital form
 (C) Output is displayed in digital form
 (D) None of the above
52. Who invented the high level language 'C' ?
 (A) Nicholes Writh
 (B) Donald Kunth
 (C) Denish M. Ritchie
 (D) Seymour Papert
53. What is the quorum to constitute a meeting of Rajya Sabha ?
 (A) 1/5th of the Total Members
 (B) 2/5th of the Total Members
 (C) 1/10th of the Total Members
 (D) 1/2 of the Total Members
54. Who is said to be the Father of Nuclear Research in India ?
 (A) Raja Ramanna
 (B) U. R. Rao
 (C) Homi J. Bhabha
 (D) C. V. Raman
55. What is the length and breadth of a football field ?
 (A) 100 × 60 yards
 (B) 100–110 m × 64–75 m
 (C) 100–110 m × 70–75 m
 (D) 100–110 m × 65–80 m
56. Who wrote the book 'Hind Swaraj' ?
 (A) Lokmanya Balgangadhar Tilak
 (B) Mahatma Gandhi
 (C) B. R. Ambedkar
 (D) Jawaharlal Nehru
57. Which district of Assam was transferred to Pakistan in 1947 as a result of partition of India ?
 (A) Mymensingh
 (B) Rangpur
 (C) Chittagong
 (D) Sylhet
58. The length of 'Great Wall of China' is approximately—
 (A) 2240 km (B) 2245 km
 (C) 2255 km (D) 2232.5 km
59. Minakshi Temple of Madurai is dedicated to—
 (A) Shiva (B) Lakshmi
 (C) Brahma (D) Vishnu
60. Which player among the following was selected for Dhyanchand Award for the year 2010 ?
 (A) Sandeep Singh
 (B) Kuldeep Singh
 (C) Prabhjot Singh
 (D) Sardar Singh
61. An amusement park charges ₹ 8 for an adult ticket and ₹ 6 for a child's ticket. On a certain day a total of 150 tickets were sold for a total cost of ₹ 1,020. How many more children's tickets were sold than adults' tickets ?
 (A) 30 (B) 50
 (C) 60 (D) 90
62. The 'Reliance Cup' was earlier known by the name of—
 (A) Rothman's Cup
 (B) Prudential Cup
 (C) Benson and Hedges Cup
 (D) McDowells Challenge Cup
63. Who amongst the following is not a recipient of Bharat Ratna ?
 (A) Dr. Sarvapalli Radhakrishnan
 (B) Sardar Vallabh Bhai Patel
 (C) Mrs. Indira Gandhi
 (D) Atal Bihari Vajpayee
64. Who amongst the following is most benefited from inflation ?
 (A) Debtor
 (B) Creditor
 (C) Savings bank account holder
 (D) Government pensioner
65. Which among the following is the oldest Financial Institution of India ?
 (A) IDBI (B) IFCI
 (C) ICICI (D) UTI
66. Bokaro Steel Limited was established with the assistance of—
 (A) U.S.A.
 (B) Germany
 (C) Soviet Union
 (D) United Kingdom
67. Which characteristic of Indian Constitution among the following is *not* similar to the 'American Constitution' ?
 (A) Written Constitution
 (B) Federal Structure of the Government
 (C) Fundamental Rights
 (D) Parliamentary setup of the Government
68. The following diagram represents a square lawn. If A is increased by 50% and B is decreased by 20%, by what percent is the area of the lawn increased ?

 (A) 15% (B) 20%
 (C) 30% (D) 45%
69. Which one of the following is the main task of the Planning Commission ?
 (A) Implementation of the Plan
 (B) Preparation of the Plan
 (C) Financing of the Plan
 (D) Both (A) and (B)
70. When milk is converted into curd, its sour taste is due to—
 (A) Acetic acid
 (B) Citric acid
 (C) Lactic acid
 (D) Tartaric acid
71. Where is the headquarters of International Court of Justice situated ?
 (A) Geneva (B) The Hague
 (C) New York (D) Paris

72. Which industries in India were worst affected because of partition ?
 (A) Jute and Cotton
 (B) Paper and Iron
 (C) Cotton and Sugar
 (D) Engineering and Cement
73. Which state has the longest Coastline in India ?
 (A) Andhra Pradesh
 (B) Gujarat
 (C) Karnataka
 (D) Tamil Nadu
74. Which is the earliest Engineering Educational Institution of India ?
 (A) Birla Institute of Science and Technology, Pilani
 (B) Roorkee Engineering College, Roorkee
 (C) IIT, Kharagpur
 (D) IIT, BHU Varanasi
75. With whom does the power to increase the number of judges in the Supreme Court of India lie ?
 (A) The President of India
 (B) The Chief Justice of India
 (C) The Parliament of India
 (D) The Union Ministry of Law
76. If $\sin \theta + \sin^2 \theta = 1$, then $\cos^2 \theta + \cos^4 \theta$ is equal to—
 (A) 1 (B) -1
 (C) $1 + \sin^2 \theta$ (D) $1 + \sin^4 \theta$
77. If $\sec \theta = \frac{5}{4}$, then the value of $\frac{\sin \theta - 2 \cos \theta}{\tan \theta - \cot \theta}$ is—
 (A) $\frac{15}{8}$ (B) $\frac{8}{15}$
 (C) $\frac{12}{7}$ (D) $\frac{7}{12}$
78. If $a \cot \theta + b \operatorname{cosec} \theta = x$, $b \cot \theta + a \operatorname{cosec} \theta = y$, then the value of $x^2 - y^2$ is—
 (A) $-(a^2 + b^2)$ (B) $b^2 - a^2$
 (C) $a^2 + b^2$ (D) $a^2 - b^2$
79. Find the height of a chimney, when it is found that, on walking towards it 100 metre in a horizontal line through its base, the angular elevation of its top changes from 30° to 45° —
 (A) $50(\sqrt{3} - 1)$ metre
 (B) $50\sqrt{3}$ metre
 (C) $50(\sqrt{3} + 1)$ metre
 (D) $\frac{50\sqrt{3}}{3}$ metre
80. The angles of a triangle are in ratio 3 : 4 : 5, the measure of those angles respectively in radians (circular measure) will be—
 (A) $\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{12}$ (B) $\frac{3\pi}{10}, \frac{2\pi}{5}, \frac{\pi}{2}$
 (C) $\frac{\pi}{5}, \frac{4\pi}{15}, \frac{\pi}{3}$ (D) $\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{\pi}{2}$
81. $\frac{\tan x}{\sin^3 x \sec x + \sin x \cos x}$ is equal to—
 (A) 1 (B) $\sin x$
 (C) $\cos x$ (D) $\tan x$
82. Locus of the vertex of the triangles, on some side of the fixed base, of constant area will be—
 (A) A circle
 (B) Line perpendicular to base
 (C) Line parallel to base
 (D) None of these
83. Simplifying after factorizing $\frac{2x^2 - x - 6}{x^2 - 6x + 8} \times \frac{x^2 - 5x + 4}{2x^2 + x - 3}$ is equal to—
 (A) $\frac{1}{2}$ (B) 1
 (C) $x - 4$ (D) $\frac{x - 1}{x - 2}$
84. The rate of wheat increased by 25%. How many percent may the use of wheat be reduced so that the expenditure on that item remains the same ?
 (A) 30% (B) 25%
 (C) 20% (D) 15%
85. Ram and Shyam each have a certain number of mangoes. Ram says to Shyam, "If you give me 30 of your mangoes, I will have twice as many as left with you." Shyam replies, "If you give me 10 of your mangoes, I will have thrice as many as left with you." The number of mangoes, which each have, are—
 (A) Ram 34, Shyam 16
 (B) Ram 34, Shyam 62
 (C) Ram 62, Shyam 34
 (D) Ram 16, Shyam 34
86. A man drives to his office from home at 60 km/hour and returns home along the same route at 30 km/hour. His average speed is—
 (A) 40 km/hour
 (B) 45 km/hour
 (C) 50 km/hour
 (D) 55 km/hour
87. A student, who gets 20% marks of the total marks in an examination and fails by 30 marks but another student, who gets 32% marks of the total marks and passes by 42 marks more than the necessary pass marks. So the percentage of marks necessary for passing is—
 (A) 30% (B) 35%
 (C) 33% (D) 25%
88. A fort has provision of food for 150 men for 45 days. After 10 days 25 men left the fort. How long now will the remaining food last at the same rate ?
 (A) 48 days (B) 42 days
 (C) 35 days (D) 55 days
89. If 8 men or 16 women can complete a work in 5 days, then in how many days shall 2 men and 6 women complete the same work ?
 (A) 12 days (B) 15 days
 (C) 8 days (D) 10 days
90. A certain sum given on simple interest became double in 20 years. The time period for becoming it four times shall be—
 (A) 50 years (B) 40 years
 (C) 60 years (D) 80 years
91. ₹ 793 is divided into three parts such that their amounts with 5% per annum rate of simple interest become equal after 2, 3 and 4 years respectively. The ratio between these divided parts will be—
 (A) 10 : 15 : 20
 (B) 110 : 115 : 120
 (C) $\frac{1}{10} : \frac{1}{15} : \frac{1}{20}$
 (D) $\frac{1}{110} : \frac{1}{115} : \frac{1}{120}$

92. The compound interest on a certain sum of money for 2 years is ₹ 164 and simple interest for 3 years is ₹ 240. Value of the sum of money and rate per cent of interest p.a. are—
 (A) ₹ 1,600 sum of money, 10% p.a. rate per cent of interest
 (B) ₹ 1,000 sum of money, 10% p.a. rate per cent of interest
 (C) ₹ 1,600 sum of money, 5% p.a. rate per cent of interest
 (D) ₹ 2,000 sum of money, 5% p.a. rate per cent of interest
93. Two men undertake to do a piece of work for ₹ 240. One of them can do it in 6 days, the other in 8 days. With the assistance of a boy they finish it in 3 days. How should the money be divided in them respectively?
 (A) ₹ 120, ₹ 90, ₹ 30
 (B) ₹ 150, ₹ 60, ₹ 30
 (C) ₹ 144, ₹ 72, ₹ 24
 (D) ₹ 165, ₹ 50, ₹ 25
94. A person swims a distance of 28 km in the direction of the stream in 5 hours and a distance of 13 km in 5 hours against the stream. What is the velocity of the stream?
 (A) 2 km/hour
 (B) 1.5 km/hour
 (C) 2.5 km/hour
 (D) 1.8 km/hour
95. A businessman deceives with wrong balance 10% each time while buying and selling. In this way his gain per cent in business is—
 (A) 20% (B) 11%
 (C) 12% (D) 21%
96. A man sold a watch at a loss of 5%. If he would have sold it for ₹ 27 more, he would have gained 7%. The cost price of the watch is—
 (A) ₹ 500 (B) ₹ 375
 (C) ₹ 325 (D) ₹ 225
97. If H.C.F. of $x^2 + px + q$ and $x^2 + lx + m$ is $(x + a)$, then the value of a is—
 (A) $\frac{p-l}{q-m}$ (B) $\frac{q-m}{p-l}$
 (C) $\frac{l+p}{p-l}$ (D) $\frac{p+l}{q+m}$
98. The H.C.F. and L.C.M. of two algebraic expressions are $(x + 3)$ and $x^3 - 7x + 6$ respectively. If one of the expressions is $x^2 + 2x - 3$, then the other expression is—
 (A) $x^2 + x - 6$
 (B) $x^2 + 3x + 2$
 (C) $x^2 + 5x + 6$
 (D) $2x^2 - x - 6$
99. If $\log 750.0 = 2.8751$ and $\log 3.60 = 0.5563$, the value of $\log \frac{.0075}{.00036}$ is—
 (A) 1.3188 (B) 1.8138
 (C) 3.1188 (D) 3.8138
100. If a right angled triangle ABC $\angle A = 90^\circ$ and AD is perpendicular to side BC, then AD^2 is equal to—
 (A) BD^2 (B) DC^2
 (C) $BD \times DC$ (D) $AB \times AC$
101. If a transversal intersects two parallel straight lines, then the figure formed by joining the bisectors of all the four interior angles will be—
 (A) Rhombus
 (B) Square
 (C) Rectangle
 (D) Trapezium
102. If in a parallelogram PQRS, $PQ = 2QR$ and the bisector of $\angle Q$ meets RS in O, the $\angle POQ$ is equal to—
 (A) 30° (B) 45°
 (C) 60° (D) 90°
103. If two medians of a triangle are equal, then the triangle must be—
 (A) Right-angled but not Isosceles triangle
 (B) Isosceles but not Right angled triangle
 (C) Right-angled Isosceles triangle
 (D) Equilateral triangle
104. If the ratio of the areas of two similar triangles ABC and DEF is 36 : 81 and $EF = 6.9$ cm, then BC is equal to—
 (A) 4 cm (B) 6 cm
 (C) 4.6 cm (D) 6.4 cm
105. If in triangle ABC $\angle C = 90^\circ$, points P and Q divide the sides CA and CB in the ratio 1 : 2, then $AQ^2 + BP^2$ is equal to—
 (A) $\frac{1}{9} AB^2$ (B) $\frac{10}{9} AB^2$
 (C) $\frac{13}{9} AB^2$ (D) $\frac{4}{9} AB^2$
106. If O is the orthocentre of the triangle ABC such that $\angle BOC = 2\angle A$, then $\angle BOC$ is—
 (A) 30° (B) 60°
 (C) 90° (D) 120°
107. The area of a rhombus is 96 sq cm. If one of its diagonals is 12 cm, the length of the diagonal and length of one of its side respectively are—
 (A) 8 cm, $2\sqrt{13}$ cm
 (B) 16 cm, 10 cm
 (C) 12 cm, $6\sqrt{2}$ cm
 (D) 24 cm, $6\sqrt{5}$ cm
108. The length of the greatest rod that can be placed in a room of dimensions 12 metre, 9 metre and 8 metre is—
 (A) 16 metre (B) 17 metre
 (C) 18 metre (D) 29 metre
109. Two cubes each with 10 cm edge are joined end to end. Total surface area of the resulting cuboid is—
 (A) 300 sq cm
 (B) 600 sq cm
 (C) 500 sq cm
 (D) 1,000 sq cm
110. The areas of two vertical adjacent sides (faces) of a rectangular box are 120 sq cm and 72 sq cm and area of its upper surface is 60 sq cm. The volume of the box will be—
 (A) 86,400 cubic cm
 (B) 3,600 cubic cm
 (C) 720 cubic cm
 (D) Cannot be determined
111. Complete the following sentence meaningfully, choosing the right expression (A), (B), (C) or (D):
 We expect our friends to praise us but we resent
 (A) their support
 (B) their criticism

- (C) their help
- (D) their charity

112. Complete the following sentence meaningfully, choosing (A), (B), (C) or (D) :

The financial expert suggested in Reliance shares.

- (A) invest (B) investing
- (C) invested (D) investiture

113. Which expression (A), (B), (C) or (D) fits the blank in the sentence given below ?

People say he often comes to office in a because his wife never gives him breakfast in time.

- (A) good humour
- (B) graceful manner
- (C) cheerful mood
- (D) bad temper

114. Which phrase (A), (B), (C) or (D) best completes the sentence given below ?

It is difficult with someone who is all the time trying to find fault with you.

- (A) to be angry
- (B) to be at ease
- (C) to fight
- (D) to part company

Directions—(Q. 115–119) The passage below is followed by Question No. 115 to 119 based on its content. Answer the questions on the basis of what is stated or implied in the passage. For a very long time the Nomads of North Central Asia had lived as hunters and shepherds. Their roads had been dry river-beds and their land had been the few pastures in the desert where their cattle could graze. Their true home had been the mountains thickly covered with forests. They had crossed snowy mountains with all their sheep, horses and felt-covered tents looking for pastures for their cattle. Sometimes few brave men would collect an army of men carrying bows and arrows. They would dress in leather jackets. These armies came out of the deserts driven by famine or by some other tribe or by the desire of loot. In the towns of Western Europe the coming of Huns, Avars, Bulgars, Turks and Mongols had been accepted as

punishment sent by heaven. These nomads of Central Asia had developed many qualities in their struggle against the climate and the desert. They had developed a skill in organising along with a sharp intelligence. It is also important to note that they were not barbarians. As a Roman Missionary remarked, in many ways the 'Tartars' were less barbaric than Christian knights. These were the people Babar was to lead into India.

115. Which title (A), (B), (C) or (D) best suits the given passage ?

- (A) The Nomads of Asia
- (B) The Huns, Avars and Bulgars
- (C) The Nomads of North Central Asia
- (D) The Tartars and Tribesmen

116. Which word (A), (B), (C) or (D) expresses the meaning of the word 'pasture' ?

- (A) garden (B) mangrove
- (C) marsh (D) grassland

117. Choose the *correct* alternative (A), (B), (C) or (D)—

- (A) The nomads were certainly barbarians
- (B) The nomads were townsmen
- (C) The nomads were far from being barbarians
- (D) The nomads were people leading comfortable lives

118. Which alternative (A), (B), (C) or (D) was the natural abode of the nomads of Central Asia ?

- (A) mountains thickly covered with snow
- (B) mountains thickly covered with trees, bushes etc.
- (C) mountains lacking in flora and fauna
- (D) mountains sparsely covered with vegetation

119. Choose the correct alternative (A), (B), (C) or (D) that best rounds up the sentence given below :

The nomads of Central Asia sometimes came out of the deserts because

- (A) they were afraid of living in the wild expanse

(B) they developed a dislike for the deserts

(C) they very much lacked the ability to get things done

(D) of famine, an enemy tribe or the desire of loot

120. Which is the *correct* meaning (A), (B), (C) or (D) of the word underlined in the following sentence ?

A German entrepreneur is currently visiting India.

- (A) One who buys and sells shares in a business for others
- (B) One who buys and sells goods for his company
- (C) One who starts or organises a commercial enterprise
- (D) A diplomat sent from one country to another

121. Which definition (A), (B), (C) or (D) of the word *wildlife* is correct ?

- (A) People living in the forest
- (B) Aboriginals
- (C) Domestic animals
- (D) Animals and birds normally living in their natural habitat

122. Which expression (A), (B), (C) or (D) is in the passive voice ?

- (A) is leaving
- (B) were absent
- (C) has been stolen
- (D) would be late

123. Which is the most suitable subordinate conjunction (A), (B), (C) or (D) in the sentence below ?

We managed to get there in time we started late.

- (A) if (B) since
- (C) because (D) though

124. Which sentence (A), (B), (C) or (D) is not in direct speech ?

- (A) He said, "I am very lonely."
- (B) "I cannot do this now," said Hari.
- (C) He said that he was busy.
- (D) "Do forgive me," said he to his friend.

125. Which preposition (A), (B), (C) or (D) is appropriate in the sentence below ?

He has invested a lot of money government securities.

- (A) on (B) upon
- (C) in (D) into

126. Which sentence (A), (B), (C) or (D) is an example of complex sentence ?
 (A) That you should believe him is surprising
 (B) He was too tried to wait any longer
 (C) The author of 'Gitanjali' was a great writer
 (D) I did not think it fit to reply to his letter
127. Which word (A), (B), (C) or (D) is *not* a synonym of the word *affliction* ?
 (A) distress (B) disease
 (C) grief (D) gaiety
128. Which pronoun (A), (B), (C) or (D) is in the possessive case ?
 (A) me (B) I
 (C) my (D) mine
129. Which sentence (A), (B), (C) or (D) is free from error ?
 (A) Have you lain the papers on the table ?
 (B) Have you lay the papers on the table ?
 (C) Have you laid the papers on the table
 (D) None of the above
130. Which word (A), (B), (C) or (D) completes the saying below ?
 A stitch in time saves
 (A) hundred (B) thirty
 (C) nine (D) fifteen
131. निम्नलिखित में से कौनसा शब्द 'धरती' का पर्यायवाची नहीं है ?
 (A) धरा (B) पृथ्वी
 (C) मही (D) महीप
132. निम्नलिखित में से कौनसा मुहावरा नहीं है ?
 (A) अक्ल का दुश्मन
 (B) खग जाने खग की भाषा
 (C) ईद का चाँद होना
 (D) कमर कसना
133. 'अगम' शब्द का सही विलोम शब्द है—
 (A) दुर्गम (B) सुगम
 (C) गम (D) निर्गम
134. 'प्रारूप' का अर्थ कौनसा नहीं है ?
 (A) अनुस्मारक (B) रूपरेखा
 (C) मसौदा (D) आलेखन
135. अपठित गद्यांश का सार लेखन कितने शब्दों में किया जाता है ?
 (A) दो-तिहाई शब्दों में
 (B) एक-तिहाई शब्दों में
 (C) एक-चौथाई शब्दों में
 (D) दो-चौथाई शब्दों में
- निर्देश—(प्र. 136-139) निम्नांकित अपठित गद्यांश के आधार पर प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए—
 उत्तम साहित्य फैलाने की चीज नहीं होता, फेंकने की चीज भी नहीं होता. वह रक्त के बिन्दु पर उतारने की चीज होता है. नदियाँ अपना विज्ञापन छपवाए बिना प्यासों को अपनी ओर खींचती हैं और उनकी प्यास बुझाती हैं. प्यासा यह नहीं देखता कि नदी टेढ़ी-आड़ी है या ऊँची-नीची. वह केवल उनका स्वाद ही देखता है. इसी तरह हमें भी देखना चाहिए कि कहीं कविता का स्वाद तो नहीं बिगड़ गया है. फिर उसका छंद या व्याकरण कैसा भी हो. स्वादपूर्ण कविता तो बरबस लोगों को अपनी ओर आकर्षित करेगी ही. जिस तरह सूर्य बिना तेल भरे, किराया लिए और बिना सुविधा-असुविधा का ख्याल किए सब लोगों में प्रकाश बाँटता है, उसी तरह उत्तम साहित्य अपना प्रचार अपने आप कर जाता है. यथार्थ में तो प्रचार भाषा का होता है, साहित्य को सजग आँखें ढूँढ़ लिया करती हैं.
136. उत्तम साहित्य किस पर उतारने की चीज है ?
 (A) कागज पर
 (B) रक्त के बिन्दु पर
 (C) मस्तिष्क पर
 (D) भोजपत्र पर
137. कविता में क्या चीज देखनी चाहिए ?
 (A) अलंकार (B) छंद
 (C) व्याकरण (D) स्वाद
138. साहित्य की तुलना किससे की गई है ?
 (A) सूर्य (B) चाँद
 (C) सितारे (D) बिजली
139. साहित्य को कौन ढूँढ़ लेता है ?
 (A) प्रकाशक
 (B) समीक्षक
 (C) सजग आँखें
 (D) विक्रेता
140. निम्नलिखित में से कौनसा शब्द जाति-वाचक संज्ञा नहीं है ?
 (A) पाठशाला (B) एकता
 (C) घर (D) गाय
141. निम्नलिखित में विशेषणयुक्त शब्द है—
 (A) आस-पास
 (B) हिसाब-किताब
 (C) आमने-सामने
 (D) काला घोड़ा
142. 'अत्यन्त' शब्द का सही संधि-विग्रह है—
 (A) अत् + यन्त
 (B) अति + यन्त
 (C) अति + अन्त
 (D) अत् + अन्त
143. 'पंचवटी' शब्द के लिए दिए गए विकल्प में से उपयुक्त समास कौनसा है ?
 (A) द्विगु समास
 (B) तत्पुरुष समास
 (C) बहुव्रीहि समास
 (D) कर्मधारय समास
144. 'कारक' कितने प्रकार के होते हैं ?
 (A) 2 (B) 4
 (C) 6 (D) 8
145. रचना की दृष्टि से वाक्य कितने प्रकार के होते हैं ?
 (A) 1 (B) 2
 (C) 3 (D) 4
146. निम्नलिखित वाक्यों में कौनसा वाक्य शुद्ध है ?
 (A) आपकी शंका का परिहार हुआ कि नहीं
 (B) आपकी शंका का निदान हुआ कि नहीं
 (C) आपकी शंका का समाधान हुआ कि नहीं
 (D) आपकी शंका निर्मूल हुई कि नहीं
147. निम्नलिखित में से कौनसा शब्द सही है ?
 (A) सन्यास (B) सनियास
 (C) संन्यास (D) संयास
148. निम्नलिखित में से कौनसा शब्द 'तत्सम' शब्द नहीं है ?
 (A) अग्नि (B) अश्रु
 (C) कुआँ (D) कंटक
149. निम्नलिखित में से कौनसा शब्द तद्भव शब्द नहीं है ?
 (A) आग (B) चौदह
 (C) बैन (D) मयूर
150. निम्नलिखित पारिभाषिक शब्दों में से कौनसा शब्द प्रशासनिक शब्द नहीं है ?
 (A) तदर्थ (B) निवेश
 (C) निदेशक (D) कुलपति